INFORMATION TO OFFERORS OR QUOTERS SECTION A - COVER SHEET

Form Approved OMB No. 9000-0002 Expires Oct 31, 2004

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PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR FORM TO THE ABOVE ADDRESS. RETURN COMPLETED FORM TO THE ADDRESS IN BLOCK 4 BELOW.

1. SOLICITATION NUMBER

2. (X one)

a. INVITATION FOR BID (IFB)

b. REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL (RFP)

c. REQUEST FOR QUOTATION (RFQ) INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE: The provision entitled "Required Central Contractor Registration" applies to most solicitations.

- 1. If you are not submitting a response, complete the information in Blocks 9 through 11 and return to the issuing office in Block 4 unless a different return address is indicated in Block 7.
- 2. Offerors or quoters must include full, accurate, and complete information in their responses as required by this solicitation (including attachments). "Fill-ins" are provided on Standard Form 18, Standard Form 33, and other solicitation documents. Examine the entire solicitation carefully. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in 18 U.S.C. 1001.
- 3. Offerors or quoters must plainly mark their responses with the Solicitation Number and the date and local time for bid opening or receipt of proposals that is in the solicitation document.

5. ITEMS TO BE PURCHASED (Brief description)

4. Information regarding the timeliness of response is addressed in the provision of this solicitation entitled either "Late Submissions, Modifications, and Withdrawals of Bids" or "Instructions to Offerors - Competitive Acquisition".

including ZIP Code)	
6. PROCUREMENT INFORMATION (X and complete as applications)	rahlel
a. THIS PROCUREMENT IS UNRESTRICTED	
b. THIS PROCUREMENT IS % SET-ASIDE FOR	R SMALL BUSINESS. THE APPLICABLE NAICS CODE IS:
c. THIS PROCUREMENT IS % SET-ASIDE FOR	R HUB ZONE CONCERNS. THE APPLICABLE NAICS CODE IS:
d. THIS PROCUREMENT IS RESTRICTED TO FIRMS ELIGIBLE U	UNDER SECTION 8(a) OF THE SMALL BUSINESS ACT.
7. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	
8. POINT OF CONTACT FOR INFORMATION	
a. NAME (Last, First, Middle Initial)	b. ADDRESS (Include Zip Code)
c. TELEPHONE NUMBER (Include Area Code and Extension) d. E-MAIL ADDRESS	
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9. REASONS FOR NO RESPONSE (X all that apply) a. CANNOT COMPLY WITH SPECIFICATIONS	4 DO NOT BECHI ADLY MANUFACTURE OR CELL THE TYPE OF ITEMS INVOLVED
b. UNABLE TO IDENTIFY THE ITEM(S)	d. DO NOT REGULARLY MANUFACTURE OR SELL THE TYPE OF ITEMS INVOLVED
c. CANNOT MEET DELIVERY REQUIREMENT	e. OTHER (Specify)
10. MAILING LIST INFORMATION (X one)	
	ON THE MAILING LIST FOR FUTURE PROCUREMENT OF THE TYPE INVOLVED.
	ADDRESS (Include Zip Code)
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c. ACTION OFFICER	
(1) TYPED OR PRINTED NAME (Last, First, Middle Initial)	(2) TITLE
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(3) SIGNATURE	(4) DATE SIGNED (YYYYMMDD)

ISSUING OFFICE (Complete mailing address,

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SOLICITATION NUMBER	
DATE (YYYYMMDD)	LOCAL TIME

- A. Your offer must be received not later than 3:00 p.m. Eastern Standard Time on March 28, 2003. Facsimile proposals are authorized (see Clause L2.11-2). Note: All facsimile proposals must be faxed to the following number 703-767-8506. Signed copies of the Submission Package must be received at DESC within ten (10) days after the solicitation closing date. Do not return the entire solicitation package. Simply complete and return the original and one (1) copy of the submission package, technical data, and past performance as described in Clause L201.02. Technical data must include historical data on tank cleaning and inspection in accordance with Clause E18. Your price must be inserted in Clause B34.01 in the Offeror Submission Package. The Line Item 1001 price must include any G&A and profit associated with all line items. Price per barrel per year must be included for all line items. Proposal prices that are unrealistically high or low may be considered an indication of a lack of understanding of the solicitation requirements.
- B. Unnecessarily elaborate brochures or other presentations beyond those sufficient to present a complete and effective response to this solicitation are not desired and may be construed as an indication of the offeror's lack of cost consciousness. Elaborate artwork, expensive paper and bindings, and expensive visual and other presentations are neither necessary nor wanted.
- C. Unless you specifically state otherwise, your offer is assumed to accept all terms and conditions of this solicitation. Any exceptions to any part of this solicitation must be specifically identified in a cover letter to your proposal (*see Clause M72*).
- D. The Government intends to evaluate proposals and award a contract after written or oral discussions with all responsible offerors that submit proposals within the competitive range (see Clause L2.05-8). The source selection decision will be based on a combination of operational capability, past performance, price and subcontracting procedures/intentions (see Clause M2.13).
- E. Care should be taken to mail correspondence relating to this solicitation or resulting contract to the appropriate office as indicated in the applicable clauses.
- F. **Notice**: Any contract awarded to a Contractor who, at the time of award was suspended, debarred, ineligible for receipt of contract with Government Agencies or in receipt of a notice of proposed debarment from any Government Agency, is voidable at the option of the Government.
- G. All questions must be addressed in writing to the attention of Beverly Williams via email at beverly, j. williams@dla.mil or fax at 703-767-9338.

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han	9. Sealed offers in original and 1 copies for furnishing the supplies or services in the Schedule will be received at the place specified in Item 8, or if handcarried, in the depository located in DESC-CPC, Room 3815 CAUTION - LATE Submissions, Modifications, and Withdrawals: See Section L, Provision No. 52.214-7 or 52.215-1. All offers are subject to all terms and conditions contained in this solicitation.																	
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#### SECTION B - SUPPLIES/SERVICES AND PRICES/COST

#### B34.01 SERVICES TO BE FURNISHED AND PRICES (DESC FEB 1991)

The services to be furnished during the period specified herein and the unit prices are as follows:

The following terms and conditions cited in the Performance Work Statement (PWS) (*Attachment 1*) are applicable to obtain the necessary petroleum services to support Defense Energy Support Centers (DESC) storage and distribution requirement for government-owned petroleum product (Turbine Fuel Aviation Grade JP8) in the Mediterranean Sea area. The Mediterranean Sea area (excluding the Adriatic Sea) is defined as an area expanding from the West Coast of Italy, South to North Africa, East to Cairo, Egypt and North to (including Athens, Greece) Istanbul, Turkey.

<u>LINE ITEM 1001 (MUCC)</u>: The prices for the services and facilities to be provided during the performance of the five-year multi-year period (1 JAN 2004 through 31 DEC 2009) includes the following:

USE CHARGE PER
TANK PER MONTH
(PRORATED FOR PART
MONTHS)(INCLUDES
INITIAL FILL & FINAL
SHIPMENT

TANK NUMBER
TANK TYPE/PRODUCT SHELL CAPACITY
TO BE STORED (BARRELS)

FILL CAPACITY (BARRELS)

# **SUBLINE ITEM 1002: Purchase of Conductivity Additive**

The Government will normally purchase and provide the Conductivity Additive. In those cases where the Contractor is required to purchase the additive, the Government will reimburse the contractor for direct costs incurred in acquiring such additive (See Clause F45.01).

### SUBLINE ITEM 1003: Purchase of Anti-Icing Additive

The Government will normally purchase and provide the Anti-Icing Additive. In those cases where the Contractor is required to purchase the additive, the Government will reimburse the contractor for direct costs incurred in acquiring such additive (See Clause F45.03).

#### **SUBLINE ITEM 1003: Purchase of Corrosion Inhibitor Additive**

The Government will normally purchase and provide the Corrosion Inhibitor Additive. In those cases where the Contractor is required to purchase the additive, the Government will reimburse the contractor for direct costs incurred in acquiring such additive (See Clause F45.04).

(DESC 52.207-9F85)

# SECTION C – DESCRIPTION/SPECIFICATIONS/WORK STATEMENT

**Defense Fuel Support Point – Performance Work Statement** 

**See Attachment 1** 

### C19.01 SECURITY AND FIRE PROTECTION (DESC AUG 1988)

- (a) The entire facility shall be enclosed by a fence suitable to deter unauthorized access. The fence shall be fitted with gates that may be padlocked when not in use.
  - (b) A method of visitor and entrance control will be in effect. A visitor register shall be maintained.
- (c) An internal, self-powered communication system linking all critical points of the facility, capable of serving both as an alarm system and for conduct of terminal operation, will be in use.

- (d) A water supply and fire fighting equipment conforming to National Fire Protection Association and American Petroleum Institute standards will be maintained. At locations outside the United States, other standards may be used with prior approval of the Contracting Officer.
- (e) In the event of an emergency at a CONUS COCO terminal, the Contractor shall seek the assistance of the following as appropriate: local ambulance service; local fire department; local, county, and State police; regional office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation; Secret Service; U.S. Marshal's Service; and the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

  (DESC 52.211-9FL1)

#### C19.04 REMOVAL OF WATER BOTTOMS (DESC FEB 1998)

Storage tanks for DESC use shall be equipped with positive water sumps for removal of all water bottoms. All storage tanks shall be drained of water a minimum of once each week and whenever storage tank gauging indicates water is present. (Weekly water drainage is necessary because the datum plate may not necessarily be the low point in the storage tank. Water could possibly accumulate below the datum plate and not show up in the gauging process.) Additionally, all storage tanks shall be drained of water prior to any transfer of fuel and after a minimum of 4 hours or maximum of 24 hours settling time following each product receipt. Storage tanks equipped with floating roofs shall be gauged for water after each rain and drained if water is found present. Product and water levels shall be gauged before and after the draining of water. Water gauges of each storage tank shall be taken and recorded each time it is gauged for product. (Each storage tank shall be equipped with a fuel/water separation system for collection of all product or water dispensed from its bottom water drain(s). This system shall have the capability to return separated product back into the same storage tank.)

(DESC 52.211-9FM1)

#### C19.07 SAMPLING AND TESTING OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS (STORAGE) (DESC OCT 2001)

(The full text of this clause is included in the Offeror Submission Package at Attachment 2)

### **SECTION E - INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE**

# E1.01 CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY FOR GOVERNMENT INSPECTION OF SERVICES (DESC AUG 1981)

If any inspection or test is made by the Government on the premises of the Contractor or subcontractor, the Contractor without additional charge shall provide all reasonable facilities and assistance for the safety and convenience of the Government inspectors in the performance of their duties. (DESC 52.246-9FE5)

### E1.11 QUALITY CONTROL PLAN (DESC MAR 2000)

- (a) Upon award, the Contractor shall prepare, in triplicate and in English, a Quality Control Plan (QCP). Prior to the first receipt of Government-owned product into the facility, two copies of the QCP shall be forwarded to the Contracting Officer and one copy to the assigned Quality Assurance Representative for approval.
  - (b) The QCP shall include the following quality control procedures employed by the Contractor.
    - (1) Receiving (both product and additives);
    - (2) Blending;
    - (3) Sampling;
    - (4) Testing;
    - (5) Storage and handling;
    - (6) Loading and shipping;
    - (7) Calibration program for testing and measuring equipment in accordance with ISO 10012-1,

"Quality Assurance Requirements for Measuring Equipment, Part I." Equivalent local regulation, as appropriate, may be used as well. Whichever program used must include a section addressing meter proving (used to determine quantity) and must comply with the American Petroleum Institute Manual of Petroleum Measurement Standards, Chapters 4, 5, and 6, or equivalent foreign standard. For any item that requires calibration but is not covered by ASTM, API, or IP publications, the applicable manufacturer's recommended calibration method(s) outlined in the applicable industry publication shall be used if acceptable to the Government;

- (8) Quantity measurement;
- (9) Records and reports; and

- (10) Corrective action procedures (to include, but not be limited to, procedures for notification of Quality Representative, actions to be taken on discovery of off-spec product during receipts/shipments, upgrading procedures for Contractor-caused contamination, leaks, etc.). The QCP shall also include an organizational chart of key personnel and their responsibilities and a schematic diagram of the facility with key inspection/activity points marked for each product handled.
- (c) The QCP shall require that each Contractor employee be familiar with its content and shall state that it must be reviewed semiannually and revised as needed. Revision should occur when any change is made to the inspection system, when any corrective action needs to be incorporated due to quality problems, and as otherwise necessary. The Contractor shall sign and date each revision of the QCP. (DESC 52.246-9F32)

### E5.03 INSPECTION OF SERVICES - FIXED-PRICE (AUG 1996)

- (a) **DEFINITION. Services**, as used in this clause, includes services performed, workmanship, and material furnished or utilized in the performance of services.
- (b) The Contractor shall provide and maintain an inspection system acceptable to the Government covering the services under this contract. Complete records of all inspection work performed by the Contractor shall be maintained and made available to the Government during contract performance and for as long afterwards as the contract requires.
- (c) The Government has the right to inspect and test all services called for by the contract, to the extent practicable, at all times and places during the term of the contract. The Government shall perform inspections and tests in a manner that will not unduly delay the work.
- (d) If the Government performs inspections or tests on the premises of the Contractor or a subcontractor, the Contractor shall furnish, and shall require subcontractors to furnish, at no increase in contract price, all reasonable facilities and assistance for the safe and convenient performance of these duties.
- (e) If any of the services do not conform with contract requirements, the Government may require the Contractor to perform the services again in conformity with contract requirements, at no increase in contract amount. When the defects in services cannot be corrected by reperformance, the Government may (1) require the Contractor to take necessary action to ensure that future performance conforms to contract requirements and (2) reduce the contract price to reflect the reduced value of the services performed.
- (f) If the Contractor fails to promptly perform the services again or to take the necessary action to ensure future performance in conformity with contract requirements, the Government may (1) by contract or otherwise, perform the services and charge to the Contractor any cost incurred by the Government that is directly related to the performance of such service or (2) terminate the contract for default. (FAR 52.246-4)

# E18 INSPECTION AND CLEANING OF BULK PETROLEUM STORAGE TANKS (DESC NOV 1999)

- (a) The Contractor shall maintain and make available upon request the following historical data relative to each storage tank provided:
  - (1) Date and type of construction;
  - (2) Name of installing contractor;
  - (3) Product service (past and present) and dates;
  - (4) Date of last cleaning/physical entry inspection and contractor's name;
  - (5) Structural condition based on cycle inspection at the time of cleaning or repair;
  - (6) Record or tank repairs;
  - (7) Tank dimensions and capacity;
  - (8) Inspection and tank cleaning frequency;
  - (9) Tank coating history;
  - (10) Tank strapping charts;
  - (11) As built drawings (if available); and
  - (12) Records of product tests and trends.
- (b) At the Contractor's expense, the Contractor shall empty, inspect, and clean each bulk petroleum storage tank and dispose of all tank bottom waste for each tank furnished under this contract at the following intervals:

#### (1) AVIATION FUEL STORAGE TANKS.

(i) Every 4 years for uncoated storage tanks without an inlet-filter separator;

- (ii) Every 6 years for either a coated tank without an inlet filter separator, or for an uncoated tank with an inlet-filter separator; and
  - (iii) Every 8 years for coated tanks with an inlet-filter separator.
- (iv) For storage tanks with direct receipt of fuel from barge or tanker, the frequency for physical entry inspection and cleaning will be 3, 5, and 8 years for (i), (ii), and (iii) above, respectively.
- (v) Tanks will be emptied, cleaned, and inspected more frequently than the periods stated in (i) through (iv) above when sample analysis indicates a build up of sediment in the tanks.
- (2) **GROUND AND MARINE FUEL STORAGE TANKS.** Tanks will be emptied, cleaned, and inspected when sample analysis indicates a build up of sediment in the storage tanks.
- (c) The time for cleaning will be measured from the date of the last cleaning regardless of whether the tank was under contract with DESC at the time of the last cleaning.
- (d) MIL-STD-457B, dated March 20, 1989, is hereby incorporated by reference. Samples will be taken and tested at Government expense. If tank cleaning is required earlier than the criteria listed in (b)(1) above and the Government is shown to be at fault, then the Government will be responsible for cleaning, sampling, and testing costs. In all other cases, tanks requiring cleaning will be removed from revenue and cleaned at the Contractor's expense.

  (DESC 52.246-9FF1)

# E22.03 LIST OF INSPECTION OFFICES FOR PETROLEUM STORAGE AND LABORATORY SERVICES CONTRACTS (DESC MAY 2002)

This list of inspectors shall be used to identify, by location, the Government inspector (Quality Surveillance Representative) assigned inspection responsibilities under DESC storage and laboratory services contracts. The area of inspection responsibility and identifying office are assigned below. Inspection offices are indicated in numbered footnotes at the end of each paragraph.

# (a) AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY WITHIN CONUS, CENTRAL AMERICA AND SOUTH AMERICA:

<u>AREA</u>	<b>FOOTNOTE</b>	<u>AREA</u>	
<u>FOOTNOTE</u>			
Alabama	1	Nebraska	1
Arizona	2	Nevada	2
Arkansas	1	New Hampshire	1
California	2	New Jersey	1
Caribbean Islands	1	New Mexico	2
Central America	1	New York	1
Colorado	2	North Carolina	1
Connecticut	1	North Dakota	1
Delaware	1	Ohio	1
District of Columbia	1	Oklahoma	1
Florida	1	Oregon	2
Georgia	1	Pennsylvania	1
Idaho	2	Puerto Rico	1
Illinois	1	Rhode Island	1
Indiana	1	South America	1
Iowa	1	South Carolina	1
Kansas	1	South Dakota	1
Kentucky	1	Tennessee	1
Louisiana	1	Texas	1
Maine	1	Utah	2
Maryland	1	Vermont	1
Massachusetts	1	Virginia	1
Mexico	1	Washington	2
Michigan	1	West Virginia	1
Minnesota	1	Wisconsin	1

Mississippi	1	Wyoming	2
Missouri	1		
Montana	2		

## **FOOTNOTES**:

DESC Americas - East
 Federal Building, Room 1005
 2320 LaBranch Street
 Houston, TX 77004-1091
 DESC Americas - West
 3171 N. Gaffey Street
 San Pedro, CA 90731-1099

 Phone:
 DSN 940-1152, ext. 401
 Phone:
 DSN 929-6960

 COM
 (713) 718-3883, ext. 401
 COM
 (310) 900-6960

 FAX
 (713) 718-3891
 FAX
 (310) 900-6973

# (b) OVERSEAS AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY (INCLUDING ALASKA AND HAWAII):

<u>AREA</u>	<u>FOOTNOTE</u>	<u>AREA</u>	
<u>FOOTNOTE</u>			
Antarctica	3	Maldives	3
Afghanistan	2	Malta	1
Africa (except countries		Mauritius	3
assigned to DESC Middle Ea	ast) 1	Midway Island	3
Alaska	3	New Zealand	3
Armenia	1	Oman	2
Asia (Continental)	3	Pakistan	2
Australia	3	Papua New Guinea	3
Azerbaijan	1	Philippines	3
Azores	1	Qatar	2
Bahrain	2	Russia	1
Brunei	3	Saudi Arabia	2
Comoros	3	Seychelles	2
Cyprus	1	Somalia	2
Djibouti	2	South Pacific Islands	3
Egypt	2	Sri Lanka	3
Eritrea	2	Sudan	2
Ethiopia	2	Syria	1
Europe (Continental)	1	Taiwan	3
Georgia	1	Tajikistan	2
Greenland	1	Turkey	1
Hawaii	3	Turkmenistan	2
Iceland	1	United Arab Emirates	2
Indonesia	3	United Kingdom	1
Ireland	1	Uzbekistan	2
Israel	1	Wake Island	3
Japan	3	Yemen	2
Johnston Atoll	3		
Jordan	2		
Kazakhstan	2		
Kenya	2		
Kuwait	2		
Kyrgyzstan	2		

Lebanon	1
Madagascar	3
Malaysia	3

## **FOOTNOTES**:

DESC Europe (DESC-EU)
 CMR 443, Box 5000
 APO AE 09096-5000

Location: Weisbaden, Germany DSN (314) 338-7710

COM 49-611-380-7710 FAX 49-611-380-7406

3. DESC Pacific (DESC-PAC))

Box 64110

Camp H M Smith, HI 96861-4110

Phone: DSN (315) 477-1173 COM (808) 477-1173 FAX (808) 477-5710 2. DESC Middle East (DESC-ME) PSC 451, Box DESC-ME FPO AE 09834-2800

Location: Juffair, NSA, Bahrain

DSN (318) 439-4650 COM 973-724-650 FAX 973-724-670

(DESC 52.246-9F45)

### E28 CONTRACTOR INSPECTION RESPONSIBILITIES (STORAGE) (DESC OCT 2002)

- (a) Inspection and tests by the Government of services, facilities, and equipment specified within this contract does not relieve the Contractor from responsibility to meet all requirements of the contract.
- (b) The Contractor shall furnish personnel, facilities, and equipment on-site to accomplish the following routine tests and procedures. These on-site resources may be provided by Contractor personnel or by a commercial source action on behalf of the Contractor. The Quality Representative will not be responsible for performing any of these services for the Contractor.
- (1) Sampling of storage tanks, shipments and receipts in accordance with ASTM D 4057, Standard Practice for Manual Sampling of Petroleum and Petroleum Products (API Manual of Petroleum Measurement Standards (MPMS), Chapter 8.1);
  - (2) Retaining of product composite samples from shipments and receipts as follows:

METHOD OF SHIPMENT	MINIMUM QUANTITY	MINIMUM RETENTION PERIOD
Pipeline	20 liters	60 days
Tanker/Barge		
Parcel Composite	20 liters	90 days
Each compartment	0.5 liters	90 days
Navy Fleet Oilers/Vessels	10 liters	60 days
Tank Truck/Car	1 liter	15 days

NOTE: After the minimum retention period, samples shall be tested for Appearance, Color (Visual), API Gravity/Density and Flash Point and, if found to be on-specification, shall be returned to like Government stock on-site. Sample containers may be reused if properly cleaned.

- (3) Determining the presence of water in storage tanks, shipments and receipts. Ensure that accurate water cuts are obtained by means of a water indicating paste conforming to MIL-W-83779B. Two suggested sources are Stewart Hall Chemical Testmaster Water Indicating Paste or Sartomer Sar Gel Water Indicating Paste (see Note 2 below);
- (4) Determining Density at 15 degrees Celsius or API gravity of products by ASTM D 1298 or ASTM D 4052 (see Note 2 below);
  - (5) Determining the temperature of products by the API MPMS, Chapter 7 (see Note 2 below);
- (6) Determining the Appearance of applicable products using ASTM D 4176, Procedure 1 (see Note 2 below);
  - (7) Determining the visual color of products.
- (8) Determining the Flash Point of applicable products using test methods cited in the appropriate product specification (see Note 2 below);
  - (9) Conversion of gross to net gallonage (liters);
- (10) Determining the percentage (volume) of fuel system icing inhibitor (FSII) by means of a portable refractometer in accordance with ASTM D 5006. One suggested source is H.B. Industries, Inc., Glenview, IL 60025 (B/2 Anti-Icing Additive test kit) (see Note 2 below); and
- (11) Determining the range of fuel electrical conductivity using ASTM D 2624. One suggested source for a conductivity meter is Emcee Electronics, Inc., Sarasota, FL 33581 (Model 1152) (see Note 2 below).

Note 1: All costs for providing the above tests and procedures shall be included in the monthly service charge. The only exception to the Contractor's obligation to provide these services as part of the monthly service charge is when the tests described above are part of the higher order analysis (defined as the following categories: Composite Samples, Storage Tanks After Receipt, Interface Mixtures, Dormant Stocks and Individual Tests (including particulate contamination) found in the attachment to the solicitations entitled MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR STORAGE SAMPLING AND TESTING. Provisions for providing higher order analyses are covered in the SAMPLING AND TESTING OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS (STORAGE) clause.

Note 2: Upon request, the Contractor shall permit the Quality Representative unrestricted use of the equipment and ancillary supplies needed to perform this test/procedure on behalf of the Government.

(c) During the contract, the Contractor shall furnish representative samples of the product in each storage tank, shipment or receipt at the request of, and in the manner and to the place designated by, the Quality Representative. Sample size will be 2 gallons for gasoline-type fuels and one gallon or 10 gallons for jet diesel-type fuels. The number of samples to be furnished during any 12-month period shall not exceed eight times the number of tanks specified in the contract. Such samples shall be packed, marked, and shipped by the Contractor, shipping expense prepaid, in containers and shipping boxes furnished by the Contractor. Sample containers shall be epoxy coated on the interior. This requirement is in addition to sampling required elsewhere in this clause and the contract. All reasonable direct shipping costs associated with samples required by this paragraph shall be reimbursed upon request from the Contractor and such costs shall not be included in the monthly service charge. However, all other costs related to this requirement shall be included as part of the monthly service charge. (DESC 52.246-9FE1)

### E34 TEST FOR SULFIDES IN WATER (DESC MAY 1987)

- (a) **SCOPE.** This method describes a procedure for determining the presence of hydrogen sulfide, which is sometimes formed as a result of bacterial action on the sulfates contained in water bottoms in fuel storage tanks.
  - (b) APPARATUS. 250 ml conical flask.
  - (c) MATERIALS.
    - (1) Dilute (10%) chemically pure sulfuric or hydrochloric acid.
    - (2) Lead acetate paper.
- (d) **SAMPLES.** Representative water samples from storage tank bottoms must be taken in a glass bottle. In some cases it will be necessary to take the water sample in a Bacon bomb sampler. Samples so taken will always be transferred to a glass bottle. To preclude oxidation by air, the filled bottle must be capped immediately. The sample should be tested as soon as possible after sampling to minimize possible changes in the composition of materials in the water.
  - (e) PROCEDURE.

- (1) The sample must be shaken thoroughly just prior to performing the test to make certain that any sediment present is included in the portion of the sample to be tested.
- (2) Transfer 100 ml of the shaken sample into a conical flask. Add 20 ml of dilute (10%) chemically pure sulfuric or hydrochloric acid to the flask. Immediately place a piece of lead acetate paper folded in a "V" shape in the neck of the flask. Bring the water to a boil and continue to gently boil for three or four minutes.
- (f) **REPORT.** The presence of sulfides in the sample will be reported if the lead acetate paper shows a black or brown discoloration. (DESC 52.246-9FN5)

#### E36 INSPECTION (STORAGE) (DESC FEB 1970)

The facilities to be provided hereunder shall be ready for inspection and acceptance 15 days prior to contract performance date. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer of the date such tanks and facilities are available for inspection and acceptance, and the Contracting Officer, or his designated representative, shall promptly thereafter inspect such tanks and facilities. No payment will be made for services performed or facilities provided prior to the 1 January 2004. (DESC 52.246-9FD5)

### E50 RESPONSIBILITY FOR SUPPLIES (APR 1984)

- (a) Title to supplies furnished under this contract shall pass to the Government upon formal acceptance, regardless of when or where the Government takes physical possession, unless the contract specifically provides for earlier passage of title.
- (b) Unless the contract specifically provides otherwise, risk of loss of or damage to supplies shall remain with the Contractor until, and shall pass to the Government upon--
  - (1) Delivery of the supplies to a carrier, if transportation is f.o.b. origin; or
- (2) Acceptance by the Government or delivery of the supplies to the Government at the destination specified in the contract, whichever is later, if transportation is f.o.b. destination.
- (c) Paragraph (b) above shall not apply to supplies that so fail to conform to contract requirements as to give a right of rejection. The risk of loss of or damage to such nonconforming supplies remains with the Contractor until cure or acceptance. After cure or acceptance, paragraph (b) above shall apply.
- (d) Under paragraph (b) above, the Contractor shall not be liable for loss of or damage to supplies caused by the negligence of officers, agents, or employees of the Government acting within the scope of their employment. (FAR 52.246-16)

### SECTION F – DELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE

#### F1.04 GENERAL RECEIVING AND STORING CONDITIONS (DESC OCT 1997)

- (a) Notice will be furnished to the Contractor of upcoming product receipts. The notice will include the method of receipt, the source, grade, or type of product, and any special instructions.
- (b) The Contractor shall transfer and store each grade of product in a manner that preserves the quality of the product and will prevent contamination. The responsibility for preventing contamination rests with the Contractor.
- (c) When requested, the Contractor will transfer product between tanks to consolidate like types or grades.
- (d) Whenever a product is to be removed from a tank to accomplish cleaning or repair of the tank, or to change product, or to effect the release of the tank to the Contractor, the Contractor shall strip such tank to preclude loss of recoverable fuel. The Contractor shall provide the Quality Assurance Representative (QAR) with information pertaining to the amount of fuel deemed unrecoverable, the reason why the fuel cannot be recovered, and an analysis of the unrecovered fuel quality. All unrecoverable tank bottoms/line fill quantities will be reported to the Property Administrator for disposition instructions. Contaminated/off-specification product will be reported to the QAR in order to obtain disposition instructions. Tanks out of service for repair shall be removed from revenue until such time as they are returned to Government Service. Tanks out of service for cleaning shall be governed by the INSPECTION AND CLEANING OF BULK PETROLEUM STORAGE TANKS clause.
- (e) Custody of product received by pipeline, and risk of loss thereof, shall pass from the carrier to the Contractor when the product passes the flange connecting the carrier's pipeline and the Contractor's pipeline.

- (f) Custody of product received by transport truck, and risk of loss thereof, shall pass from the carrier to the Contractor when the product passes from the transport truck discharge hoses into the Contractor's receiving facilities.
- (g) Custody of product received by tank car, and risk of loss thereof, shall pass from the carrier to the Contractor when the tank car comes to rest on the Contractor's siding.
- (h) Custody of product received from tanker or barge, and risk of loss thereof, shall pass from the carrier to the Contractor when the fuel passes the vessel's permanent hose connection.
- (i) The Contractor shall be held accountable for demurrage charges arising from delay(s) in receipt by tank cars or transport trucks, except when the delay(s) are caused by reason beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor and its subcontractors.
- (j) The Contractor will prepare and process the following certificate on bond paper when it is necessary to upgrade or downgrade a product:

	I certify that	gallons of		have been
upgraded/down	graded			
	(quar	ntity)	(product)	
	from	to		This action was required because
	(product)	(I	product)	
		(enter	reason for the ac	tion)
			G:	A man C.C. material and D. man and Addition
			Signa	ture of Contractor Representative
	[ ] I concur with the	e Contractor's certifi	cation.	
	[ ] I do not concur v	with the Contractor's	s certification for	the following reasons:
				-
			Signat	ure of Quality Representative

(A receipt transaction will be reflected on the monthly stock report for the gain in product, with a shipment being reflected for the losing product.)

(k) The following subparagraphs apply only to barges and tankers.

### (1) SCHEDULED ARRIVAL DATE AND BASIC ALLOWED LAYTIME.

(i) The Contractor shall be notified in advance of the scheduled arrival date. Each notice will specify the quantity to be delivered, the cargo number, the name of the vessel, and the scheduled arrival date. For tankers, the notice will also include the size of the vessel and the expected time of arrival. For tankers, the notice of delivery will be furnished at least 72 hours in advance of the scheduled arrival date; for barges, at least 48 hours in advance of the scheduled arrival date. The Government will provide the maximum notice practicable when the anticipated vessel transit time from the loading point is less than the 72/48 hours. Changes in the scheduled arrival date that will provide less than the 48 hours notice for barges and the 72 hours notice for tankers will require the verbal approval of the Contractor. This verbal approval is to be confirmed in writing as soon as practicable.

- (ii) The Contractor shall provide a reachable berth, free of charge, where the vessel can be safely moored and afloat with necessary access thereto as soon as possible, but no later than, for barges, within 3 hours after issue of notice of readiness to unload, and, for tankers, within 6 hours after issue of notice of readiness, PROVIDED --
- (A) If the vessel is tendered for unloading on a date earlier than the last agreed scheduled arrival date, the Government's vessel shall be unloaded as soon as possible in its proper turn with other vessels, and laytime shall not commence until the vessel moors alongside or, for barges, 3:00 A.M. local time; for tankers, 6:00 A.M. local time, on the last agreed scheduled arrival date, whichever occurs first.
- (B) If the vessel is tendered for unloading later than 12:00 noon of the day following the last scheduled arrival date, the vessel shall be unloaded in its proper turn with other vessels. Laytime shall commence when the vessel moors alongside, provided a good faith effort is made by the Contractor to moor the vessel in its turn with other vessels as loading berths become available.
- (iii) Laytime shall commence either (A) at the expiration of the notice period prescribed in subparagraph (ii) above, berth or no berth, or (B) immediately when the vessel moors alongside, with or without notice of readiness, whichever occurs first.
- (iv) Laytime, once started, shall continue 24 hours per day, 7 days per week, without interruption, from its commencement until unloading of the barge or tanker is completed and hoses have been disconnected.
- (v) Unless otherwise provided in the Schedule, the Contractor shall be allowed and will complete unloading within laytime determined as follows:
  - (A) FOR BARGES: One hour for each 2,000 barrels of product to be unloaded.
- (B) **FOR TANKERS:** Thirty-six hours of discharge of a full vessel cargo. When partial vessel cargoes are to be unloaded, the 36 hours will be prorated based on quantities discharged in each port.
- (vi) Hoses and loading arms for unloading a barge or tanker will be furnished, connected, and disconnected by the Contractor.

### (2) INCREASES TO BASIC ALLOWED LAYTIME.

- (i) If, after laytime commences, the conditions or facilities of the barge or tanker to be unloaded do not permit unloading, basic allowed laytime shall be increased by the duration of the delay.
- (ii) If the vessel is delayed in reaching its berth and the delay is caused by the fault of the vessel, basic allowed laytime shall be increased by the duration of the delay.
- (iii) If the vessel owner's or operator's regulations prohibit unloading at any time after laytime has commenced, the lost time shall be added to the basic allowed laytime.
- (iv) If, for any reason, the Contractor is delayed in unloading the barge or tanker because of actions of a Government representative, acting under the contract, that arise through no fault or negligence on the part of the Contractor or its subcontractors, basic allowed laytime shall be increased by the duration of the delay.
- (v) There will be no increase to basic allowed laytime (nor other reductions to any resulting demurrage time) for saved laytime arising out of other loadings/discharges.
- (vi) Delays, after commencement of laytime, attributed to causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor or the U.S. Government will result in increasing the basic allowed laytime by one half of the delay time.
- (3) **PAYMENT OF DEMURRAGE.** For all hours of laytime which elapse in excess of the basic allowed laytime for unloading provided for by subparagraph (k)(1)(v), or as otherwise provided in the Schedule, the Contractor shall pay demurrage to the Government as follows:
- (i) USS, USNS, OR TIME CHARTERED VESSELS. At the demurrage rate for the vessel loaded computed to the nearest whole hour as published by the Military Sealift Command and in effect on the date the loading of the vessel is completed.
- (ii) **VOYAGE CHARTERED VESSELS.** At the demurrage rate cited in the charter, except that the demurrage payable by the Contractor shall in no event exceed the demurrage expense incurred by the Government under the Charter. (DESC 52.211-9FJ5)

#### F1.05 GENERAL SHIPPING CONDITIONS (DESC OCT 1997)

(a) The Contractor will prepare the inspection and shipment documents covering deliveries made from the terminal in accordance with instructions contained in the Documentation and Product Property Control Plan. Normally, the document will consist of DD Form 250 for tank car, tank truck, pipeline, and packaged shipments, and

DD Form 250-1 and ullage/innage reports in the case of barge and tanker shipments. The Contractor will distribute the DD Forms 250 and the Quality Representative (QR) will distribute the DD Forms 250-1. When the QR is not present for release or shipment of product inspected at these facilities, and the Contractor's quality control program has been approved by the responsible Government Quality Office in accordance with paragraph 246.471 of the DOD FAR Supplement, the Contractor will insert the following certification on the inspector's copy of the shipping documents:

"I certify that the above supplies were (a) in the quantity indicated, (b) taken from Government-owned and approved stocks, and (c) loaded into inspected and approved containers. This shipment was released in accordance with paragraph 246.471-2 of the DoD FAR Supplement under authorization of (NAME and TITLE OF THE AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION OFFICE) in a letter dated (DATE OF AUTHORIZING LETTER). (SIGNATURE AND TITLE OF CONTRACTOR'S DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE)."

- (b) Shipment of products hereunder will be made only pursuant to a "release" furnished by the Product Property Administrator or his designated representative. The "release" will indicate the consignees who are authorized to issue "calls" or "orders" for shipment of product. Such "release" will be periodically furnished to the Contractor by the cognizant Product Property Administrator.
- (c) Conveyances required for shipments shall be furnished or designated by the Government. The Contractor shall inspect all shipping conveyances prior to loading to insure that product loaded will not be lost or contaminated by the condition of the equipment. Tank truck inspection must be performed by qualified Contractor personnel. Delegation of this responsibility shall not be passed to the tank truck operator/driver. The tank truck operator/driver may be permitted to physically load the tank truck; however, the loading operation must be under the surveillance and direction of Contractor personnel. Equipment found to be unsatisfactory shall be reported as follows: (1) TANKERS AND BARGES. Report immediately by telephone to the QR; if not present, the master of the tanker or barge or to the carrier's agent or general office; (2) TANK CARS. Report to the QR and by wire (Government Rate, Collect) to Commander, Eastern Area, Military Traffic Management Command, ATTN: MTE-INR-O, Brooklyn, NY 11250. Any shortage or overage of tank cars shall be similarly reported; (3) TRANSPORT TRUCKS. Contractor shall expeditiously report to the Traffic Manager of the appropriate Defense Fuel Region, Government QR, and to the carrier's terminal where equipment is domiciled.
- (d) Except when loading barges or tankers, or making pipeline deliveries, strainers of 100 mesh or finer shall be utilized in loading aviation fuels and jet lubricating oil and 60 mesh or finer in the case of reciprocating engine oil. Strainers shall be located as near the loading point as practicable. Contractor shall furnish and periodically inspect and clean such strainers and repair same, if necessary, keeping a written record thereof.
- (e) Contractor shall affix serially numbered seals to the dome covers of tank cars and all openings in the case of tank trucks in such a manner that entry could only be gained by breaking a seal. Such seals will be furnished by the Contractor. Seal numbers will be indicated on shipping documents.
- (f) Placards, as required by 49 CFR 172.506 and 49 CFR 172.508, shall be furnished and affixed to all tank cars and tank trucks by Contractors unless placards are already affixed.

#### (g) FOR TANK CARS ONLY.

- (1) If Government-owned or leased tank cars are furnished, the Contractor will maintain records showing each day a car is received or forwarded by car number and will furnish the information to the Defense Fuel Regional Office upon request.
- (2) Bottom outlet gaskets and manway cover gaskets, when required due to deterioration or loss, shall be furnished and applied to tank cars by the Contractor.
- (3) The Contractor shall (i) inspect empty Government-owned tank cars located on the Contractor's premises and (ii) ship tank cars located on the Contractor's premises to repair facilities as directed by the Government.
- (h) Unless otherwise directed, the Contractor shall prepare and distribute Government bills of lading utilized in shipments. Such bills of lading, routing instructions, and transportation assistance will be furnished by the Defense Fuel Region placing orders.
- (i) The Contractor shall comply with routing instructions furnished by the Government. Such instruction will include names, routes, route order numbers, and other pertinent information. The Contractor shall be

responsible for scheduling of commercial transport trucks, trucks and trailer, and tank wagons to its plant in accordance with such routing instructions and consonant with the applicable order. The Contractor shall provide sufficient advance notice to carriers and schedule the carrier's equipment for loading. The Contractor shall reimburse the Government for any demurrage incurred as a result of improper scheduling.

- (j) Custody of product shipped by pipeline, and risk of loss thereof, shall pass from the Contractor to the carrier when the product passes the flange connecting the Contractor's pipeline and the carrier's pipeline.
- (k) Custody of product shipped by transport truck, and risk of loss thereof, shall pass from the Contractor to the carrier when the loaded transport truck is released for shipment by the Contractor.
- (l) Custody of product shipped by tank car, and risk of loss thereof, shall pass from the Contractor to the carrier when the loaded tank car is picked up by the carrier.
- (m) Custody of product delivered to tanker or barge, and risk f loss thereof, shall pass from the Contractor to the carrier when the fuel passes the vessel's permanent hose connection.
- (n) The Contractor shall be held accountable for demurrage charges arising from delay(s)in shipment by tank cars and transport trucks except when those delays are caused by reasons beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor and its subcontractors.
  - (o) The following subparagraphs only apply to barges and tankers.

### (1) SCHEDULED ARRIVAL DATE AND BASIC ALLOWED LAYTIME.

- (i) Notice shall be furnished to the Contractor in advance of the date on which loading is to be made, which date is hereinafter referred to as the "Scheduled Arrival Date." Each notice will specify the quantity to be loaded, the cargo number, and name of the vessel and the scheduled loading date. For tankers, notice will also include the size of the vessel and the expected time of arrival. Notice of delivery will be furnished at least 72 hours in advance of the scheduled arrival date for tankers, and at least 48 hours in advance of the scheduled arrival date for barges. When anticipated vessel transit time to the loading point is less than 72/48 hours, the Government will provide the maximum notice practicable. Any change in the scheduled arrival date of less than 48 hours notice for barges and 72 hours notice for tankers will require verbal approval of the Contractor, confirmed in writing..
- (ii) The Contractor shall provide as soon as possible, but within 3 hours after issue of notice of readiness to load from a barge and within 6 hours after the Contractor receives notice of readiness to load from a tanker, a reachable berth, free of cost to the Government, where the vessel can be safely moored and afloat with necessary access thereto PROVIDED, however ---
- (A) If the vessel is tendered for loading on a date earlier than the last agreed scheduled arrival date, the Government's vessel shall be loaded as soon as possible in its proper turn with other vessels, and laytime shall not commence until the vessel moors alongside or, for barges, 3:00 A.M. local time; for tankers, 6:00 A.M. local time, on the last agreed scheduled arrival date, whichever occurs first.
- (B) If the vessel is tendered for loading later than 12:00 noon of the day following the last scheduled arrival date, the vessel shall be loaded in its proper turn with other vessels. Laytime shall commence when the vessel moors alongside, provided a good faith effort is made by the Contractor to moor the vessel in its turn with other vessels as loading berths become available. If the vessel is not moored in its proper turn with other vessels, laytime will commence at 6:00 A.M. on the date the Government vessel's turn occurred.
- (iii) Laytime shall commence either (A) at the expiration of the notice period prescribed in subparagraph (ii) above, berth or no berth, or (B) immediately when the vessel moors alongside, with or without notice of readiness, whichever occurs first.
- (iv) Laytime, once started, shall continue 24 hours per day, 7 days per week, without interruption, from its commencement until loading of the barge or tanker is completed and hoses have been removed.
- (v) Unless otherwise provided in the Schedule, the Contractor shall be allowed and will complete unloading within laytime determined as follows:
  - (A) FOR BARGES: One hour for each 2,000 barrels of product to be loaded.
- (B) **FOR TANKERS:** Thirty-six hours for load of full vessel cargo. When partial vessel cargoes are to be loaded, the 36 hours will be prorated based on quantities loaded by each supplier. The 36 hours includes allowances for routine events that occur in the loading process, such as cushioning and topping off of vessel tanks.
- (vi) Hoses and loading arms for loading shall be furnished, connected, and disconnected by the Contractor.

#### (2) INCREASES TO BASIC ALLOWED LAYTIME.

- (i) If, after laytime commences, the conditions or facilities of the barge or tanker to be loaded do not permit loading, basic allowed laytime shall be increased by the duration of the delay.
- (ii) If the vessel is delayed in reaching its berth and the delay is caused by the fault of the vessel, basic allowed laytime shall be increased by the duration of the delay.
- (iii) After laytime commences, when vessels are required to dock at anchorage due to vessel delays such as vessel inspection and inerting, laytime credit will be allowed for transit time from anchors away at anchorage until first line ashore berthing, not to exceed 2 hours.
- (iv) If regulations of the owner or operator of the vessel prohibit loading at any time after lavtime has commenced, time so lost shall be added to basic allowed lavtime.
- (v) If, for any reason, the Contractor is delayed in loading the barge or tanker because of actions of a Government representative, acting under the contract, that arise through no fault or negligence on the part of the Contractor or its subcontractors, basic allowed laytime shall be increased by the duration of the delay.
- (vi) There will be no increase to basic allowed laytime (nor other reductions to any resulting demurrage time) for saved laytime arising out of other loadings/discharges.
- (vii) Delays, after commencement of laytime, attributed to causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor or the U.S. Government will result in increasing the basic allowed laytime by one half of the delay time.
- (3) **PAYMENT OF DEMURRAGE.** For all hours of laytime which elapse in excess of the basic allowed laytime for loading provided for by paragraph (1) above, or as otherwise provided in the Schedule, the Contractor shall pay demurrage to the Government as follows:
- (i) USS, USNS, OR TIME CHARTERED VESSELS. At the demurrage rate for the vessel loaded computed to the nearest whole hour as published by the Military Sealift Command and in effect on the date the loading of the vessel is completed.
- (ii) **VOYAGE CHARTERED VESSELS.** At the demurrage rate cited in the charter, except that the demurrage payable by the Contractor shall in no event exceed the demurrage expense incurred by the Government under the Charter. (DESC 52.247-9FP1)

## F1.14 DETERMINATION OF QUANTITY (STORAGE) (DESC NOV 1997)

The total gallonage received into or shipped from the Contractor's facilities shall be determined as follows:

- (a) RECEIPTS OR SHIPMENTS OF CRUDE AND FUELS OTHER THAN RESIDUAL
- **FUELS** (by transport truck of 3500 gallons or less) (truck and trailer combination when delivering same product will be considered as one container or conveyance). On an actual gallonage basis, without temperature correction.
- (b) **RECEIPTS OR SHIPMENTS OF RESIDUAL FUELS** (in excess of 3500 gallons of crude or other fuels by tank car or transport truck). On a gallonage basis corrected to 60°F.
- (c) RECEIPTS OR SHIPMENTS BY TANKER OR BARGE OR PIPELINE. On a gallonage basis corrected to 60°F. Quantities shipped or received will be determined on the basis of shore tanks or tender gauges taken by the Contractor and authenticated by the Quality Representative (QR). The ship or carrier's representative may participate in these determinations. During the gauging of shore tanks, the tanker, barge, or carrier's representative may participate in the quantity determinations, and, in the case of tanker/barge shipments or receipts, the Contractor may participate in the operations on board the tanker or barge which are required to determine the quantity of product in the tanker or barge cargo tanks.
- (d) In the case of receipts, the Contractor shall sign the bill of lading and other related documents for the actual quantity received as determined above. When requested by the QR, the Contractor shall investigate losses or gains in connection with receipts or shipments to determine if the cause is at the Contractor's facility.
- (e) **MEASUREMENT STANDARDS**. All measurements and calibrations made to determine quantity shall be in accordance with the most recent edition of the API Manual of Petroleum Measurement Standards (MPMS). Outside the United States, other technically equivalent national or international standards may be used. In addition, the following specific standards will be the referee method.
- (1) API MPMS Chapter 11.1, Volume Correction Factors (API 2540/ASTM D 1250/IP 200/ISO 91-1). Either the printed version or the computer subroutine version of the standard may be used. In case of disputes, the computer subroutine will be the referee method.
- (i) For crude oils, JP4, and Jet B, use Volume I, Tables 5A and 6A (or Volume VII Tables 53A and 54A).

- (ii) For lubricating oils, use Volume XIII, Tables 5D and 6D (or Volume
- XIV, Tables 53D and 54D).
- (iii) For all other fuels and fuel oils, use Volume II, Tables 5B and 6B (or

Volume VIII, Tables 53B and 54B).

- (iv) For chemicals/additives, use Volume III, Table 6C (or Volume IX, Table 54C), or volume correct in accordance with the product specification.
- (v) Volume XII, Table 52, shall be used to convert cubic meters at 15°C to barrels at  $60^{\circ}F$ . Convert liters at  $15^{\circ}C$  to cubic meters at  $15^{\circ}C$  by dividing by 1,000. Convert gallons at  $60^{\circ}F$  to barrels at  $60^{\circ}F$  by dividing by 42. Should foreign law restrict conversion by this method, the method required by law shall be stated in the offer.
  - (vi) If the original measurement is by weight and quantity is required in U.S.

gallons, then--

- (A) Volume XII, Table 58, shall be used to convert metric tons to U.S. gallons at  $60^{\circ}$  F/ Convert kilograms to metric tons by dividing by 1,000.
  - (B) Volume XI, Table 8, shall be used to convert pounds to U.S.

gallons at  $60^{\circ}F$ .

- (2) API MPMS Chapter 4, Providing Systems. All meters used in determining product volume shall be calibrated using this standard with the frequency required by local regulations (foreign or domestic). If no local regulation exists, then the frequency of calibration shall be that recommended by the meter manufacturer or every 6 months, whichever is more frequent.
- (3) API MPMS Chapter 12, Calculation of Petroleum Quantities. All calculations of net quantities shall be made in accordance with this chapter.
- (f) In addition to gauging of storage tanks to determine quantities issued or received, the Contractor will gauge each active storage tank daily and each inactive storage tank weekly and compute physical inventories for the purpose of detecting loss of products.

  (DESC 52.211-9FG1)

#### F45.01 OPERATION OF CONDUCTIVITY ADDITIVE SYSTEM (DESC OCT 1998)

- (a) The Contractor shall inject, store, and maintain Government-furnished conductivity additive in a sheltered area protected from the climate in accordance with local fire codes. Procedures in the Quality Control Plan (QCP) pertaining to the injection of conductivity additive will include a method for determining and/or calculating the amount of additive required to ensure delivery of the end product meeting the applicable aviation fuel conductivity specification requirements or as requested by the Government Representative. The Contractor is responsible for monitoring the conductivity injection operation to ensure homogeneity of the end product. The Contractor shall inject conductivity additive when requested by an authorized Government representative.
- (b) The Contractor's conductivity additive injection system shall be equipped with the following, as a minimum:
- (1) A conductivity additive injection system capable of injecting conductivity additive at the rate of 0 to 114 gallons per hour at a maximum discharge pressure of 100 per square inch. At the Contractor's option, either a proportionating pump or a pipeline injection system may be used.
- (2) The conductivity additive injection system shall be equipped with steel or stainless steel blending tank(s) with a capacity of at least 100 gallons. The additive system shall be connected into the terminal jet fuel system.
- (c) In the event of unusual circumstances (i.e., Government supply shortage, emergency requirement, etc.), the Contractor may be required to purchase conductivity additive, as required by the Government. The Government shall reimburse the Contractor for direct out-of-pocket costs incurred in acquiring this additive provided the following is satisfied. All invoices shall be--
  - (1) Supported by adequate evidence to properly reflect Contractor's actual out-of-pocket costs;
- (2) Certified by the Quality Representative (QR) with respect to quality and quantity of materials furnished; and
  - (3) Forwarded to the Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO) for approval.

Title to the conductivity additive purchased by the Contractor for which the Contractor is entitled to be reimbursed shall pass to and rest with the Government upon delivery of product and acceptance by the QR. Acceptance will be based on verification of quantity and full specification test analysis and/or report being provided to the QR for additive purchased by the Contractor. After product acceptance, the QR shall notify the ACO of acceptance.

(DESC 52.211-9F60)

# F45.03 OPERATION OF FUEL SYSTEM ICING INHIBITOR ADDITIVE SYSTEM (COCO) (DESC AUG 1999)

- (a) As required by the Government, the Contractor shall inject, store, and maintain High Flash Fuel System Icing Inhibitor (FSII) conforming to the latest revision of MIL-I-85470. The Government may also require the Contractor to purchase High Flash FSII (in bulk or 55-gallon drums) conforming to the latest revision of MIL-I-85470. In such a case, the Government shall reimburse the Contractor for direct out-of-pocket costs incurred in the acquisition of the additive in accordance with the SUBMISSION OF INVOICES FOR PAYMENT clause.
- (b) The Contractor shall maintain and operate an additive line injection system equipped with a flow proportioning pump capable of uniformly injecting FSII into aviation turbine jet fuel at concentration levels ranging from 0.01 to 0.25 volume percent. The injection system shall be capable of automatically adjusting to changes in pipeline flow rates at the point of injection and include a calibrated meter for determining the amount of additive injected. The additive system must be capable of injecting FSII into Government-owned jet fuel(s) during all issues from the terminal and during all tank-to-tank transfers within the terminal.
- (c) Bulk FSII storage systems shall be configured to minimize the introduction of moisture. Any proven industry system design utilized to maintain acceptable moisture limits in accordance with the product specification may be offered. Two acceptable designs being utilized are (1) the use of gaseous nitrogen to blanket the product, or (2) a desiccating/drying device installed in the ventilation system of the tank. The use of carbon dioxide (CO₂) as an inerting agent is prohibited. The tanks' storage capacity must be capable of receiving, at a minimum, 5,300-gallon tank truck deliveries. The minimum tank size required is 8,000 gallons. The Government may require the Contractor to use drums or, for overseas use only, intermodal tank containers in lieu of bulk storage tanks. FSII shall be handled and stored in accordance with any applicable environmental and fire regulations. Reference the SERVICES TO BE FURNISHED clause for the description of storage tank requirements.
- (d) During receipts/issues from the terminal and transfers within the terminal, the Contractor is responsible for assuring that the FSII concentration for Government-owned jet fuels conforms to the specification. The injection system shall be adjusted to achieve a homogenous concentration level of 0.11 to 0.13 volume percent in Grades JP4 and JP8 and 0.16 to 0.18 volume percent in Grade JP5. Without limiting the Government's right to test its product at any time or any place, the Government specifically reserves the right to test each compartment of the shipping conveyances to ensure that the FSII concentrations conform to the specification. Notwithstanding the Government's right to test, the Contractor shall comply with inspection and testing requirements stated in the contract and is responsible for ensuring that FSII concentrations loaded onto shipping conveyances conform to the specification.
- (e) The Government may require the Contractor to fill special orders for jet fuel without FSII or with elevated levels of FSII. (DESC 52.211-9F75)

### F45.04 OPERATION OF CORROSION INHIBITOR ADDITIVE SYSTEM (DESC JUL 1992)

- (a) The Contractor shall purchase and store corrosion inhibitor, NSN 6850-00-292-9780 (55-gallon drum), conforming to specification MIL-I-25017E, Fuel Soluble Corrosion Inhibitor/Lubricity Improver, dated 15 June 1989, as directed by the Government. Only the following corrosion inhibitors from QPL-25017-16, dated 6 September 1989 will be used: Apollo PRI19, Dupont DCI-4A, HITEC E-580, and NALCO 5403.
- (b) The Government shall reimburse the Contractor only for direct out-of-pocket costs incurred in acquiring this additive provided the following is satisfied. All invoices shall be--
  - (1) Supported by adequate evidence to properly reflect the Contractor's actual out-of-pocket costs;
  - (2) Certified by the Quality Representative (QR) with respect to quality and quantity of materials

furnished; and

(3) Forwarded to the Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO) for approval.

Title to the corrosion inhibitor purchased by the Contractor for which the Contractor is entitled to be reimbursed shall pass to and rest with the Government upon delivery of product and acceptance by the QR. Acceptance will be based on verification of quantity and full specification test analysis and/or report being provided to the QR for product purchased by the Contractor. After product acceptance, the QR shall notify the ACO of acceptance.

- (c) The Contractor's corrosion inhibitor system shall be, as a minimum, equipped with the following:
- (1) An injection system capable of injecting the additive within the minimum effective and maximum allowable concentration range for the applicable approved additives indicated in paragraph (a) above.
- (2) This injection system will require one or more black steel or stainless steel blending tanks with a capacity of at least 100 gallons, depending on ambient temperature or specific additive used.

- (d) The Contractor shall inject the corrosion inhibitor, as required by the Government. Procedures in the Quality Control Plan pertaining to the injection of the corrosion inhibitor will include a method for determining and/or calculating the amount of additive required to ensure delivery of the end product meeting the applicable aviation fuel corrosion inhibitor specification requirements. The Contractor is responsible for monitoring the corrosion inhibitor injection operation to ensure homogeneity of the end product.
- (e) The Government may, at its option, purchase and provide the corrosion inhibitor additive. The Contractor is required to provide for its storage and injection as directed above. (DESC 52.211-9F65)

# F76 CONTRACT PERIOD/PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS (STORAGE) (DESC DEC 1991)

(The full text of this clause is included in the Offeror Submission Package at Attachment 2)

## F107 STOP-WORK ORDER (AUG 1989)

- (a) The Contracting Officer may, at any time, by written order to the Contractor, require the Contractor to stop all, or any part, of the work called for by this contract for a period of 90 days after the order is delivered to the Contractor, and for any further period to which the parties may agree. The order shall be specifically identified as a stop-work order issued under this clause. Upon receipt of the order, the Contractor shall immediately comply with its terms and take all reasonable steps to minimize the incurrence of costs allocable to the work covered by the order during the period of work stoppage. Within a period of 90 days after a stop-work order is delivered to the Contractor, or within any extension of that period to which the parties shall have agreed, the Contracting Officer shall either--
  - (1) Cancel the stop-work order; or
- (2) Terminate the work covered by the order as provided in the DEFAULT, or the TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE OF THE GOVERNMENT, clause of this contract.
- (b) If a stop-work order issued under this clause is canceled or the period of the order or any extension thereof expires, the Contractor shall resume work. The Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule or contract price, or both, and the contract shall be modified, in writing, accordingly, if--
- (1) The stop-work order results in an increase in the time required for, or in the Contractor's cost properly allocable to, the performance of any part of this contract; and
- (2) The Contractor asserts its right to the adjustment within 30 days after the end of the period of work stoppage; PROVIDED, that, if the Contracting Officer decides the facts justify the action, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon the claim submitted at any time before final payment under this contract.
- (c) If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for the convenience of the Government, the Contracting Officer shall allow reasonable costs resulting from the stop-work order in arriving at the termination settlement.
- (d) If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for default, the Contracting Officer shall allow, by equitable adjustment or otherwise, reasonable costs resulting from the stopwork order.

  (FAR 52.242-15)

## SECTION G - CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DATA

### G1 POSTAWARD CONFERENCE (DEC 1991)

The Contractor agrees to attend any postaward conference convened by the contracting activity or contract administration office in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation Subpart 42.5.

(DFARS 252.242-7000)

# G3 INVOICE NUMBERING REQUIREMENTS (DESC AUG 1998)

Each invoice submitted for payment under this contract shall be identified by an individual invoice number. The number shall not be duplicated on subsequent invoices. Duplicate invoice numbers or invoices that do not include numbers may be rejected. (DESC 52.211-9FH5)

### G3.01 PAYMENT DUE DATE (DESC OCT 1988)

When payment due date falls on a Saturday or Sunday, or on a United States Official Federal holiday, payment will be due and payable on the following workday. (DESC 52.232-9F45)

# G9.06 ADDRESS TO WHICH REMITTANCE SHOULD BE MAILED (DESC DEC 1999)

(The full text of this clause is included in the Offeror Submission Package at Attachment 2)

# G9.07 ELECTRONIC TRANSFER OF FUNDS PAYMENTS - CORPORATE TRADE EXCHANGE (DESC FEB 2003)

(The full text of this clause is included in the Offeror Submission Package at Attachment 2)

# G9.09 PAYMENT BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER - CENTRAL CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION (MAY 1999)

#### (a) METHOD OF PAYMENT.

- (1) All payments by the Government under this contract, shall be made electronic funds transfer (EFT), except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this clause. As used in this clause, the term EFT refers to the funds transfer and may also include the information transfer.
- (2) In the event the Government is unable to release one or more payments by EFT, the Contractor agrees to either--
  - (i) Accept payment by check or some other mutually agreeable method of payment; or
- (ii) Request the Government to extend the payment due date until such time as the Government can make payment by EFT (but see paragraph (d) of this clause).
- (b) **CONTRACTOR'S EFT INFORMATION.** The Government shall make payment to the Contractor using the EFT information contained in the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) database. In the event that the EFT information changes, the Contractor shall be responsible for providing the updated information to the CCR database.
- (c) **MECHANISMS FOR EFT PAYMENT.** The Government shall make payment by EFT through either the Automated Clearing House (ACH) network, subject to the rules of the National Automated Clearing House Association, or the Fedwire Transfer System. The rules governing Federal payments through the ACH are contained in 31 CFR Part 210.
- (d) **SUSPENSION OF PAYMENT**. If the Contractor's EFT information in the CCR database is incorrect, then the Government need not make payment to the Contractor under this contract until correct EFT information is entered into the CCR database; and any invoice or contract financing request shall be deemed not to be a proper invoice for the purpose of prompt payment under this contract. The prompt payment terms of the contract regarding notice of an improper invoice and delays in accrual of interest penalties apply.
- (e) **CONTRACTOR EFT ARRANGEMENTS.** The Contractor has identified multiple payment receiving points (i.e., more than one remittance address and/or EFT information set) in the CCR database, and the Contractor has not notified the Government of the payment receiving point applicable to this contract, the Government shall make payment to the first payment receiving point (EFT information set or remittance address as applicable) listed in the CCR database.

### (f) LIABILITY FOR UNCOMPLETED OR ERRONEOUS TRANSFERS.

- (1) If an uncompleted or erroneous transfer occurs because the Government used the Contractor's EFT information incorrectly, the Government remains responsible for--
  - (i) Making a correct payment;
  - (ii) Paying any prompt payment penalty due; and
  - (iii) Recovering any erroneously directed funds.
- (2) If an uncompleted or erroneous transfer occurs because the Contractor's EFT information was incorrect or was revised within 30 days of Government release of the EFT payment transaction instruction to the Federal Reserve System, and--
- (i) If the funds are no longer under the control of the payment office, the Government is deemed to have made payment and the Contractor is responsible for recovery of any erroneously direct funds; or
- (ii) If the funds remain under the control of the payment office, the Government shall not make payment and the provisions of paragraph (d) of this clause shall apply.
- (g) **EFT AND PROMPT PAYMENT.** A payment shall be deemed to have been made in a timely manner in accordance with the prompt payment terms of this contract if, in the EFT payment transaction instruction released to the Federal Reserve System, the date specified for settlement of the payment is on or before the prompt payment due date, provided the specified payment date is a valid date under the rules of the Federal Reserve System.

- (h) **EFT AND ASSIGNMENT OF CLAIMS.** If the Contractor assigns the proceeds of this contract as provided for in the assignment of claims terms of this contract, the Contractor shall require a condition of any such assignment that the assignee shall register in the CCR database and shall by paid by EFT in accordance with the terms of this clause. In all respects, the requirements of this clause shall apply to the assignee as if it were the Contractor. EFT information that shows the ultimate recipient of the transfer to be other than the Contractor, in the absence of a proper assignment of claims acceptable to the Government, is incorrect within the meaning of paragraph (d) of this clause.
  - (i) LIABILITY FOR CHANGE OF EFT INFORMATION BY FINANCIAL AGENT. The

Government is not liable for errors resulting from changes in EFT information made by the Contractor's financial agent.

(j) **PAYMENT INFORMATION.** The payment or disbursing office shall forward to the Contractor available payment information that is suitable for transmission as of the date of release of the EFT instruction to the Federal Reserve System. The Government may request the Contractor to designate a desired format and method(s) for delivery of payment information from a list of formats and methods the payment office is capable of executing. However, the Government does not guarantee that any particular format or method of delivery is available at any particular payment office and retains the latitude to use the format and delivery method most convenient to the Government. If the Government makes payment by check in accordance with paragraph (a) of this clause, the Government shall m ail the payment information to the remittance address contained in the CCR database.

(FAR 52.232-33)

# G9.14 SUBMISSION OF ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER INFORMATION WITH OFFER (MAY 1999)

The offeror shall provide, with its offer, the following information that is required to make payment by electronic funds transfer (EFT) under any contract that results from this solicitation. This submission satisfies the requirement to provide EFT information under paragraphs (b)(1) and (j) of the PAYMENT BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER - OTHER THAN CENTRAL CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION clause.

- (1) The solicitation number (or other procurement identification number).
- (2) The offeror's name and remittance address, as stated in the offer.
- (3) The signature (manual or electric, as appropriate), title, and telephone number of the offeror's official authorized to provide this information.
  - (4) The name, address, and 9-digit Routing Transit Number of the offeror's financial agent.
  - (5) The offeror's account number and the type of account (checking, savings, or lockbox).
  - $(6) \ \ If applicable, the Fedwire Transfer System telegraphic abbreviation of the offeror's financial$

agent.

(7) If applicable, the offeror shall also provide the name, address, telegraphic abbreviation, and 9-digit Routing Transit Number of the correspondent financial institution receiving the wire transfer payment if the offeror's financial agent is not directly on-line to the Fedwire Transfer System and, therefore, not the receiver of the wire transfer payment.

(FAR 52.232-38)

# G21 DESIGNATION OF PROPERTY ADMINISTRATOR (DESC MAR 1995)

The Property Administrator for product handled under the terms of the contract will be designated by the Commander, Defense Energy Support Center. (DESC 52.242-9F65)

### G22 DESIGNATION OF THE DEFENSE FUEL REGION (DESC JUL 1997)

(a) The Defense Fuel Region to which reference is made herein is the--

DESC Europe (DESC-EU) CMR 443, Box 5000 APO AE 09096-5000

(b) The Defense Fuel Office to which reference is made herein is the-

SAME AS ABOVE

(c) The Commander of the Defense Fuel Region or his designee, appointed above, is the authorized representative of the Commander, Defense Energy Support Center. (DESC 52.242-9F55)

## G148.05 SUBMISSION OF INVOICES FOR PAYMENT (SERVICES) (DESC MAR 2002)

Monthly services invoices shall be mailed <u>directly to the Accounting and Finance Office</u> after self-certification. All other invoices are mailed to the <u>Contract Administration Office (CAO)</u> after Quality Representative (QR) certification. Specific procedures follow:

(a) **MONTHLY INVOICES.** Contractors shall present invoices for monthly services (original and 3 copies) <u>directly to the following Accounting and Finance Office</u> within one month following the performance of the respective services:

DEFENSE FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING SERVICE - COLUMBUS CENTER STOCK FUND DIRECTORATE FUELS ACCOUNTING AND PAYMENTS DIVISION ATTN: DFAS-BVDFB/CC P.O. BOX 182317 COLUMBUS, OH 43218-2317

Each invoice will be certified by an official of the company in the following manner:

"I certify that the services were performed, that the amounts reflected hereon are in conformance with the contract, and that the amounts are correct and proper for payment."

Signature	
	PRINTED NAME AND TITLE

### (b) ALL OTHER INVOICES.

- (1) Contractors shall address invoices to the Accounting and Finance Office listed in (a) above.
- (2) Contractors shall certify that the invoice is true and correct and shall attach supporting documentation (e.g., subcontractor bills or invoices) for cost reimbursement invoices.
- (3) Contractors shall then present the invoice (original and 4 copies) to the cognizant QR for certification that the invoice is true and correct to the best of the QR's knowledge and that the supplies or services included on the invoice have been provided.
- (4) Last, Contractors shall submit the invoice to the applicable CAO address below for approval and for processing to the Accounting and Finance Office for payment. Upon mutual agreement between the Contractor and the QR, the QR may submit the invoice directly to the CAO after certification. The Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO) may authorize the Contractor to send certified invoices directly to the Accounting and Finance Office, concurrent with a copy to the applicable CAO address below. Such ACO authorization must be specifically provided in the contract or modification thereto.

	CONUS Contract Locations	OCONUS Contract Locations
	ATTN DESC-FPA FPB ROOM 2945	ATTN DESC-FPC ROOM 2945
	DEFENSE ENERGY SUPPORT CENTER	DEFENSE ENERGY SUPPORT
CENTER	8725 JOHN J KINGMAN RD SUITE 4950	8725 JOHN J KINGMAN RD
SUITE 4950	FORT BELVOIR VA 22060-6222	FORT BELVOIR VA 22060-6222

(c) **OVERTIME.** When the Contractor is authorized by the designated Defense Energy Region (DER) to perform services in excess of normal working hours, the Government will reimburse the Contractor as described in (1) and (2) below. Each invoice for overtime will specify the number of people working, their employment classification, number of hours worked, and the hourly rate of compensation. The written authorization from the DER

must be attached to the invoice. (The authorization for overtime may be given initially by telephone, but later must be provided in writing by the DER to the Contractor.) Follow instructions given in (b) above for submission of overtime invoices.

- (1) **GOCO** (Government-Owned, Contractor-Operated). The Government will reimburse actual overtime labor rate paid times actual overtime hours, plus social security taxes, insurance, and fringe benefits. No profit or G&A (general and administrative expenses) will be allowed. (Profit and G&A should be included in the monthly services charge based on the dollars estimated for the overtime line item.)
- (2) **COCO (Contractor-Owned, Contractor-Operated).** The Government will reimburse at the rate specified in the Schedule clause. (DESC 52.232-9FF5)

### G150.03 ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION OF INVOICES FOR PAYMENT (EDI) (DESC OCT 1998)

- (a) SUBMISSION OF ELECTRONIC INVOICES.
- (1) **APPLICABILITY.** Electronic submission of invoices applies only to DoD items paid for with DLA/DESC funds by DFAS Columbus, OH.
- (2) **REQUIREMENTS.** Prior to submission of electronic invoices via electronic data interchange (EDI) under this clause, the Contractor and DESC must have a signed Trading Partner Agreement (TPA) and Addendum 810, Invoices; and Addendum 824, Invoice Returns Notification.
  - (b) INVOICING ADDRESS.
- (1) Electronic invoices for items paid for with DLA/DESC funds, as cited on the order form (DD Form 1155/ Standard Form 1449), shall be electronically submitted to DTDN/S39008 or GOVDP/S39008.
- (2) SUBMISSION OF INVOICES. Invoices submitted electronically shall be in accordance with the provisions of the signed TPA and Addendum 810. Electronic invoices submitted shall be American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Accredited Standard Committee (ASC) X12 810 Transaction Sets. These 810 Transactions Sets shall follow the AVNET Convention as specified by the Petroleum Industry Data Exchange. The electronic invoice shall contain all fields required by the AVNET Convention, including the contract number, order number, shipment number, item number, and contract description of supplies, services, sizes, quantities, unit price, and extended total
- (c) **PAYMENT.** Unless otherwise expressly specified in the Schedule, payment of invoices will be made in U.S. currency.
- (d) **CERTIFICATION OF RECEIPT.** See the SUBMISSION OF INVOICES FOR PAYMENT clause for receipt documentation.
- (e) INVOICING FOR DETENTION/DEMURRAGE COSTS. Detention costs are allowable only on tank truck deliveries. Detention/demurrage costs are the sole responsibility of the activity incurring them. Invoices for detention or demurrage costs will be submitted by the Contractor directly to the activity receiving the product.

  (DESC 52.232-9FH5)

### G150.11 SUBMISSION OF INVOICES BY FACSIMILE (DESC DEC 2001)

- **NOTE 1**: **FOR GROUND FUELS (PC&S) CONTRACTS:** This clause applies only to items paid by DFAS Columbus for DoD Activities.
- **NOTE 2**: See paragraph (c) for facsimile invoicing for DETENTION/DEMURRAGE costs.

# NOTE 3: INVOICES WILL REFLECT QUANTITIES IN WHOLE NUMBERS AND SHALL BE ROUNDED AS

**APPLICABLE.** Example: 7,529.4 = 7,529 or 7,529.5 = 7,530.

- (a) <u>IMPORTANT NOTICE</u>: Contractors who select the facsimile (FAX) method of invoicing prior to award in accordance with the FACSIMILE INVOICING or the FACSIMILE OR ELECTRONIC INVOICING provision must do so for all invoices. Failure to comply with the requirements of this clause will result in revocation of the Contractor's right to submit invoices by the FAX method.
  - (b) INSTRUCTIONS FOR SUBMITTING INVOICES VIA FACSIMILE.
- (1) When the Contractor has elected to transmit invoices by FAX, it is responsible for validating receipt of its FAXed invoice. Because DFAS-BVDP/CC cannot be held accountable for transmissions not received, the Contractor must verify transmission/receipt of its FAX by telephoning Customer Service (DFAS-BVDP/CC) at **(800)**

**756-4571 (Options 2 and 2).** Personnel are available to verify receipt of FAXed transmissions between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m., EST/EDT, Monday through Friday, excluding Federal holidays.

- (2) The DFAS-BVDP/CC FAX number is (614) 693-0670/0671/0672.
- (3) The Contractor shall include its FAX number on each document transmitted.
- (4) After transmitting the original invoice, the Contractor shall mark that invoice "ORIGINAL

**INVOICE - FAXED"** and retain it. The hard copy is **not** required for payment and shall **not** be mailed to the payment office unless DFAS-BVDP/CC specifically requests it.

#### (5) F.O.B. DESTINATION DELIVERIES.

#### (i) CERTIFICATION OF RECEIPT.

(A) Receiving activity personnel will certify the receipt of fuel by preparing and signing one of the following documents:

- (a) The SF 1449, Solicitation/Contract/Order for Commercial Items; or
- (b) The DD Form 1155, Order for Supplies or Services; or
- (c) The DD Form 250, Material Inspection and Receiving Report; or
- (d) The DD Form 250-1, Tanker/Barge Material Inspection and Receiving Report (for tanker and barge deliveries only).
- (B) Payments to the Contractor will be based on the receipt of the "paying copies" of the receiving report to DESC-FII, Fort Belvoir, VA, and payment will be made in accordance with the terms of the contract.

### (ii) PC&S DELIVERIES.

- (A) Overbillings--
- (a) That are less than or equal to 0.5 percent of the quantity listed on the receiving document will be paid as originally invoiced by the Contractor when the overbilled quantity is solely a result of a difference in measurement techniques.
- (b) That exceed 0.5 percent of the quantity listed on the receiving document will be paid based on the quantity as determined by the activity and annotated on the activity's receiving document.
  - (B) Underbillings will be paid as invoiced.
- (C) Notwithstanding any permissible variation percentage, payment is authorized for a percentage not to exceed 120 percent of the ordered quantity. Payment shall be made for quantity within this allowable variation listed on the receiving document as received and accepted by the activity and invoiced by the Contractor.

## (6) F.O.B. ORIGIN DELIVERIES - RECEIVING REPORTS.

- (i) When FAXing an **invoice** for f.o.b. origin deliveries, the Contractor shall also FAX a copy of the applicable receiving report to DESC-FII, Room 2933, Fort Belvoir, VA, for GROUND FUELS (PC&S) DELIVERIES. DESC-FII's FAX number is **(703) 767-9380**. The receiving report shall be transmitted no later than two working days after each delivery.
- (ii) The following forms, signed by the Quality Representative (QR), are acceptable receiving reports for f.o.b. origin deliveries:
  - (A) DD Form 250 (Material Inspection and Receiving Report); or
  - (B) DD Form 250-1 (Tanker/Barge Material Inspection and Receiving Report).
- (iii) The signed copy, which certifies acceptance by the QR of the product prior to submission of the invoice, will have the following information stamped, printed, or typed on it: "ORIGINAL RECEIVING REPORT FOR PAYMENT OF INVOICE."
- (c) INVOICING DETENTION/DEMURRAGE COSTS VIA FACSIMILE. Detention/demurrage costs, allowable only on tank truck deliveries (not applicable to multiple drop tank truck or any tank wagon deliveries) and barge/tanker deliveries, will be the sole responsibility of the activity incurring them. Invoices for detention/demurrage costs will be submitted by the Contractor directly to the activity receiving the product. These provisions are applicable to DLA-owned/capitalized as well as non-DLA-owned/noncapitalized products. If the receiving activity is an Army activity, a copy of the detention/demurrage cost invoice must also be furnished to the following address:

COMMANDER US ARMY PETROLEUM CENTER ATTN SATPC-L NEW CUMBERLAND PA 17070-5008

(DESC 52.232-9FG5)

#### SECTION H – SPECIAL CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

#### H11 GUARD SERVICE (DESC MAR 1982)

- (a) In the event the Government requires guard service and/or other protective services or facilities not otherwise provided by the Contractor pursuant to the terms of this contract, the Government shall have the right-
  - (1) To provide such service; or
  - (2) To require the Contractor to provide such guard service; and/or
  - (3) To require the Contractor to provide such other protective services or facilities.
- (b) The actual cost of providing said services or facilities under (2) and/or (3) above will be for the account of the Government and will be recognized by a modification to this contract. (DESC 52.211-9FK1)

### H19.01 REPORTING AND CONTAINING OIL SPILLS (OVERSEAS STORAGE) (DESC JAN 1982)

- (a) Immediately upon the discovery of a product spill, leak, or seepage involving Defense Energy Support Center owned product, the Contractor shall notify, by telephone, (1) the Quality Representative; (2) the designated Defense Fuel Region; and (3) the Administrative Contracting Officer.
- (b) Immediately upon discovery of a product spill, leak, or seepage, the Contractor shall take all practicable measures available to contain and prevent further spreading of such spill, leak, or seepage. Spill prevention and control measures taken by the Contractor will be in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. (DESC 52.223-9F35)

### H20 REPORTS OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY (MAY 1994)

- (a) The Contractor shall provide an annual report--
  - (1) For all DoD property for which the Contractor is accountable under the contract;
- (2) Prepared in accordance with the requirements of DD Form 1662, DoD Property in the Custody of Contractors, or approved substitute, including instructions on the reverse side of the form; and
  - (3) In duplicate, to the cognizant Government property administrator, no later than October 31.
- (b) The Contractor is responsible for reporting all Government property accountable to this contract, including that at subcontractor and alternate locations. (DFARS 252.245-7001)

## SECTION I - CONTRACT CLAUSES

#### II DEFINITIONS (DEC 2001)

As used throughout this contract, the following terms shall have the meaning set forth below.

- (a) **Head of the agency** (also called **agency head**) or **Secretary** means the Secretary (or Attorney General, Administrator, Governor, Chairperson, or other chief official, as appropriate) of the agency, including any deputy or assistant chief official of the agency; and the term **authorized representative** means any person, persons, or board (other than the Contracting Officer) authorized to act for the head of the agency or Secretary.
  - (b) **Commercial component** means any component that is a commercial item.
  - (c) Commercial item means--
- (1) Any item, other than real property, that is of a type customarily used by the general public or by nongovernmental entities for purposes other than governmental purposes, and that--
  - (i) Has been sold, leased, or licensed to the general public; or
  - (ii) Has been offered for sale, lease, or license to the general public;
- (2) Any item that evolved from an item described in subparagraph (c)(1) of this clause through advances in technology or performance and that is not yet available in the commercial marketplace, but will be available in the commercial marketplace in time to satisfy the delivery requirement under a Government solicitation;
- (3) Any item that would satisfy a criterion expressed in subparagraph (c)(1) or (c)(2) of this clause, but for--
  - (i) Modifications of a type customarily available in the commercial marketplace; or
- (ii) Minor modifications of a type not customarily available in the commercial marketplace made to meet Federal Government requirements. **Minor modifications** means modifications that do not significantly alter the nongovernmental function or essential physical characteristics of an item or component, or change the purpose of a process. Factors to be considered in determining whether a modification is minor include the value and size of the modification and the comparative value and size of the final product. Dollar values and percentages may be used as guideposts, but are not conclusive evidence that a modification is minor;

- (4) Any combination of items meeting the requirements of subparagraph (c)(1), (2), (3), or (5) of this clause that are of a type customarily combined and sold in combination to the general public;
- (5) Installation services, maintenance services, repair services, training services, and other services if—
- (i) Such services are procured for support of an item referred to in subparagraph (c)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this definition, regardless of whether such services are provided by the same source or at the same time as the item; and
- (ii) The source of such services provides similar services contemporaneously to the general public under terms and conditions similar to those offered to the Federal Government;
- (6) Services of a type offered and sold competitively in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace based on established catalog or market prices for specific tasks performed under standard commercial terms and conditions. This does not include services that are sold based on hourly rates without an established catalog or market price for a specific service performed. For purposes of these services—
- (i) Catalog price means a price included in a catalog price list, schedule, or other form that is regularly maintained by the manufacturer or vendor, is either published or otherwise available for inspection by customers, and states prices at which sales are currently, or were last, made to a significant number of buyers constituting the general public; and
- (ii) Market prices means current prices that are established in the course of ordinary trade between buyers and sellers free to bargain and that can be substantiated through competition or from sources independent of the offerors.
- (7) Any item, combination of items, or service referred to in subparagraphs (c)(1) through (c)(6), notwithstanding the fact that the item, combination of items, or service is transferred between or among separate divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of a Contractor; or
- (8) A nondevelopmental item, if the procuring agency determines the item was developed exclusively at private expense and sold in substantial quantities, on a competitive basis, to multiple State and local Governments.
- (d) **Component** means any item supplied to the Federal Government as part of an end item or of another component.

#### (e) Nondevelopmental item means--

- (1) Any previously developed item of supply used exclusively for governmental purposes by a Federal agency, a State or local government, or a foreign government with which the United States has a mutual defense cooperation agreement;
- (2) Any item described in subparagraph (e)(1) of this definition that requires only minor modification or modifications of a type customarily available in the commercial marketplace in order to meet the requirements of the procuring department or agency; or
- (3) Any item of supply being produced that does not meet the requirements of subparagraph (e)(1) or (e)(2) solely because the item is not yet in use.
- (f) **Contracting Officer** means a person with the authority to enter into, administer, and/or terminate contracts and make related determinations and findings. The term includes certain authorized representatives of the Contracting Officer acting within the limits of their authority as delegated by the Contracting Officer.
- (g) Except as otherwise provided in this contract, the term **subcontracts** includes, but is not limited to, purchase orders and changes and modifications to purchase orders under this contract. (FAR 52.202-1)

#### I1.01-4 DEFINITIONS (CONT'D) (STORAGE) (DESC JAN 1996)

As used throughout this contract, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

- (a) **Quality Representative** (QR) includes the terms Quality Assurance Representative (QAR) and Quality Surveillance Representative (QSR).
- (1) The QAR is a Government Representative authorized to represent the Contracting Officer to assure the contractor complies with the contractual requirements in furnishing petroleum products and services.
- (2) The QSR is a Government Representative authorized to represent the Contracting Officer to assure the contractor complies with the contractual requirements in furnishing services.

### (b) Petroleum storage facilities shall include --

(1) The tanks enumerated in the Schedule and all installations, fixtures, and equipment required for safe and expeditious movement of petroleum products into and out of such tanks;

- (2) Fencing, flood lighting, dikes or fire walls, suitable fire fighting plan and watchman services to the extent necessary to comply with local regulations and standard commercial practices; and
- (3) Whatever unloading and loading facilities that may be required to receive and ship product by the method(s) specified in the Schedule.
- (c) The terms **isolated system** and **segregated system** mean a system that has a positive separation from other systems in a tank farm through the means of blind flanges, locked double-block and bleed-type valves, etc.
- (d) **Dedicated system** means a self contained, single product system with no pipeline connections to any other system in the facility.
- (e) **Common system** means a system that usually utilizes a manifold or pipeline that handles more than one product exclusively.
- (f) **Shell capacity** means the gross volumetric capacity of the storage tank as determined from tank calibration.
- (g) Fill capacity means the capacity of the storage tank when filled to the maximum fill level, i.e., the highest point to which a petroleum storage tank may be filled with product, allowing for product expansion and other safety considerations.
- (h) Product or products means the Government-owned petroleum product(s) within one of the following categories which the Schedule indicates the Contractor is to receive, store, handle, and ship under this contract:
  - (1) Crude oil shall include any unrefined petroleum in its natural state;
- (2) Light fuels includes any grade of the following distillate fuel types: aircraft engine fuels, motor gasoline, naphtha and like solvents, kerosene, diesel fuels and numbers 1 and 2 heating fuels;
  - (3) Heavy fuels includes number 4 heating fuel and all residual type fuels;
- (4) Lubricating oil includes all grades of such product utilized in aircraft, automotive, diesel, and marine engines;
  - (5) Packaged products means all products packaged in containers of 55-gallon capacity or less.
  - (i) Unit of quantity means--
    - (1) The U.S. gallon of 231 cubic inches;
    - (2) The barrel of 42 U.S. gallons;
    - (3) The long ton of 2240 pounds; and
    - (4) The pound of 16 ounces, depending upon the unit shown in the Schedule.
- (j) **Description of services to be performed** as stated in the CHANGES FIXED PRICE clause is defined to include, but is not limited to, the following:
  - (1) The grade or type of product by specification;
  - (2) The regular working hours set forth in the schedule;
  - (3) The method of receiving or shipping.
  - (4) The specifications of Contractor-furnished equipment,
  - (5) The provisions of the General Delivery Conditions as amended;
  - (6) The number of the Contractor-furnished units (equipment);
  - (7) The response time;
  - (8) The estimated truck movement; and
  - (9) The MERT hours.
- (k) **Equipment** or **delivery and servicing equipment** as used herein means those fuel and/or oil servicing units such as tank trucks, tank trailers, mobile hose carts, pantographs (fixed or mobile), small trailers and drums together with the necessary prime movers.
- (l) **Fuel and Oil** used herein means aircraft reciprocating engine fuel, aircraft turbine and jet engine fuel, aircraft reciprocating engine oil, and jet engine oil.
- (m) **Response time** is defined as that interval of time between the time a call is placed on the Contractor to service an aircraft and the time the Contractor's equipment is in position to service said aircraft.
- (n) For purposes of this contract, the term **truck movement** as set forth above is defined to be any of the following:
- (1) The movement of a refueler, defueler, or oiler to, and servicing of, an aircraft. In the event that more than one aircraft is serviced as a result of one service call, each individual aircraft servicing shall be considered a "truck movement."

- (2) The movement of a combination refueler/oiler which services an aircraft with both products. Such movement shall be considered a 1 1/2 "truck movement."
- (3) The movement of a combination refueler/oiler which services an aircraft with oil only. Such movement shall be considered one "truck movement."
- (4) Servicings of group support equipment, small tanks, and/or other units as designated by the Commanding Officer, with either jet fuel or AVGAS, shall count as truck movements if dispatched separately. Each such servicing, if performed in multiples or in conjunction with aircraft fuel delivery, shall be counted as a 1/5 "truck movement" with the exception of the first which will count as one "truck movement."
- (5) The movement of a refueler, defueler, or oiler as the result of a service call which is not completed, due to no fault of the Contractor.
- (6) The movement of a refueler, defueler, or oiler to a tank farm for purposes of refilling or discharging product as applicable. With regard to refueler refilling, only those refills totaling 1,000 gallons or more per vehicle shall be considered a truck movement. The Commanding Officer may, at his discretion, exercise control and supervision over the refilling/discharging operation. (DESC 52.202-9F35)

### I1.02 COMPUTER GENERATED FORMS (JAN 1991)

- (a) Any data required to be submitted on a Standard or Optional Form prescribed by the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) may be submitted on a computer generated version of the form, PROVIDED there is no change to the name, content, or sequence of the data elements on the form, and provided the form carries the Standard or Optional Form Number and edition date.
- (b) Unless prohibited by agency regulations, any data required to be submitted on an agency unique form prescribed by an agency supplement to the FAR may be submitted on a computer generated version of the form PROVIDED there is no change to the name, content, or sequence of the data elements on the form and provided the form carries the agency form number and edition date.
- (c) If the Contractor submits a computer generated version of a form that is different from the required form, then the rights and obligations of the parties will be determined based on the content of the required form.

(FAR 52.253-1)

### I1.06 REQUESTS FOR EQUITABLE ADJUSTMENT (MAR 1998)

- (a) The amount of any request for equitable adjustment to contract terms shall accurately reflect the contract adjustment for which the Contractor believes the Government is liable. The request shall include only costs for performing the change, and shall not include any costs that already have been reimbursed or that have been separately claimed. All indirect costs included in the request shall be properly allocable to the change in accordance with applicable acquisition regulations.
- (b) In accordance with 10 U.S.C. 2410(a), any request for equitable adjustment to contract terms that exceeds the simplified acquisition threshold shall bear, at the time of submission, the following certificate executed by an individual authorized to certify the request on behalf of the Contractor:

I certify that the request is made	in good faith, and that the supporting data are accurate
and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.	

(Official's Name)
(Title)

- (c) The certification in paragraph (b) of this clause requires full disclosure of all relevant facts, including—
- (1) Cost or pricing data if required in accordance with subpart 15.403-4 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR); and
- (2) Information other than cost or pricing data, in accordance with subsection 15.403-3 of the FAR, including actual cost data and data to support any estimated costs, even if cost or pricing data are not required.
  - (d) The certification requirement in paragraph (b) of this clause does not apply to—
- (1) Requests for routine contract payments; for example, requests for payment for accepted supplies and services, routine vouchers under a cost-reimbursement type contract, or progress payment invoices; or
  - (2) Final adjustments under an incentive provision of the contract. (DFARS 252.243-7002)

#### I1.19 AUTHORIZED DEVIATIONS IN CLAUSES (APR 1984)

- (a) The use in this solicitation or contract of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 1). clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the date of the clause.
- (b) The use in this solicitation or contract of any DOD FAR Supplement Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 2)

clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the name of the regulation.

(FAR 52.252-6)

#### I1.20 CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)

This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this/these addresses:

FAR/DFARS: <a href="http://farsite.hill.af.mil">http://farsite.hill.af.mil</a>
<a href="http://www.dla.mil/j-3/j-336">http://www.dla.mil/j-3/j-336</a>

(FAR 52.252-2)

# 11.22 PRICE OR FEE ADJUSTMENT FOR ILLEGAL OR IMPROPER ACTIVITY (JAN 1997)

- (a) The Government, at its election, may reduce the price of a fixed-price-type contract and the total cost and fee under a cost-type contract by the amount of profit or fee determined as set forth in paragraph (b) of this clause if the head of the contracting activity or designee determines that there was a violation of subsection 27(a), (b), or (c) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act, as amended (41 U.S.C. 423), as implemented in section 3.104 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.
  - (b) The price or fee reduction referred to in paragraph (a) of this clause shall be-
- (1) For cost-plus-fixed-fee contracts, the amount of the fee specified in the contract at the time of award;
- (2) For cost-plus-incentive-fee contracts, the target fee specified in the contract at the time of award, notwithstanding any minimum fee or "fee floor" specified in the contract.
  - (3) For cost-plus-award-fee contracts--
    - (i) The base fee established in the contract at the time of contract award;
- (ii) If no base fee is specified in the contract, 30 percent of the amount of each award fee otherwise payable to the Contractor for each award fee evaluation period or at each award fee determination point.
  - (4) For fixed-price-incentive contracts, the Government may--
- (i) Reduce the contract target price and contract target profit both by an amount equal to the initial target profit specified in the contract at the time of contract award; or
- (ii) If an immediate adjustment to the contract target price and contract target profit would have a significant adverse impact on the incentive price revision relationship under the contract, or adversely affect the contract financing provisions, the Contracting Officer may defer such adjustment until establishment of the total final price of the contract. The total final price established in accordance with the incentive price revision provisions of the contract shall be reduced by an amount equal to the initial target profit specified in the contract at the time of contract award and such reduced price shall be the total final contract price.
- (5) For firm-fixed-price contracts, by 10 percent of the initial contract price or a profit amount determined by the Contracting Officer from records or documents in existence prior to the date of the contract award.
- (c) The Government may, at its election, reduce a prime Contractor's price or fee in accordance with the procedures of paragraph (b) of this clause for violations of the Act by its subcontractors by an amount not to exceed the amount of profit or fee reflected in the subcontract at the time the subcontract was first definitively priced.
- (d) In addition to the remedies in paragraphs (a) and (c) of this clause, the Government may terminate this contract for default. The rights and remedies of the Government specified herein are not exclusive, and are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this contract. (FAR 52.203-10)

# I1.22-1 CANCELLATION, RESCISSION, AND RECOVERY OF FUNDS FOR ILLEGAL OR IMPROPER ACTIVITY (JAN 1997)

- (a) If the Government receives information that a Contractor or a person has engaged in conduct constituting a violation of subsection (a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 27 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 423) (the Act), as amended by section 4304 of the 1996 National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal year 1996 (Pub. L. 104-106), the Government may-
  - (1) Cancel the solicitation, if the contract has not yet been awarded or issued; or
  - (2) Rescind the contract with respect to which--
- (i) The Contractor or someone acting for the Contractor has been convicted for an offense where the conduct constitutes a violation of subsection 27(a) or (b) of the Act for the purpose of either--
  - (A) Exchanging the information covered by such subsections for anything of value; or
- (B) Obtaining or giving anyone a competitive advantage in the award of a Federal agency procurement contract; or
- (ii) The head of the contracting activity has determined, based upon a preponderance of the evidence, that the Contractor or someone acting for the Contractor has engaged in conduct constituting an offense punishable under subsection 27(e)(1) of the Act.
- (b) If the Government rescinds the contract under paragraph (a) of this clause, the Government is entitled to recover, in addition to any penalty prescribed by law, the amount expended under the contract.
- (c) The rights and remedies of the Government specified herein are not exclusive, and are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law, regulation, or under this contract. (FAR 52.203-8)

# II.24 LIMITATION ON PAYMENTS TO INFLUENCE CERTAIN FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS (JUN 1997)

### (a) DEFINITIONS.

Agency, as used in this clause, means executive agency as defined in 2.101.

Covered Federal action, as used in this clause, means any of the following Federal actions:

- (1) The awarding of any Federal contract.
- (2) The making of any Federal grant.
- (3) The making of any Federal loan.
- (4) The entering into of any cooperative agreement.
- (5) The extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

**Indian tribe** and **tribal organization**, as used in this clause, have the meaning provided in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450B) and include Alaskan Natives.

**Influencing or attempting to influence**, as used in this clause, means making, with the intent to influence, any communication to or appearance before an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any covered Federal action.

**Local government**, as used in this clause, means a unit of government in a State and, if chartered, established, or otherwise recognized by a State for the performance of a governmental duty, including a local public authority, a special district, an intrastate district, a council of governments, a sponsor group representative organization, and any other instrumentality of a local government.

Officer or employee of an agency, as used in this clause, includes the following individuals who are employed by an agency:

- (1) An individual who is appointed to a position in the Government under title 5, United States Code, including a position under a temporary appointment.
- (2) A member of the uniformed services, as defined in subsection 101(3), title 37, United States Code.
  - (3) A special Government employee, as defined in section 202, title 18, United States Code.
- (4) An individual who is a member of a Federal advisory committee, as defined by the Federal Advisory Committee Act, title 5, United States Code, appendix 2.

**Person**, as used in this clause, means an individual, corporation, company, association, authority, firm, partnership, society, State, and local government, regardless of whether such entity is operated for profit or not

for profit. This term excludes an Indian tribe, tribal organization, or any other Indian organization with respect to expenditures specifically permitted by other Federal law.

**Reasonable compensation**, as used in this clause, means, with respect to a regularly employed officer or employee of any person, compensation that is consistent with the normal compensation for such officer or employee for work that is not furnished to, not funded by, or not furnished in cooperation with the Federal Government.

**Reasonable payment**, as used in this clause, means, with respect to professional and other technical services, a payment in an amount that is consistent with the amount normally paid for such services in the private sector.

**Recipient**, as used in this clause, includes the Contractor and all subcontractors. This term excludes an Indian tribe, tribal organization, or any other Indian organization with respect to expenditures specifically permitted by other Federal law.

Regularly employed, as used in this clause, means, with respect to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a Federal contract, an officer or employee who is employed by such person for at least 130 working days within 1 year immediately preceding the date of the submission that initiates agency consideration of such person for receipt of such contract. An officer or employee who is employed by such person for less than 130 working days within 1 year immediately preceding the date of the submission that initiates agency consideration of such person shall be considered to be regularly employed as soon as he or she is employed by such person for 130 working days.

**State**, as used in this clause, means a State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, a territory or possession of the United States, an agency or instrumentality of a State, and multi-State, regional, or interstate entity having governmental duties and powers.

#### (b) PROHIBITIONS.

- (1) Section 1352 of Title 31, United States Code, among other things, prohibits a recipient of a Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement from using appropriated funds to pay any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any of the following covered Federal actions: the awarding of any Federal contract; the making of any Federal grant; the making of any Federal loan; the entering into of any cooperative agreement; or the modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- (2) The Act also requires Contractors to furnish a disclosure if any funds other than Federal appropriated funds (including profit or fee received under a covered Federal transaction) have been paid, or will be paid, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with a Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
  - (3) The prohibitions of the Act do not apply under the following conditions:

### (i) AGENCY AND LEGISLATIVE LIAISON BY OWN EMPLOYEES.

- (A) The prohibition on the use of appropriated funds, in subparagraph (b)(1) of this clause, does not apply in the case of a payment of reasonable compensation made to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action if the payment is for agency and legislative liaison activities not directly related to a covered Federal action.
- (B) For purposes of subdivision (b)(3)(i)(A) of this clause, providing any information specifically requested by an agency or Congress is permitted at any time.
- (C) The following agency and legislative liaison activities are permitted at any time where they are not related to a specific solicitation for any covered Federal action:
- (a) Discussing with an agency the qualities and characteristics (including individual demonstrations) of the person's products or services, conditions or terms of sale, and service capabilities.
- (b) Technical discussions and other activities regarding the application or adaptation of the person's products or services for an agency's use.
- (D) The following agency and legislative liaison activities are permitted where they are prior to formal solicitation of any covered Federal action:
- (a) Providing any information not specifically requested but necessary for an agency to make an informed decision about initiation of a covered Federal action;

- (b) Technical discussions regarding the preparation of an unsolicited proposal prior to its official submission; and
- (c) Capability presentations by persons seeking awards from an agency pursuant to the provisions of the Small Business Act, as amended by Public Law 95-507, and subsequent amendments.
- (E) Only those services expressly authorized by subdivision (b)(3)(i)(A) of this clause are permitted under this clause.

#### (ii) PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL SERVICES.

- (A) The prohibition on the use of appropriated funds, in subparagraph (b)(1) of this clause, does not apply in the case of--
- (a) A payment of reasonable compensation made to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action or an extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of a covered Federal action, if payment is for professional or technical services rendered directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of any bid, proposal, or application for that Federal action or for meeting requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving that Federal action.
- (b) Any reasonable payment to a person, other than an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action or an extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of a covered Federal action if the payment is for professional or technical services rendered directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of any bid, proposal, or application for that Federal action or for meeting requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving that Federal action. Persons other than officers or employees of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action include consultants and trade associations.
- (B) For purposes of subdivision (b)(3)(ii)(A) of this clause, "professional and technical services" shall be limited to advice and analysis directly applying any professional or technical discipline. For example, drafting of a legal document accompanying a bid or proposal by a lawyer is allowable. Similarly, technical advice provided by an engineer on the performance or operational capability of a piece of equipment rendered directly in the negotiation of a contract is allowable. However, communications with the intent to influence made by a professional (such as a licensed lawyer) or a technical person (such as a licensed accountant) are not allowable under this section unless they provide advice and analysis directly applying their professional or technical expertise and unless the advice or analysis is rendered directly and solely in the preparation, submission or negotiation of a covered Federal action. Thus, for example, communications with the intent to influence made by a lawyer that do not provide legal advice or analysis directly and solely related to the legal aspects of his or her client's proposal, but generally advocate one proposal over another are not allowable under this section because the lawyer is not providing professional legal services. Similarly, communications with the intent to influence made by an engineer providing an engineering analysis prior to the preparation or submission of a bid or proposal are not allowable under this section since the engineer is providing technical services but not directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of a covered Federal action.
- (C) Requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving a covered Federal award include those required by law or regulation and any other requirements in the actual award documents.
- (D) Only those services expressly authorized by subdivisions (b)(3)(ii)(A)(a) and (b) of this clause are permitted under this clause.
- (E) The reporting requirements of FAR 3.803(a) shall not apply with respect to payments of reasonable compensation made to regularly employed officers or employees of a person.

#### (iii) DISCLOSURE.

- (A) Each person who requests or receives from an agency a Federal contract shall file with that agency a disclosure form, OMB standard form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, if such person has made or has agreed to make any payments using nonappropriated funds (to INCLUDE profits from any covered Federal action), which would be prohibited under subparagraph (b)(1) of this clause, if paid for with appropriated funds.
- (B) The Contractor shall file a disclosure form at the end of each calendar quarter in which there occurs any event that materially affects the accuracy of the information contained in any disclosure form previously filed by such person under subdivision (A) of this clause. An event that materially affects the accuracy of the information reported includes--
- (a) A cumulative increase of \$25,000 or more in the amount paid or expected to be paid for influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action;
- (b) A change in the person(s) or individual(s) influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action; or

- (c) A change in the officer(s), employee(s), or Members(s) contacted to influence or attempt to influence a covered Federal action.
- (C) The Contractor shall require the submittal of a certification, and if required, a disclosure form by any person who requests or receives any subcontract exceeding \$100,000 under the Federal contract.
- (D) All subcontractor disclosure forms (but not certifications) shall be forwarded from tier to tier until received by the prime Contractor. The prime Contractor shall submit all disclosures to the Contracting Officer at the end of the calendar quarter in which the disclosure form is submitted by the subcontractor. Each subcontractor certification shall be retained in the subcontract file of the awarding Contractor.
  - (iv) **AGREEMENT.** The Contractor agrees not to make any payment prohibited by this clause.
  - (v) PENALTIES.
- (A) Any person who makes an expenditure prohibited under paragraph (a) of this clause or who fails to file or amend the disclosure form to be filed or amended by paragraph (b) of this clause shall be subject to civil penalties as provided for by 31 U.S.C. 1352. An imposition of a civil penalty does not prevent the Government from seeking any other remedy that may be applicable.
- (B) Contractors may rely without liability on the representation made by their subcontractors in the certification and disclosure form.
- (vi) **COST ALLOWABILITY.** Nothing in this clause makes allowable or reasonable any costs which would otherwise be unallowable or unreasonable. Conversely, costs made specifically unallowable by the requirements in this clause will not be made allowable under any other provision. (FAR 52.203-12)

#### 12 CONTROL OF GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL WORK PRODUCT (APR 1992)

The Contractor's procedures for protecting against unauthorized disclosure of information shall not require Department of Defense employees or members of the Armed Forces to relinquish control of their work products, whether classified or not, to the Contractor. (DFARS 252.204-7003)

#### **12.01** CHANGES - FIXED-PRICE (ALT I) (AUG 1987/APR 1984)

- (a) The Contracting Officer may at any time, by written order, and without notice to the sureties, if any, make changes within the general scope of this contract in any one or more of the following:
  - (1) Description of services to be performed.
  - (2) Time of performance (i.e., hours of the day, days of the week, etc.).
  - (3) Place of performance of the services.
- (b) If any such change causes an increase or decrease in the cost of, or the time required for, performance of any part of the work under this contract, whether or not changed by the order, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the contract price, the delivery schedule, or both, and shall modify the contract.
- (c) The Contractor must assert its right to an adjustment under this clause within 30 days from the date of receipt of the written order. However, if the Contracting Officer decides that the facts justify it, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon a proposal submitted before final payment of the contract.
- (d) If the Contractor's proposal includes the cost of property made obsolete or excess by the change, the Contracting Officer shall have the right to prescribe the manner of the disposition of the property.
- (e) Failure to agree to any adjustment shall be a dispute under the DISPUTES clause. However, nothing in this clause shall excuse the Contractor from proceeding with the contract as changed. (FAR 52.243-1/Alt I)

#### 12.07 CHANGES - FIXED-PRICE (ALT III) (AUG 1987/APR 1984)

- (a) The Contracting Officer may at any time, by written order, and without notice to the sureties, if any, make changes within the general scope of this contract in the services to be performed.
- (b) If any such change causes an increase or decrease in the cost of, or the time required for, performance of any part of the work under this contract, whether or not changed by the order, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the contract price, the delivery schedule, or both, and shall modify the contract.
- (c) The Contractor must assert its rights to an adjustment under this clause within 30 days from the date of receipt of the written order. However, if the Contracting Officer decides that the facts justify it, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon a proposal submitted before final payment of the contract.
- (d) If the Contractor's proposal includes the cost of property made obsolete or excess by the change, the Contracting Officer shall have the right to prescribe the manner of the disposition of the property.

- (e) Failure to agree to any adjustment shall be a dispute under the DISPUTES clause. However, nothing in this clause shall excuse the Contractor from proceeding with the contract as changed.
- (f) No services for which an additional cost or fee will be charged by the Contractor shall be furnished without the prior written authorization of the Contracting Officer. (FAR 52.243-1/Alt III)

#### **I3 EXTRAS (APR 1984)**

Except as otherwise provided in this contract, no payment for extras shall be made unless such extras and the price therefor have been authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer. (FAR 52.232-11)

#### I3.01 PROMPT PAYMENT (FEB 2002)

Notwithstanding any other payment clause in this contract, the Government will make invoice payments under the terms and conditions specified in this clause. The Government considers payment as being made on the day a check is dated or the date of an electronic funds transfer (EFT). Definitions of pertinent terms are set forth in Sections 2.101, 32.001, and 32.902 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation. All days referred to in this clause are calendar days, unless otherwise specified. (However, see subparagraph (a)(4) of this clause concerning payments due on Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays.)

### (a) INVOICE PAYMENTS.

#### (1) DUE DATE.

- (i) Except as indicated in paragraphs (a)(2) and (c) of this clause, the due date for making invoice payments by the designated payment office is the later of the following two events:
- (A) The 30th day after the designated billing office receives a proper invoice from the Contractor (except as provided in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this clause).
- (B) The 30th day after Government acceptance of supplies delivered or services performed. For a final invoice, when the payment amount is subject to contract settlement actions, acceptance is deemed to occur on the effective date of the contract settlement.
- (ii) If the designated billing office fails to annotate the invoice with the actual date of receipt at the time of receipt, the invoice payment due date is the 30th day after the date of the Contractor's invoice, provided the designated billing office receives a proper invoice and there is no disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with contract requirements.

# (2) CERTAIN FOOD PRODUCTS AND OTHER PAYMENTS.

- (i) Due dates on Contractor invoices for meat, meat food products, or fish; perishable agricultural commodities, and dairy products; edible fats or oils, and food products prepared from edible fats or oils are--
- (A) For meat and meat food products, as defined in Section 2(a)(3) of the Packers and Stockyard Act of 1921 (7 U.S.C. 182(3)), and as further defined in Public Law 98-181, including any edible fresh or frozen poultry meat, any perishable poultry meat food product, fresh eggs, and any perishable egg product, as close as possible to, but no later than, the 7th day after product delivery.
- (B) For fresh or frozen fish, as defined in Section 204(3) of the Fish and Seafood Promotion Act of 1986 (16 U.S.C. 4003(3)), as close as possible to, but not later than, the 7th day after product delivery.
- (C) For perishable agricultural commodities, as defined in Section 1(4) of the Perishable Agricultural Commodities Act of 1930 (7 U.S.C. 499a(4)), as close as possible to, but not later than, the 10th day after product delivery, unless another date is specified in the contract.
- (D) For dairy products, as defined in Section 111(e) of the Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 4502(e)), edible fats or oils, and food products prepared from edible fats or oils, as close as possible to, but not later than, the 10th day after the date on which a proper invoice has been received. Liquid milk, cheese, certain processed cheese products, butter, yogurt, ice cream, mayonnaise, salad dressings, and other similar products, fall within this classification. Nothing in the Act limits this classification to refrigerated products. When questions arise regarding the proper classification of a specific product, prevailing industry practices will be followed in specifying a contract payment due date. The burden of proof that a classification of a specific product is, in fact, prevailing industry practice is upon the Contractor making the representation.
- (ii) If the contract does not require submission of an invoice for payment (e.g., periodic lease payments), the due date will be as specified in the contract.
- (3) **CONTRACTOR'S INVOICE.** The Contractor shall prepare and submit invoices to the designated billing office specified in the contract. A proper invoice must include the items listed in paragraphs (a)(3)(i) through (a)(3)(x) of this clause. If the invoice does not comply with these requirements, the designated billing office

will return it within 7 days after receipt (3 days for meat, meat food products, or fish; 5 days for perishable agricultural commodities, dairy products, edible fats or oils, and food products prepared from edible fats or oils) with the reasons why it is not a proper invoice. The Government will take into account untimely notification when computing any interest penalty owed the Contractor.

- (i) Name and address of the Contractor.
- (ii) Invoice date and invoice number. (The Contractor should date invoices as close as possible to the date of the mailing or transmission.)
- (iii) Contract number or other authorization for supplies delivered or services performed (including order number and contract line item number).
- (iv) Description, quantity, unit of measure, unit price, and extended price of supplies delivered or services performed.
- (v) Shipping and payment terms (e.g., shipment number and date of shipment, discount for prompt payment terms). Bill of lading number and weight of shipment will be shown for shipments on Government bills of lading.
- (vi) Name and address of Contractor official to whom payment is to be sent (must be the same as that in the contract or in a proper notice of assignment).
- (vii) Name (where practicable), title, phone number, and mailing address of person to be notified in the event of a defective invoice.
- (viii) **TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (TIN).** The Contractor shall include its TIN on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.

### (ix) ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER (EFT) BANKING INFORMATION.

- (A) The Contractor shall include EFT banking information on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.
- (B) If EFT banking information is not required to be on the invoice, in order for the invoice to be a proper invoice, the Contractor shall have submitted correct EFT banking information in accordance with the applicable solicitation provision (e.g., 52.232-38, Submission of Electronic Funds Transfer Information with Offer), contract clause (e.g., 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer Central Contractor Registration; or 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer Other Than Central Contractor Registration), or applicable agency procedures.
- (C) EFT banking information is not required if the Government waived the requirement to pay by EFT.
  - (x) Any other information or documentation required by the contract (e.g., evidence of shipment).
- (4) **INTEREST PENALTY.** The designated payment office will pay an interest penalty automatically, without request from the Contractor, if payment is not made by the due date and the conditions listed in paragraphs (a)(4)(i) through (a)(4)(iii) of this clause are met, if applicable. However, when the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the designated payment office may make payment on the following working day without incurring a late payment interest penalty.
  - (i) The designated billing office received a proper invoice.
- (ii) The Government processed a receiving report or other Government documentation authorizing payment, and there was no disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with any contract term or condition.
- (iii) In the case of a final invoice for any balance of funds due the Contractor for supplies delivered or services performed, the amount was not subject to further contract settlement actions between the Government and the Contractor.
- (5) **COMPUTING PENALTY AMOUNT.** The Government will compute the interest penalty in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315.
- (i) For the sole purpose of computing an interest penalty that might be due the Contractor, Government acceptance is deemed to occur constructively on the 7th day (unless otherwise specified in this contract) after the Contractor delivers the supplies or performs the services in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract, unless there is a disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with a contract provision. If the actual acceptance occurs within the constructive acceptance period, the Government will base the determination of an interest penalty on the actual date of acceptance. The constructive acceptance requirement does not, however, compel Government officials to accept supplies or services, perform contract administration functions, or make payment prior to fulfilling their responsibilities.

- (ii) The prompt payment regulation at 5 CFR 1315.10(c) do not require the Government to pay interest penalties if payment delays are due to disagreement between the Government and the Contractor over the payment amount or other issues involving contract compliance or on amounts temporarily withheld or retained in accordance with the terms of the contract. The Government and the Contractor shall resolve claims involving disputes and any interest that may be payable in accordance with the clause at 52.233-1, Disputes.
- (6) **DISCOUNTS FOR PROMPT PAYMENT.** The designated payment office will pay an interest penalty automatically, without request from the Contractor, if the Government takes a discount for prompt payment improperly. The Government will calculate the interest penalty in accordance with the prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315.

#### (7) ADDITIONAL INTEREST PENALTY.

- (i) The designated payment office will pay a penalty amount, calculated in accordance with the prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315 in addition to the interest penalty amount only if--
  - (A) The Government owes an interest penalty of \$1.00 or more;
- (B) The designated payment office does not pay the interest penalty within 10 days after the date the invoice amount is paid; and
- (C) The Contractor shall make a written demand to the designated payment office for additional penalty payment, in accordance with paragraph (a)(7)(ii) of this clause, postmarked not later than 40 days after the invoice amount is paid.
- (ii) (A) The Contractor shall support written demands for additional penalty payments with the following data. The Government will not request any additional data. The Contractor shall--
- (a) Specifically assert that late payment interest is due under a specific invoice, and request payment of all overdue late payment interest penalty and such additional penalty as may be required;
  - (b) Attach a copy of the invoice on which the unpaid late payment interest is due; and
  - (c) State that payment of the principal has been received, including the date of receipt.
  - (B) If there is no postmark or the postmark is illegible--
- (a) The designated payment office that receives the demand will annotate it with the date of receipt, provided the demand is received on or before the 40th day after payment was made; or
- (b) If the designated payment office fails to make the required annotation, the Government will determine the demand's validity based on the date the Contractor has placed on the demand, provided such date is no later than the 40th day after payment was made.
- (iii) The additional penalty does not apply to payments regulated by other Government regulations (e.g., payments under utility contracts subject to tariffs and regulation).
- (b) **CONTRACT FINANCING PAYMENT.** If this contract provides for contract financing, the Government will make contract financing payments in accordance with the applicable contract financing clause.
- (c) **FAST PAYMENT PROCEDURE DUE DATES.** If this contract contains the clause at 52.213-1, Fast Payment Procedure, payments will be made within 15 days after the date of receipt of the invoice.
- (d) **OVERPAYMENTS.** If the Contractor becomes aware of a duplicate payment or that the Government has otherwise overpaid on an invoice payment, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer and request instructions for disposition of the overpayment. (FAR 52.232-25)

# I4 DISCOUNTS FOR PROMPT PAYMENT (FEB 2002)

- (a) Discounts for prompt payments will not be considered in the evaluation of offers. However, any offered discount will form a part of the award, and will be taken if payment is made within the discount period indicated in the offer by the offeror. As an alternative to offering a discount for prompt payment in conjunction with the offer, offerors awarded contracts may include discounts for prompt payment on individual invoices.
- (b) In connection with any discount offered for prompt payment, time shall be computed from the date of the invoice. If the Contractor has not placed a date on the invoice, the due date shall be calculated from the date the designated billing office receives a proper invoice, provided the agency annotates such invoice with the date of receipt at the time of receipt. For the purpose of computing the discount earned, payment shall be considered to have been made on the date that appears on the payment check or, for an electronic funds transfer, the specified payment date. When the discount date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday when the Federal Government offices are closed and Government business is not expected to be conducted, payment may be made on the following business day.

(FAR 52.232-8)

### 17 PRINTED OR COPIED DOUBLE-SIDED ON RECYCLED PAPER (AUG 2000)

(a) **DEFINITIONS.** As used in this clause—

**Postconsumer material** means a material or finished product that has served its intended use and has been discarded for disposal or recovery, having completed its life as a consumer item. Postconsumer material is a part of the broader category of **recovered material**. For paper and paper products, postconsumer material means **postconsumer fiber** defined by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as—

- (1) Paper, paperboard, and fibrous materials from retail stores, office buildings, homes, and so forth, after they have passed through their end-usage as a consumer item, including: used corrugated boxes; old newspapers; old magazines; mixed waste paper; tabulating cards; and used cordage; or
- (2) All paper, paperboard, and fibrous materials that enter and are collected from municipal solid waste; but not
  - (3) Fiber derived form printers' over-runs, converters' scrap, and over-issue publications.

**Printed or copied double-sided** means printing or reproducing a document so that information is on both sides of a sheet of paper.

**Recovered material**, for paper and paper products, is defined by EPA in its Comprehensive Procurement Guideline as **recovered fiber** and means the following materials:

- (1) Postconsumer fiber, and
- (2) Manufacturing wastes such as-
- (i) Dry paper and paperboard waste generated after completion of the papermaking process (that is, those manufacturing operations up to and including the cutting and trimming of the paper machine reel into smaller rolls or rough sheets) including: envelope cuttings, bindery trimmings, and other paper and paperboard waste resulting from printing, cutting forming, and other converting operations; bag, box, and carton manufacturing wastes; and butt rolls, mill wrappers, and rejected unused stock; and
- (ii) Repulped finished paper and paperboard from obsolete inventories of paper and paperboard manufacturers, merchants, wholesalers, dealers, printers, converters, or others.
- (b) In accordance with Section 101 of Executive Order 13101 of September 14, 1998, Greening the Government through Waste Prevention, Recycling, and Federal Acquisition, the contractor is encouraged to submit paper documents, such as offers, letters, or reports, that are printed or copied double-sided on recycled paper that meet minimum content standards specified in Section 505 of Executive Order 13101, when not using electronic commerce methods to submit information or data to the Government.
- (c) If the Contractor cannot purchase high speed copier paper, offset paper, forms bond, computer printout paper, carbonless paper, file folders, white woven envelopes, writing and office paper, book paper, cotton fiber paper, and cover stock meeting the 30 percent postconsumer material standard for use in submitting paper documents to the Government, it should use paper containing no less than 20 percent postconsumer material. The lesser standard should be used only when paper meeting the 30 percent postconsumer material standard is not obtainable at a reasonable price or does not meet reasonable performance standards. (FAR 52.204-4)

# 18.02 ASSIGNMENT OF CLAIMS (ALT I) (JAN 1986/APR 1984)

- (a) The Contractor, under the Assignment of Claims Act, as amended, 31 U.S.C. 3727, 41 U.S.C. 15 (hereafter referred to as "the Act"), may assign its rights to be paid amounts due or to become due as a result of the performance of this contract to a bank, trust company, or other financing institution, including any Federal lending agency. The assignee under such an assignment may thereafter further assign or reassign its right under the original assignment to any type of financing institution described in the preceding sentence. Unless otherwise stated in this contract, payments to an assignee of any amounts due or to become due under this contract shall not, to the extent specified in the Act, be subject to reduction or setoff.
- (b) Any assignment or reassignment authorized under the Act and this clause shall cover all unpaid amounts payable under this contract, and shall not be made to more than one party, except that an assignment or reassignment may be made to one party as agent or trustee for two or more parties participating in the financing of this contract.
- (c) The Contractor shall not furnish or disclose to any assignee under this contract any classified document (including this contract) or information related to work under this contract until the Contracting Officer authorizes such action in writing.

  (FAR 52.232-23/Alt I)

### I11.03 DEFAULT (FIXED-PRICE SUPPLY AND SERVICE) (APR 1984)

(a) (1) The Government may, subject to paragraphs (c) and (d) below, by written notice of default to the Contractor, terminate this contract in whole or in part if the Contractor fails to--

- (i) Deliver the supplies or to perform the services within the time specified in this contract or any extension;
  - (ii) Make progress, so as to endanger performance of this contract (but see subparagraph (a)(2)

below); or

- (iii) Perform any of the other provisions of this contract (but see subparagraph (a)(2) below).
- (2) The Government's right to terminate this contract under subdivisions (1)(ii) and (1)(iii) above, may be exercised if the Contractor does not cure such failure within 10 days (or more if authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer) after receipt of the notice from the Contracting Officer specifying the failure.
- (b) If the Government terminates this contract in whole or in part, it may acquire, under the terms and in the manner the Contracting Officer considers appropriate, supplies or services similar to those terminated, and the Contractor will be liable to the Government for any excess costs for those supplies or services. However, the Contractor shall continue the work not terminated.
- (c) Except for defaults of subcontractors at any tier, the Contractor shall not be liable for any excess costs if the failure to perform the contract arises from causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor. Examples of such causes include (1) acts of God or of the public enemy, (2) acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, (3) fires, (4) floods, (5) epidemics, (6) quarantine restrictions (7) strikes, (8) freight embargoes, and (9) unusually severe weather. In each instance, the failure to perform must be beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor.
- (d) If the failure to perform is caused by the default of a subcontractor at any tier, and if the cause of the default is beyond the control of both the Contractor and subcontractor, and without the fault or negligence of either, the Contractor shall not be liable for any excess costs for failure to perform, unless the subcontracted supplies or services were obtainable from other sources in sufficient time for the Contractor to meet the required delivery schedule.
- (e) If this contract is terminated for default, the Government may require the Contractor to transfer title and deliver to the Government, as directed by the Contracting Officer, any (1) completed supplies, and (2) partially completed supplies and materials, parts, tools, dies, jigs, fixtures, plans, drawings, information, and contract rights (collectively referred to as "manufacturing materials" in this clause) that the Contractor has specifically produced or acquired for the terminated portion of this contract. Upon direction of the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall also protect and preserve property in its possession in which the Government has an interest.
- (f) The Government shall pay contract price for completed supplies delivered and accepted. The Contractor and Contracting Officer shall agree on the amount of payment for manufacturing materials delivered and accepted and for the protection and preservation of the property. Failure to agree will be a dispute under the DISPUTES clause. The Government may withhold from these amounts any sum the Contracting Officer determines to be necessary to protect the Government against loss because of outstanding liens or claims of former lien holders.
- (g) If, after termination, it is determined that the Contractor was not in default, or that the default was excusable, the rights and obligations of the parties shall be the same as if the termination had been issued for the convenience of the Government.
- (h) The rights and remedies of the Government in this clause are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this contract. (FAR 52.249-8)

#### I11.04 BANKRUPTCY (JUL 1995)

In the event the Contractor enters into proceedings relating to bankruptcy, whether voluntary or involuntary, the Contractor agrees to furnish, by certified mail or electronic commerce method authorized by the contract, written notification of the bankruptcy to the Contracting Officer responsible for administering the contract. This notification shall be furnished within five days of the initiation of the proceedings relating to bankruptcy filing. This notification shall include the date on which the bankruptcy petition was filed, the identity of the court in which the bankruptcy petition was filed, and a listing of Government contract numbers and contracting offices for all Government contracts against which final payment has not been made. This obligation remains in effect until final payment under this contract.

(FAR 52.242-13)

#### I12.01 DISPUTES (JUL 2002)

- (a) This contract is subject to the Contract Disputes Act of 1978, as amended (41 U.S.C. 601-613).
- (b) Except as provided in the Act, all disputes arising under or relating to this contract shall be resolved under this clause.

- (c) Claim, as used in this clause, means a written demand or written assertion by one of the contracting parties seeking, as a matter of right, the payment of money in a sum certain, the adjustment or interpretation of contract terms, or other relief arising under or relating to this contract. However, a written demand or written assertion by the Contractor seeking the payment of money exceeding \$100,000 is not a claim under the Act until certified. A voucher, invoice, or other routine request for payment that is not in dispute when submitted is not a claim under the Act. The submission may be converted to a claim under the Act, by complying with the submission and certification requirements of this clause, if it is disputed either as to liability or amount or is not acted upon in a reasonable time.
- (d) (1) A claim by the Contractor shall be made in writing and, unless otherwise stated in this contract, submitted within 6 years after accrual of the claim to the Contracting Officer for a written decision. A claim by the Government against the Contractor shall be subject to a written decision by the Contracting Officer.
- (2) (i) The Contractor shall provide the certification specified in subsection (d)(2)(iii) of this clause when submitting any claim exceeding \$100,000.
- (ii) The certification requirement does not apply to issues in controversy that have not been submitted as all or part of a claim.
- (iii) The certification shall state as follows: "I certify that the claim is made in good faith; that the supporting data are accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief; that the amount requested accurately reflects the contract adjustment for which the Contractor believes the Government is liable; and that I am duly authorized to certify the claim on behalf of the Contractor."
- (3) The certification may be executed by any person duly authorized to bind the Contractor with respect to the claim.
- (e) For Contractor claims of \$100,000 or less, the Contracting Officer must, if requested in writing by the Contractor, render a decision within 60 days of the request. For Contractor-certified claims over \$100,000, the Contracting Officer must, within 60 days, decide the claim or notify the Contractor of the date by which the decision will be made.
- (f) The Contracting Officer's decision shall be final unless the Contractor appeals or files a suit as provided in the Act.
- (g) If the claim by the Contractor is submitted to the Contracting Officer or a claim by the Government is presented to the Contractor, the parties, by mutual consent, may agree to use alternative dispute resolution (ADR). If the Contractor refuses an offer for ADR, the Contractor shall inform the Contracting Officer, in writing, of the Contractor's specific reasons for rejecting the offer.
- (h) The Government shall pay interest on the amount found due and unpaid from (1) the date the Contracting Officer receives the claim (certified, if required), or (2) the date payment otherwise would be due, if that date is later, until the date of payment. With regard to claims having defective certifications, as defined in FAR 33.201, interest shall be paid from the date that the Contracting Officer initially receives the claim. Simple interest on claims shall be paid at the rate, fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in the Act, that is applicable to the period during which the Contracting Officer receives the claim and then at the rate applicable for each 6-month period as fixed by the Treasury Secretary during the pendency of the claim.
- (i) The Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of this contract, pending final resolution of any request for relief, claim, appeal, or action arising under the contract, and comply with any decision of the Contracting Officer. (FAR 52.233-1)

#### I12.02 CHOICE OF LAW (OVERSEAS) (JUN 1997)

This contract shall be construed and interpreted in accordance with the substantive laws of the United States of America. By the execution of this contract, the Contractor expressly agrees to waive any rights to invoke the jurisdiction of local national courts where this contract is performed and agrees to accept the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals and the United States Court of Federal Claims for the hearing and determination of any and all disputes that may arise under the Disputes clause of this contract.

(DFARS 252.233-7001)

# I12.03 PROTEST AFTER AWARD (AUG 1996)

(a) Upon receipt of a notice of protest (as defined in FAR 33.101) or a determination that a protest is likely (see FAR 33.102(d)), the Contracting Officer may, by written order to the Contractor, direct the Contractor to stop performance of the work called for by this contract. The order shall be specifically identified as a stop-work order issued under this clause. Upon receipt of the order, the Contractor shall immediately comply with its terms and take all

reasonable steps to minimize the incurrence of costs allocable to the work covered by the order during the period of work stoppage. Upon receipt of the final decision in the protest, the Contracting Officer shall either--

- (1) Cancel the stop-work order; or
- (2) Terminate the work covered by the order as provided in the DEFAULT, or the TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE OF THE GOVERNMENT, clause of this contract.
- (b) If a stop-work order issued under this clause is canceled either before or after a final decision in the protest, the Contractor shall resume work. The Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule or contract price, or both, and the contract shall be modified in writing accordingly, if-
- (1) The stop-work order results in an increase in the time required for, or in the Contractor's cost properly allocable to the performance of any part of this contract; and
- (2) The Contractor asserts its right to an adjustment within 30 days after the end of the period of work stoppage; PROVIDED, that if the Contracting Officer decides the facts justify the action, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon a proposal at any time before final payment under this contract.
- (c) If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for the convenience of the Government, the Contracting Officer shall allow reasonable costs resulting from the stop-work order in arriving at the termination settlement.
- (d) If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for default, the Contracting Officer shall allow, by equitable adjustment or otherwise, reasonable costs resulting from the stop-work order.
- (e) The Government's rights to terminate this contract at any time are not affected by action taken under this clause.
- (f) If, as the result of the Contractor's intentional or negligent misstatement, misrepresentation, or miscertification, a protest related to this contract is sustained, and the Government pays costs, as provided in FAR 33.102(b)(2) or 33.104(h)(1), the Government may require the Contractor to reimburse the Government the amount of such costs. In addition to any other remedy available, and pursuant to the requirements of Subpart 32.6, the Government may collect this debt by offsetting the amount against any payment due the Contractor under any contract between the Contractor and the Government. (FAR 52.233-3)

### 120 COVENANT AGAINST CONTINGENT FEES (APR 1984)

- (a) The Contractor warrants that no person or agency has been employed or retained to solicit or obtain this contract upon an agreement or understanding for a contingent fee, except a bona fide employee or agency. For breach or violation of this warranty, the Government shall have the right to annul this contract without liability or, in its discretion, to deduct from the contract price or consideration, or otherwise recover, the full amount of the contingent fee.
- (b) (1) Bona fide agency, as used in this clause, means an established commercial or selling agency, maintained by a contractor for the purpose of securing business, that neither exerts nor proposes to exert improper influence to solicit or obtain Government contracts nor holds itself out as being able to obtain any Government contract or contracts through improper influence.
- (2) **Bona fide employee**, as used in this clause, means a person, employed by a contractor and subject to the contractor's supervision and control as to time, place, and manner of performance, who neither exerts nor proposes to exert improper influence to solicit or obtain Government contracts nor holds out as being able to obtain any Government contract or contracts through improper influence.
- (3) **Contingent fee**, as used in this clause, means any commission, percentage, brokerage, or other fee that is contingent upon the success that a person or concern has in securing a Government contract.
- (4) **Improper influence**, as used in this clause, means any influence that induces or tends to induce a Government employee or officer to give consideration or to act regarding a Government contract on any basis other than the merits of the matter. (FAR 52.203-5)

### 124 NOTICE TO THE GOVERNMENT OF LABOR DISPUTES (FEB 1997)

If the Contractor has knowledge that any actual or potential labor dispute is delaying or threatens to delay the timely performance of this contract, the Contractor shall immediately give notice, including all relevant information, to the Contracting Officer. (FAR 52.222-1)

### I27 GRATUITIES (APR 1984)

- (a) The right of the Contractor to proceed may be terminated by written notice if, after notice and hearing, the agency head or a designee determines that the Contractor, its agent, or another representative--
- (1) Offered or gave a gratuity (e.g., an entertainment or gift) to an officer, official, or employee of the Government; and
  - (2) Intended, by the gratuity, to obtain a contract or favorable treatment under a contract.
  - (b) The facts supporting this determination may be reviewed by any court having lawful jurisdiction.
  - (c) If this contract is terminated under paragraph (a) above, the Government is entitled--
    - (1) To pursue the same remedies as in a breach of the contract; and
- (2) In addition to any other damages provided by law, to exemplary damages of not less than 3 nor more than 10 times the cost incurred by the Contractor in giving gratuities to the person concerned, as determined by the agency head or a designee. (This subparagraph (c)(2) is applicable only if this contract uses money appropriated to the Department of Defense.)
- (d) The rights and remedies of the Government provided in this clause shall not be exclusive and are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this contract. (FAR 52.203-3)

#### 128.21 TAXES - FOREIGN FIXED-PRICE CONTRACTS (JAN 1991)

- (a) To the extent that this contract provides for furnishing supplies or performing services outside the United States, its possessions, and Puerto Rico, this clause applies in lieu of any Federal, State, and local taxes clause of the contract.
- (b) Contract date, as used in this clause, means the date set for bid opening or, if this is a negotiated contact or a modification, the effective date of this contact or modification.

**Country concerned**, as used in this clause, means any country, other than the United States, its possessions, and Puerto Rico, in which expenditures under this contact are made.

**Tax** and **taxes**, as used in this clause, include fees and charges for doing business that are levied by the government of the country concerned or by its political subdivisions.

All applicable taxes and duties, as used in this clause, means all taxes and duties, in effect on the contract date, that the taxing authority is imposing and collecting on the transactions or property covered by this contract, pursuant to written ruling or regulation in effect on the contract date.

After-imposed tax, as used in this clause, means any new or increased tax or duty, or tax that was exempted or excluded on the contract date but whose exemption was later revoked or reduced during the contract period, other than excepted tax, on the transactions or property covered by this contract that the Contractor is required to pay or bear as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the contract date.

After-relieved tax, as used in this clause, means any amount of tax or duty, other than an excepted tax, that would otherwise have been payable on the transactions or property covered by this contract, but which the Contractor is not required to pay or bear, or for which the Contractor obtains a refund, as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the contract date.

**Excepted tax**, as used in this clause, means social security or other employment taxes, net income and franchise taxes, excess profits taxes, capital stock taxes, transportation taxes, unemployment compensation taxes, and property taxes. "Excepted tax" does not include gross income taxes levied on or measured by sales or receipts from sales, property taxes assessed on completed supplies covered by this contract, or any tax assessed on the Contractor's possession of, interest in, or use of property, title to which is in the U.S. Government.

- (c) Unless otherwise provided in this contract, the contract price includes all applicable taxes and duties, except taxes and duties that the Government of the United States and the government of the country concerned have agreed shall not be applicable to expenditures in such country by or on behalf of the United States.
- (d) The contract price shall be increased by the amount of any after-imposed tax or of any tax or duty specifically excluded from the contract price by a provision of this contract that the Contractor is required to pay or bear, including any interest or penalty, if the Contractor states in writing that the contract price does not include any contingency for such tax and if liability for such tax, interest, or penalty was not incurred through the Contractor's fault, negligence, or failure to follow instructions of the Contracting Officer or to comply with the provisions of paragraph (i) below.
- (e) The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any after-relieved tax, including any interest or penalty. The Government of the United States shall be entitled to interest received by the Contractor incident to a refund of taxes to the extent that such interest was earned after the Contractor was paid by the Government of the United

States for such taxes. The Government of the United States shall be entitled to repayment of any penalty refunded to the contractor to the extent that the penalty was paid by the Government.

- (f) The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any tax or duty, other than an excepted tax, that was included in the contract and that the Contractor is required to pay or bear, or does not obtain a refund of, through the Contractor's fault, negligence, or failure to follow instructions of the Contracting Officer or to comply with the provisions of paragraph (i) below.
- (g) No adjustment shall be made in the contract price under this clause unless the amount of the adjustment exceeds \$250.
- (h) If the Contractor obtains a reduction in tax liability under the United States Internal Revenue Code (Title 26, U.S. Code) because of the payment of any tax or duty that either was included in the contract price or was the basis of an increase in the contract price, the amount of the reduction shall be paid or credited to the Government of the United States as the Contracting Officer directs.
- (i) The Contractor shall take all reasonable action to obtain exemption from or refund of any taxes or duties, including interest or penalty, from which the United States Government, the Contractor, any subcontractor, or the transactions or property covered

by this contract are exempt under the laws of the country concerned or its political subdivisions or which the governments of the United States and of the country concerned have agreed shall not be applicable to expenditures in such country by or on behalf of the United States.

(j) The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of all matters relating to taxes or duties that reasonably may be expected to result in either an increase or decrease in the contract price and shall take appropriate action as the Contracting Officer directs. The contract price shall be equitably adjusted to cover the costs of action taken by the Contractor at the direction of the Contracting Officer, including any interest, penalty, and reasonable attorneys' fees.

(FAR 52.229-6)

#### I31.06 LIMITATION ON WITHHOLDING OF PAYMENTS (APR 1984)

If more than one clause or Schedule term of this contract authorizes the temporary withholding of amounts otherwise payable to the Contractor for supplies delivered or services performed, the total of the amounts withheld at any one time shall not exceed the greatest amount that may be withheld under any one clause or Schedule term at that time; **provided** that this limitation shall not apply to--

- (a) Withholdings pursuant to any clause relating to wages or hours of employees;
- (b) Withholdings not specifically provided for by this contract;
- (c) The recovery of overpayments; and
- (d) Any other withholding for which the Contracting Officer determines that this limitation is inappropriate. (FAR 52.232-9)

# 132 CANCELLATION UNDER MULTIYEAR CONTRACTS (OCT 1997)

- (a) Cancellation, as used in this clause, means that the Government is canceling its requirements for all supplies or services in program years subsequent to that in which notice of cancellation is provided. Cancellation shall occur by the date or within the time period specified in the Schedule, unless a later date is agreed to, if the Contracting Officer (1) notifies the Contractor that funds are not available for contract performance for any subsequent program year, or (2) fails to notify the Contractor that funds are available for performance of the succeeding program year requirement.
- (b) Except for cancellation under this clause or termination under the DEFAULT clause, any reduction by the Contracting Officer in the requirements of this contract shall be considered a termination under the TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE OF THE GOVERNMENT clause.
- (c) If cancellation under this clause occurs, the Contractor will be paid a cancellation charge not over the cancellation ceiling specified in the Schedule as applicable at the time of cancellation.
- (d) The cancellation charge will cover only (1) costs (i) incurred by the Contractor and/or subcontractor, (ii) reasonably necessary for performance of the contract, and (iii) that would have been equitably amortized over the entire multiyear contract period but, because of the cancellation, are not so amortized, and (2) a reasonable profit or fee on the costs.
- (e) The cancellation charge shall be computed and the claim made for it as if the claim were being made under the TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE OF THE GOVERNMENT clause of this contract. The Contractor shall submit the claim promptly but no later than one year from the date (1) of notification of the

nonavailability of funds, or (2) specified in the Schedule by which notification of the availability of additional funds for the next succeeding program year is required to be issued, whichever is earlier, unless extensions in writing are granted by the Contracting Officer.

- (f) The Contractor's claim may include--
- (1) Reasonable nonrecurring costs (see FAR Subpart 15.4) that are applicable to and normally would have been amortized in all supplies or services that are multiyear requirements;
- (2) Allocable portions of the costs of facilities acquired or established for the conduct of the work, to the extent that it is impracticable for the Contractor to use the facilities in its commercial work, and if the costs are not charged to the contract through overhead or otherwise depreciated;
- (3) Costs incurred for the assembly, training, and transportation to and from the job site of a specialized work force; and
- (4) Costs not amortized by the unit price solely because the cancellation had precluded anticipated benefits of Contractor or subcontractor learning.
  - (g) The claim shall not include--
- (1) Labor, material, or other expenses incurred by the Contractor or subcontractors for performance of the canceled work;
  - (2) Any cost already paid to the Contractor;
  - (3) Anticipated profit or unearned fee on the canceled work; or
- (4) For service contracts, the remaining useful commercial life of facilities. Useful commercial life means the commercial utility of the facilities rather than their physical life with due consideration given to such factors as location of facilities, their specialized nature, and obsolescence.
- (h) This contract may include an Option clause with the period for exercising the option limited to the date in the contract for notification that funds are available for the next succeeding program year. If so, the Contractor agrees not to include in option quantities any costs of a startup or nonrecurring nature that have been fully set forth in the contract. The Contractor further agrees that the option quantities will reflect only those recurring costs and a reasonable profit or fee necessary to furnish the additional option quantities.
- (i) Quantities added to the original contract through the Option clause of this contract shall be included in the quantity canceled for the purpose of computing allowable cancellation charges. (FAR 52.217-2)

# **INTEREST (JUN 1996)**

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this contract under a PRICE REDUCTION FOR DEFECTIVE COST OR PRICING DATA clause or a COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS clause, all amounts that become payable by the Contractor to the Government under this contract (net of any applicable tax credit under the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 1481) shall bear simple interest from the date due until paid unless paid within 30 days of becoming due. The interest rate shall be the interest rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in Section 12 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (Public Law 95-563), which is applicable to the period in which the amount becomes due, as provided in paragraph (b) of this clause, and then at the rate applicable for each six-month period as fixed by the Secretary until the amount is paid.
  - (b) Amounts shall be due at the earliest of the following dates:
    - (1) The date fixed under this contract.
- (2) The date of the first written demand for payment consistent with this contract, including any demand resulting from a default termination.
- (3) The date the Government transmits to the Contractor a proposed supplemental agreement to confirm completed negotiations establishing the amount of debt.
- (4) If this contract provides for revision of prices, the date of written notice to the Contractor stating the amount of refund payable in connection with a pricing proposal or a negotiated pricing agreement not confirmed by contract modification.
- (c) The interest charge made under this clause may be reduced under the procedures prescribed in 32.614-2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation in effect on the date of this contract.

(FAR 52.232-17)

# 136.03 TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE OF THE GOVERNMENT (SERVICES) (SHORT FORM) (APR 1984)

The Contracting Officer, by written notice, may terminate this contract, in whole or in part, when it is in the Government's interest. If this contract is terminated, the Government shall be liable only for payment under the payment provisions of this contract for services rendered before the effective date of termination. (FAR 52.249-4)

#### **I43.01** LIMITATION OF LIABILITY - SERVICES (FEB 1997)

- (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) below, and except to the extent that the Contractor is expressly responsible under this contract for deficiencies in the services required to be performed under it (including any materials furnished in conjunction with those services), the Contractor shall not be liable for loss of or damage to property of the Government that (1) occurs after Government acceptance of services performed under this contract and (2) results from any defects or deficiencies in the services performed or materials furnished.
- (b) The limitation of liability under paragraph (a) above shall not apply when a defect or deficiency in, or the Government's acceptance of, services performed or materials furnished results from willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of any of the Contractor's managerial personnel. The term "Contractor's managerial personnel," as used in this clause, means the Contractor's directors, officers, and any of the Contractor's managers, superintendents, or equivalent representatives who have supervision or direction of--
  - (1) All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;
- (2) All or substantially all of the Contractor's operations at any one plant, laboratory, or separate location at which the contract is being performed; or
- (3) A separate and complete major industrial operation connected with the performance of this contract.
- (c) If the Contractor carries insurance, or has established a reserve for self-insurance, covering liability for loss or damage suffered by the Government through the Contractor's performance of services or furnishing of materials under this contract, the Contractor shall be liable to the Government, to the extent of such insurance or reserve, for loss of or damage to property of the Government occurring after Government acceptance of, and resulting from any defects and deficiencies in, services performed or materials furnished under this contract.

(FAR 52.246-25)

# 172.02 TRANSPORTATION OF SUPPLIES BY SEA (MAR 2000)

- (a) **DEFINITIONS.** As used in this clause--
- (1) **Components** means articles, materials, and supplies incorporated directly into end products at any level of manufacture, fabrication, or assembly by the Contractor or any subcontractor.
- (2) **Department of Defense** (DoD) means the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, and defense agencies.
  - (3) Foreign-flag vessel means any vessel that is not a U.S.-flag vessel.
- (4) Ocean transportation means any transportation aboard a ship, vessel, boat, barge, or ferry through international waters.
- (5) **Subcontractor** means a supplier, materialman, distributor, or vendor at any level below the prime Contractor whose contractual obligation to perform results from, or
- (6) **Supplies** means all property, except land and interests in land, that is clearly identifiable for eventual use by or owned by the DoD at the time of transportation by sea.
- (i) An item is clearly identifiable for eventual use by the DoD if, for example, the contract documentation contains a reference to a DoD contract number or a military destination.
- (ii) **Supplies** includes (but is not limited to) public works; buildings and facilities; ships; floating equipment and vessels of every character, type, and description, together with parts, subassemblies, accessories, and equipment; machine tools; material; equipment; stores of all kinds; end items, construction materials; and the components of the foregoing.
- (7) **U.S.-flag vessel** means a vessel of the United States or belonging to the United States, including any vessel registered or having national status under the laws of the United States.
- (b) (1) The Contractor shall use U.S.-flag vessels when transporting any supplies by sea under this contract.
  - (2) A subcontractor transporting supplies by sea under this contract shall use U.S.-flag vessels if-
    - (i) This contract is a construction contract; or

- (ii) The supplies being transported are—
  - (A) Noncommercial items; or
  - (B) Commercial items that-
- (a) The Contractor is reselling or distributing to the Government without adding value (generally, the Contractor does not add value to items that is subcontracts for f.o.b. destination shipment);
- (b) Are shipped in direct support of U.S. military contingency operations, exercises, or forces in humanitarian or peacekeeping operations; or
- (c) Are commissary or exchange cargoes transported outside of the Defense Transportation System in accordance with 10 U.S.C. 2643.
- (c) The Contractor and its subcontractors may request that the Contracting Officer authorize shipment in foreign-flag vessels, or designate available U.S.-flag vessels, if the Contractor or a subcontractor believes that--
  - (1) U.S.-flag vessels are not available for timely shipment;
  - (2) The freight charges are inordinately excessive or unreasonable; or
  - (3) Freight charges are higher than charges to private persons for transportation of like goods.
- (d) The Contractor must submit any request for use of other than U.S.-flag vessels in writing to the Contracting Officer at least 45 days prior to the sailing date necessary to meet its delivery schedules. The Contracting Officer will process requests submitted after such date(s) as expeditiously as possible, but the Contracting Officer's failure to grant approvals to meet the shipper's sailing date will not of itself constitute a compensable delay under this or any other clause of this contract. Requests shall contain at a minimum--
  - (1) Type, weight, and cube of cargo;
  - (2) Required shipping date;
  - (3) Special handling and discharge requirements;
  - (4) Loading and discharge points;
  - (5) Name of shipper and consignee;
  - (6) Prime contract number; and
- (7) A documented description of efforts made to secure U.S.-flag vessels, including points of contact (with names and telephone numbers) with at least two U.S.-flag carriers contacted. Copies of telephone notes, telegraphic and facsimile messages or letters will be sufficient for this purpose.
- (e) The Contractor shall, within 30 days after each shipment covered by this clause, provide the Contracting Officer and the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation, Washington, DC 20590, one copy of the rated on board vessel operating carrier's ocean bill of lading, which shall contain the following information:
  - (1) Prime contract number;
  - (2) Name of vessel;
  - (3) Vessel flag registry;
  - (4) Date of loading;
  - (5) Port of loading;
  - (6) Port of final discharge;
  - (7) Description of commodity;
  - (8) Gross weight in pounds and cubic feet, if available;
  - (9) Total ocean freight in U.S. dollars; and
  - (10) Name of the steamship company.
- (f) The Contractor agrees to provide with its final invoice under this contract a representation that to the best of its knowledge and belief--
  - (1) No ocean transportation was used in the performance of this contract;
- (2) Ocean transportation was used and only U.S.-flag vessels were used for all ocean shipments under the contract;
- (3) Ocean transportation was used, and the Contractor had the written consent of the Contracting Officer for all non-U.S.-flag ocean transportation; or
- (4) Ocean transportation was used and some or all of the shipments were made on non-U.S.-flag vessels without the written consent of the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall describe these shipments in the following format:

# ITEM DESCRIPTION OUANTITY

#### **CONTRACT LINE ITEMS**

**TOTAL** 

- (g) If the final invoice does not include the required representation, the Government will reject and return it to the Contractor as an improper invoice for the purposes of the PROMPT PAYMENT clause of this contract. In the event there has been unauthorized use of non-U.S.-flag vessels in the performance of this contract, the Contracting Officer is entitled to equitably adjust the contract, based on the unauthorized use.
- (h) The Contractor shall include this clause, including this paragraph (h), in all subcontracts under this contract that—
  - (1) Exceed the simplified acquisition threshold in Part 2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation; and
  - (2) Are for a type of supplies described in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause..

(DFARS 252.247-7023)

#### 172.06 NOTIFICATION OF TRANSPORTATION OF SUPPLIES BY SEA (MAR 2000)

- (a) The Contractor has indicated by the response to the solicitation provision REPRESENTATION OF EXTENT OF TRANSPORTATION BY SEA, that it did not anticipate transporting by sea any supplies. If, however, after the award of this contract, the Contractor learns that supplies, as defined in the TRANSPORTATION OF SUPPLIES BY SEA clause of this contract, will be transported by sea, the Contractor--
  - (1) Shall notify the Contracting Officer of that fact; and
- (2) Hereby agrees to comply with all the terms and conditions of the TRANSPORTATION OF SUPPLIES BY SEA clause of this contract.
- (b) The Contractor shall include this clause, including this paragraph (b), revised as necessary to reflect the relationship of the contracting parties—
  - (1) In all subcontracts under this contract, if this contract is a construction contract; or
  - (2) If this contract is not a construction contract, in all subcontracts under this contract that are for—
    - (i) Noncommercial items; or
    - (ii) Commercial items that-
- (A) The Contractor is reselling or distributing to the Government without adding value (generally, the Contractor does not add value to items that it subcontracts for f.o.b. destination shipment);
- (B) Are shipped in direct support of U.S. military contingency operations, exercises, or forces deployed in humanitarian or peacekeeping operations; or
- (C) Are commissary or exchange cargoes transported outside the Defense Transportation System in accordance with 10 U.S.C. 2643. (DFARS 252.247-7024)

#### 190 RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN FOREIGN PURCHASES (JUL 2000)

- (a) The Contractor shall not acquire, for use in the performance of this contract, any supplies or services originating from sources within, or that were located in or transported from or through, countries whose products are banned from importation into the United States under regulations of the Office of Foreign Assets Control, Department of the Treasury. Those countries are Cuba, Iran, Iraq, Libya, North Korea, Sudan, the territory of Afghanistan controlled by the Taliban, and Serbia (excluding the territory of Kosovo).
- (b) The Contractor shall not acquire for use in the performance of this contract any supplies or services from entities controlled by the Government of Iraq.
  - (c) The Contractor shall insert this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts.

(FAR 52.225-13)

### 194 PRICE REDUCTION FOR DEFECTIVE COST OR PRICING DATA (OCT 1997)

(a) If any price, including profit or fee, negotiated in connection with this contract, or any cost reimbursable under this contract, was increased by any significant amount because—

- (1) The Contractor or a subcontractor furnished cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data;
- (2) A subcontractor or prospective subcontractor furnished the Contractor cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in the Contractor's Certificate of Current cost or Pricing Data; or
- (3) Any of these parties furnished data of any description that were not accurate, the price or cost shall be reduced accordingly and the contract shall be modified to reflect the reduction.
- (b) Any reduction in the contract price under paragraph (a) of this clause due to defective data from a prospective subcontractor that was not subsequently awarded the subcontract shall be limited to the amount, plus applicable overhead and profit markup, by which
  - (1) The actual subcontract; or
- (2) The actual cost to the Contractor, if there was no subcontract, was less than the prospective subcontract cost estimate submitted by the Contractor; provided, that the actual subcontract price was not itself affected by defective cost or pricing data.
- (c) (1) If the Contracting Officer determines under paragraph (a) of this clause that a price or cost reduction should be made, the Contractor agrees not to raise the following matters as a defense:
- (i) The Contractor or subcontractor was a sole source supplier or otherwise was in a superior bargaining position and thus the price of the contract would not have been modified even if accurate, complete, and current cost or pricing data had been submitted.
- (ii) The Contracting Officer should have known that the cost or pricing data in issue were defective even though the Contractor or subcontractor took no affirmative action to bring the character of the data to the attention of the Contracting Officer.
- (iii) The contract was based on an agreement about the total cost of the contract and there was no agreement about the cost of each item procured under the contract.
- (iv) The Contractor or subcontractor did not submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.
- (2) (i) Except as prohibited by subdivision (c)(2)(ii) of this clause, an offset in an amount determined appropriate by the Contracting Officer based upon the facts shall be allowed against the amount of a contract price reduction if-
- (A) The Contractor certifies to the Contracting Officer that, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, the Contractor is entitled to the offset in the amount requested; and
- (B) The Contractor proves that the cost or pricing data were available before the "as of" date specified on its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, and that the data were not submitted before such date.
  - (ii) An offset shall not be allowed if -
- (A) The understated data were known by the Contractor to be understated before the "as of" date specified on its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data was signed; or
- (B) The Government proves that the facts demonstrate that the contract price would not have increased in the amount to be offset even if the available data had been submitted before the "as of" date specified on its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.
- (d) If any reduction in the contract price under this clause reduces the price of items for which payment was made prior to the date of the modification reflecting the price reduction, the Contractor shall be liable to and shall pay the United States at the time such overpayment is repaid--
- (1) Simple interest on the amount of such overpayment to be computed from the date(s) of overpayment to the Contractor to the date the Government is repaid by the Contractor at the applicable underpayment rate effective for each quarter prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury under 26 U.S.C. 6621(a)(2); and
- (2) A penalty equal to the amount of the overpayment, if the Contractor or subcontractor knowingly submitted cost or pricing data that were incomplete, inaccurate, or noncurrent. (FAR 52.215-10)

# 194.01 PRICE REDUCTION FOR DEFECTIVE COST OR PRICING DATA - MODIFICATIONS (OCT 1997)

- (a) This clause shall become operative only for any modification to this contract involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed the threshold for submission of cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-4, except that this clause does not apply to any modification if an exception under FAR 15.403-1 applies.
- (b) If any price, including profit or fee, negotiated in connection with any modification under this clause, or any cost reimbursable under this contract, was increased by any significant amount because (1) the Contractor or a

subcontractor furnished cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, (2) a subcontractor or prospective subcontractor furnished the Contractor cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in the Contractor's Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, or (3) any of these parties furnished data of any description that were not accurate, the price or cost shall be reduced accordingly and the contract shall be modified to reflect the reduction. This right to a price reduction is limited to that resulting from defects in data relating to modifications for which this clause becomes operative under paragraph (a) of this clause.

- (c) Any reduction in the contract price under paragraph (b) of this clause due to defective data from a prospective subcontractor that was not subsequently awarded the subcontract shall be limited to the amount, plus applicable overhead and profit markup, by which--
  - (1) The actual subcontract; or
- (2) The actual cost to the Contractor, if there was no subcontract, was less than the prospective subcontract cost estimate submitted by the Contractor; provided, that the actual subcontract price was not itself affected by defective cost or pricing data.
- (d) (1) If the Contracting Officer determines under paragraph (b) of this clause that a price or cost reduction should be made, the Contractor agrees not to raise the following matters as a defense:
- (i) The Contractor or subcontractor was a sole source supplier or otherwise was in a superior bargaining position and thus the price of the contract would not have been modified even if accurate, complete, and current cost or pricing data had been submitted.
- (ii) The Contracting Officer should have known that the cost or pricing data in issue were defective even though the Contractor or subcontractor took no affirmative action to bring the character of the data to the attention of the Contracting Officer.
- (iii) The contract was based on an agreement about the total cost of the contract and there was no agreement about the cost of each item procured under the contract.
  - (iv) The Contractor or subcontractor did not submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.
- (2) (i) Except as prohibited by subdivision (c)(2)(ii) of this clause, an offset in an amount determined appropriate by the Contracting Officer based upon the facts shall be allowed against the amount of a contract price reduction if--
- (A) The Contractor certifies to the Contracting Officer that, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, the Contractor is entitled to the offset in the amount requested; and
- (B) The Contractor proves that the cost or pricing data were available before the "as of" date specified on its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data and that the data were not submitted before such date.
  - (ii) An offset shall not be allowed if--
- (A) The understated data were known by the Contractor to be understated before the "as of" date specified on its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data; or
- (B) The Government proves that the facts demonstrate that the contract price would not have increased in the amount to be offset even if the available data had been submitted before the "as of" date specified on its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.
- (e) If any reduction in the contract price under this clause reduces the price of items for which payment was made prior to the date of the modification reflecting the price reduction, the Contractor shall be liable to and shall pay the United States at the time such overpayment is repaid--
- (1) Simple interest on the amount of such overpayment to be computed from the date(s) of overpayment to the Contractor to the date the Government is repaid by the Contractor at the applicable underpayment rate effective for each quarter prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury under 26 U.S.C. 6621(a)(2); and
- (2) A penalty equal to the amount of the overpayment, if the Contractor or subcontractor knowingly submitted cost or pricing data that were incomplete, inaccurate, or noncurrent. (FAR 52.215-11)

#### 195 AUDIT AND RECORDS -- NEGOTIATION (JUN 1999)

- (a) As used in this clause, **records** includes books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of whether such items are in written form, in the form of computer data, or in any other form.
- (b) **EXAMINATION OF COSTS.** If this is a cost-reimbursement, incentive, time-and-materials, labor-hour, or price-redeterminable contract, or any combination of these, the Contractor shall maintain and the

Contracting Officer, or an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer, shall have the right to examine and audit all records and other evidence sufficient to reflect properly all costs claimed to have been incurred or anticipated to be incurred directly or indirectly in performance of this contract. This right of examination shall include inspection at all reasonable times of the Contractor's plants, or parts of them, engaged in performing this contract.

- (c) **COST OR PRICING DATA.** If the Contractor has been required to submit cost or pricing data in connection with any pricing action relating to this contract, the Contracting Officer, or an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer, in order to evaluate the accuracy, completeness, and currency of the cost or pricing data, shall have the right to examine and audit all of the Contractor's records, including computations and projections, related to-
  - (1) The proposal for the contract, subcontract, or modification;
  - (2) The discussions conducted on the proposal(s), including those related to negotiating;
  - (3) Pricing of the contract, subcontract, or modification; or
  - (4) Performance of the contract, subcontract, or modification.

#### (d) COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

- (1) The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative, shall have access to and the right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract or a subcontract hereunder.
- (2) This paragraph may not be construed to require the Contractor or subcontractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor or subcontractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.
- (e) **REPORTS.** If the Contractor is required to furnish cost, funding, or performance reports, the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer shall have the right to examine and audit the supporting records and materials, for the purpose of evaluating—
- (1) The effectiveness of the Contractor's policies and procedures to produce data compatible with the objectives of these reports; and
  - (2) The data reported.
- (f) **AVAILABILITY.** The Contractor shall make available at its office at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence described in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e) of this clause, for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in Subpart 4.7, Contractor Records Retention, of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), or for any longer period required by statute or by other clauses of this contract. In addition--
- (1) If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the Contractor shall make available the records relating to the work terminated until 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement; and
- (2) The Contractor shall make available records relating to appeals under the DISPUTES clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.
- (g) The Contractor shall insert a clause containing all the terms of this clause, including this paragraph (g), in all subcontracts under this contract that exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, and--
- (1) That are cost-reimbursement, incentive, time-and-materials, labor-hour, or price-redeterminable type or any combination of these;
  - (2) For which cost or pricing data are required; or
  - (3) That require the subcontractor to furnish reports as discussed in paragraph (e) of this clause.

The clause may be altered as necessary to identify properly the contracting parties and the Contracting Officer under the Government prime contract. (FAR 52.215-2)

## 196.02 PRICING ADJUSTMENTS (DEC 1991)

The term **pricing adjustment**, as used in paragraph (a) of the PRICE REDUCTION FOR DEFECTIVE COST OR PRICING DATA - MODIFICATIONS, SUBCONTRACTOR COST OR PRICING DATA, and SUBCONTRACTOR COST OR PRICING DATA - MODIFICATIONS clauses means the aggregate increases and/or decreases in cost plus applicable profits. (DFARS 252.215-7000)

# 196.03 REVERSION OR ADJUSTMENT OF PLANS FOR POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS (PRB) OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OCT 1997)

The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer in writing when it determines that it will terminate or reduce a PRB plan. If PRB fund assets revert, or inure, to the Contractor or are constructively received by it under a plan termination or otherwise, the Contractor shall make a refund or give a credit to the Government for its equitable share as required by FAR 31.205-6(o)(6). The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause in all subcontracts under this contract that meet the applicability requirements of FAR 15.408(j). (FAR 52.215-18)

#### 196.04 NOTIFICATION OF OWNERSHIP CHANGES (OCT 1997)

- (a) The Contractor shall make the following notifications in writing:
- (1) When the Contractor becomes aware that a change in its ownership has occurred, or is certain to occur, that could result in changes in the valuation of its capitalized assets in the accounting records, the Contractor shall notify the Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO) within 30 days.
- (2) The Contractor shall also notify the ACO within 30 days whenever changes to asset valuations or any other cost changes have occurred or are certain to occur as a result of a change in ownership.
  - (b) The Contractor shall--
    - (1) Maintain current, accurate, and complete inventory records of assets and their costs;
    - (2) Provide the ACO or designated representative ready access to the records upon request;
- (3) Ensure that all individual and group assets, their capitalized values, accumulated depreciation or amortization, and remaining useful lives are identified accurately before and after each of the Contractor's ownership changes; and
- (4) Retain and continue to maintain depreciation and amortization schedules based on the asset records maintained before each Contractor ownership change.
- (c) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause in all subcontracts under this contract that meet the applicability requirement of FAR 15.408(k). (FAR 52.215-19)

# 197 SUBCONTRACTOR COST OR PRICING DATA (OCT 1997)

- (a) Before awarding any subcontract expected to exceed the threshold for submission of cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-4, on the date of agreement on price or the date of award, whichever is later; or before pricing any subcontract modification involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed the threshold for submission of cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-4, the Contractor shall require the subcontractor to submit cost or pricing data (actually or by specific identification in writing), unless an exception under FAR 15.403-1 applies.
- (b) The Contractor shall require the subcontractor to certify in substantially the form prescribed in FAR 15.406-2 that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the data submitted under paragraph (a) of this clause were accurate, complete, and current as of the date of agreement on the negotiated price of the subcontract or subcontract modification.
- (c) In each subcontract that exceeds the threshold for submission of cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-4 when entered into, the Contractor shall insert either--
- (1) The substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), if paragraph (a) of this clause requires submission of cost or pricing data for the subcontract; or
- (2) The substance of the clause at FAR 52.215-13, SUBCONTRACTOR COST OR PRICING DATA -MODIFICATIONS. (FAR 52.215-12)

#### 197.02 SUBCONTRACTOR COST OR PRICING DATA - MODIFICATIONS (OCT 1997)

- (a) The requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this clause shall--
- (1) Become operative only for any modification to this contract involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed the threshold for submission of cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-4, and
  - (2) Be limited to such modifications.
- (b) Before awarding any subcontract expected to exceed the threshold for submission of cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-4, on the date of agreement on price or the date of award, whichever is later; or pricing any subcontract modification involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed the threshold for submission of cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-4, the Contractor shall require the subcontractor to submit cost or pricing data (actually or by specific identification in writing), unless an exception under FAR 15.403-1 applies.

- (c) The Contractor shall require the subcontractor to certify in substantially the form prescribed in FAR 15.406-2 that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the data submitted under paragraph (b) of this clause were accurate, complete, and current as of the date of agreement on the negotiated price of the subcontract or subcontract modification.
- (d) The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in each subcontract that exceeds the threshold for submission of cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-4 on the date of agreement on price or the date of award, whichever is later. (FAR 52.215-13)

# 198 PROTECTING THE GOVERNMENT'S INTERESTS WHEN SUBCONTRACTING WITH CONTRACTORS DEBARRED, SUSPENDED, OR PROPOSED FOR DEBARMENT (JUL 1995)

- (a) The Government suspends or debars Contractors to protect the Government's interests. The Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract in excess of \$25,000 with a Contractor that is debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment unless there is a compelling reason to do so.
- (b) The Contractor shall require each proposed first-tier subcontractor, whose subcontract will exceed \$25,000, to disclose to the Contractor, in writing, whether as of the time of award of the subcontract, the subcontractor, or its principals, is or is not debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment by the Federal Government.
- (c) A corporate officer or a designee of the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, before entering into a subcontract with a party that is debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment (see FAR 9.404 for information on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs). The notice must include the following:
  - (1) The name of the subcontractor.
- (2) The Contractor's knowledge of the reasons for the subcontractor being on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs.
- (3) The compelling reason(s) for doing business with the subcontractor notwithstanding its inclusion on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs.
- (4) The systems and procedures the Contractor has established to ensure that it is fully protecting the Government's interests when dealing with such subcontractor in view of the specific basis for the party's debarment, suspension, or proposed debarment. (FAR 52.209-6)

# I114 GOVERNMENT PROPERTY (FIXED-PRICE CONTRACTS) (DEC 1989)

### (a) GOVERNMENT-FURNISHED PROPERTY.

- (1) The Government shall deliver to the Contractor, for use in connection with and under the terms of this contract, the Government-furnished property described in the Schedule or specifications together with any related data and information that the Contractor may request and is reasonably required for the intended use of the property (hereinafter referred to as "Government-furnished property").
- (2) The delivery or performance dates for this contract are based upon the expectation that Government-furnished property suitable for use (except for property furnished "as-is") will be delivered to the Contractor at the times stated in the Schedule or, if not so stated, in sufficient time to enable the Contractor to meet the contract's delivery or performance dates.
- (3) If Government-furnished property is received by the Contractor in a condition not suitable for the intended use, the Contractor shall, upon receipt of it, notify the Contracting Officer, detailing the facts, and, as directed by the Contracting Officer and at Government expense, either repair, modify, return, or otherwise dispose of the property. After completing the directed action and upon written request of the Contractor, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment as provided in paragraph (h) of this clause.
- (4) If Government-furnished property is not delivered to the Contractor by the required time, the Contracting Officer shall, upon the Contractor's timely written request, make a determination of the delay, if any, caused the Contractor and shall make an equitable adjustment in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause.

# (b) CHANGES IN GOVERNMENT-FURNISHED PROPERTY.

(1) The Contracting Officer may, by written notice, (i) decrease the Government-furnished property provided or to be provided under this contract, or (ii) substitute other Government-furnished property for the property to be provided by the Government, or to be acquired by the Contractor for the Government, under this contract. The Contractor shall promptly take such action as the Contracting Officer may direct regarding the removal, shipment, or disposal of the property covered by such notice.

- (2) Upon the Contractor's written request, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment to the contract in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause, if the Government has agreed in the Schedule to make the property available for performing this contract and there is any--
  - (i) Decrease or substitution in this property pursuant to subparagraph (b)(1) above; or
  - (ii) Withdrawal of authority to use this property, if provided under any other contract or lease.

#### (c) TITLE IN GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

- (1) The Government shall retain title to all Government-furnished property.
- (2) All Government-furnished property and all property acquired by the Contractor, title to which vests in the Government under this paragraph (collectively referred to as "Government property"), are subject to the provisions of this clause. However, special tooling accountable to this contract is subject to the provisions of the Special Tooling clause and is not subject to the provisions of this clause. Title to Government property shall not be affected by its incorporation into or attachment to any property not owned by the Government, nor shall Government property become a fixture or lose its identity as personal property by being attached to any real property.
- (3) Title to each item of facilities and special test equipment acquired by the Contractor for the Government under this contract shall pass to and vest in the Government when its use in performing this contract commences or when the Government has paid for it, whichever is earlier, whether or not title previously vested in the Government.
- (4) If this contract contains a provision directing the Contractor to purchase material for which the Government will reimburse the Contractor as a direct item of cost under this contract--
- (i) Title to material purchased from a vendor shall pass to and vest in the Government upon the vendor's delivery of such material; and
  - (ii) Title to all other material shall pass to and vest in the Government upon-
    - (A) Issuance of the material for use in contract performance;
    - (B) Commencement of processing of the material or its use in contract performance; or
    - (C) Reimbursement of the cost of the material by the Government, whichever occurs first.
- (d) **USE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.** The Government property shall be used only for performing this contract, unless otherwise provided in this contract or approved by the Contracting Officer.

#### (e) PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION.

- (1) The Contractor shall be responsible and accountable for all Government property provided under this contract and shall comply with Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Subpart 45.5, as in effect on the date of this contract.
- (2) The Contractor shall establish and maintain a program for the use, maintenance, repair, protection, and preservation of Government property in accordance with sound industrial practice and the applicable provisions of Subpart 45.5 of the FAR.
- (3) If damage occurs to Government property, the risk of which has been assumed by the Government under this contract, the Government shall replace the items or the Contractor shall make such repairs as the Government directs. However, if the Contractor cannot effect such repairs within the time required, the Contractor shall dispose of the property as directed by the Contracting Officer. When any property for which the Government is responsible is replaced or repaired, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause.
- (4) The Contractor represents that the contract price does not include any amount for repairs or replacement for which the Government is responsible. Repair or replacement of property for which the Contractor is responsible shall be accomplished by the Contractor at its own expense.
- (f) **ACCESS.** The Government and all its designees shall have access at all reasonable times to the premises in which any Government property is located for the purpose of inspecting the Government property.
- (g) **LIMITED RISK OF LOSS.** Unless otherwise provided in this contract, the Contractor assumes the risk of, and shall be responsible for, any loss or destruction of, or damage to, Government property upon its delivery to the Contractor or upon passage of title to the Government under paragraph (c) of this clause. However, the Contractor is not responsible for reasonable wear and tear to Government property or for Government property properly consumed in performing this contract.
- (h) **EQUITABLE ADJUSTMENT.** When this clause specifies an equitable adjustment, it shall be made to any affected contract provision in accordance with the procedures of the Changes clause. When appropriate, the Contracting Officer may initiate an equitable adjustment in favor of the Government. The right to an equitable

adjustment shall be the Contractor's exclusive remedy. The Government shall not be liable to suit for breach of contract for--

- (1) Any delay in delivery of Government-furnished property;
- (2) Delivery of Government-furnished property in a condition not suitable for its intended use;
- (3) A decrease in or substitution of Government-furnished property; or
- (4) Failure to repair or replace Government property for which the Government is responsible.
- (i) FINAL ACCOUNTING AND DISPOSITION OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY. Upon completing this contract, or at such earlier dates as may be fixed by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall submit, in a form acceptable to the Contracting Officer, inventory schedules covering all items of Government property (including any resulting scrap) not consumed in performing this contract or delivered to the Government. The Contractor shall prepare for shipment, deliver f.o.b. origin, or dispose of the Government property as may be directed or authorized by the Contracting Officer. The net proceeds of any such disposal shall be credited to the contract price or shall be paid to the Government as the Contracting Officer directs.
- (j) **ABANDONMENT AND RESTORATION OF CONTRACTOR'S PREMISES.** Unless otherwise provided herein, the Government--
- (1) May abandon any Government property in place, at which time all obligations of the Government regarding such abandoned property shall cease; and
- (2) Has no obligation to restore or rehabilitate the Contractor's premises under any circumstances (e.g., abandonment, disposition upon completion of need, or upon contract completion). However, if the Government-furnished property (listed in the Schedule or specifications) is withdrawn or is unsuitable for the intended use, or if other Government property is substituted, then the equitable adjustment under paragraph (h) of this clause may properly include restoration or rehabilitation costs.
  - (k) **COMMUNICATIONS.** All communications under this clause shall be in writing.
- (l) **OVERSEAS CONTRACTS.** If this contract is to be performed outside of the United States of America, its territories, or possessions, the words "Government" and "Government-furnished" (wherever they appear in this clause) shall be construed as "United States Government" and "United States Government-furnished," respectively. (FAR 52.245-2)

# I116 RESPONSIBILITY FOR GOVERNMENT-OWNED PETROLEUM PRODUCTS (DESC APR 1997)

- (a) Government-owned petroleum products received, stored, and transported under this contract are governed by the provisions of this clause.
- (b) Title to any Government-owned petroleum products in the possession of or under the custody of the Contractor by reason of this contract, which is hereinafter referred to in this clause as "such property," shall at all times remain in the Government, and such property shall be used only for the purposes set forth in this contract. The Government shall at all times have access to the premises wherein any such property is located.
- (c) The Contractor shall protect and preserve such property in a manner consistent with sound industrial practice.
- (d) At the end of the contract period the Government may abandon any Government-owned petroleum products in place, at which time all obligations of the Government regarding such abandoned petroleum products shall cease. The contract price shall be reduced to reflect the fair market value of any abandoned petroleum products. If an agreement as to compensation for abandoned petroleum products cannot be reached in a timely manner, the Contracting Officer will make a formal determination. The decision will be subject to resolution in accordance with paragraph (d), Disputes, of the CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS COMMERCIAL ITEMS clause.
- (e) The Contractor shall not be liable for loss of or damage to all such property while in the possession of or under the custody of the Contractor by reason of this contract, or for expenses incidental to such loss or damage, except that the Contractor shall be liable for any such loss or damage (including expenses incidental thereto)--
- (1) Which results from negligence, or bad faith, or willful misconduct of the Contractor, its employees, or agents; or
- (2) Which results from a risk that is in fact covered by insurance or for which the Contractor is otherwise reimbursed, but the Contractor in such case shall be responsible only to the extent of such insurance or reimbursement.
- (f) Except for those risks assumed by the Contractor pursuant to subparagraph (e)(1) of this clause, the Contractor represents and warrants that the prices stated in the Schedule do not include the cost of insurance covering

risk or loss of or damage to such property while in the possession of or under the custody of the Contractor by reason of this contract, nor any provision for a reserve to cover such risk. In the event the Contractor is reimbursed or compensated for any loss or damage to such property, it shall reimburse the Government. The Contractor shall do nothing to prejudice the Government's rights to recover against third parties for any such loss or damage and, upon the request of the Contracting Officer, shall, at the Government's expense, furnish to the Government all reasonable assistance and cooperation (including the prosecution of suit and the execution of instruments of assignment in favor of the Government) in obtaining recovery.

(DESC 52.245-9F25)

#### 1119.04 INVENTORY CONTROL RECORDS AND SYSTEMS OF RECORD (DESC JAN 2003)

(a) INTRODUCTION. The Contractor shall prepare all documentation and systemically process related transactions in accordance with the information and instructions provided herein. Documents and procedures are subject to change. The Government shall notify the Contractor at least 30 days prior to implementation of any change. Unless the Government has specifically stated it will provide the hardware (usually at Government-owned facilities), the Contractor shall provide requisite hardware (specifications will be provided by the Government) capable of processing inventory and accounting transactions through DESC-provided applications or software. The current processing methodologies include via TELNET/DADS to the Defense Fuels Automated Management System (DFAMS) or via a web/internet-based or web dial-in application under the Fuels Automated System (FAS) program (transactions are processed to the FAS Enterprise Server (FES)). The FAS applications require the Contractor to either have internet access (with static IP address capability) or establish a dial-in account to the DESC FAS web server (once system access has been approved). Currently, DESC web-based applications use the DoD Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) compliant web browser which will be provided to the Contractor by DESC. These identified DESC systems require user identifications and passwords in accordance with DoD Automated Data Processing (ADP) Level III systems access. The Contractor shall be responsible for (in conjunction with DESC/DLA) identifying employees that will be processing inventory/accounting transactions for obtaining requisite systems access for those employees. It should be noted that DoD ADP Level III systems access requires a National Agency Check (NAC) investigation. Those contractors which have not had a NAC will be provided forms and fingerprint cards for the investigation, which DLA will initiate. The Contractor shall notify DESC when Contractor personnel with access privileges no longer work at the contract facility or no longer require access.

### (b) AUTOMATED FUEL INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

- (1) The Contractor shall prepare all necessary documentation (see paragraph (b)(5)) for, and systemically process, each transaction affecting the inventory of Government-owned products in its possession by virtue of this contract. Within 48 hours of each transaction, the Contractor shall input transaction data into the automated inventory and accounting system(s) or applications designated/provided by the Government. Initial training for inputting transactional data will be provided by the Government via on-site support or via electronic means, such as user manuals or on-line support/tutorials, after which the Contractor assumes all responsibility for timeliness and accuracy of transaction data input by its employees. The Contractor shall prepare and report each transaction in accordance with guidance provided during the training and, thereafter, by qualified Government representatives. The Government will advise the Contractor of any changes in processing and reporting procedures. The Government reserves the right to telephone the Contractor on a daily basis (Monday through Friday, except holidays) to obtain information concerning transactions processed to monitor transactions using identified processing systems.
- (2) The Contractor shall record the physical inventory quantity (corrected to 60 degrees Fahrenheit) in the automated inventory system for each Government-owned product stored at the facility. Weekly inventory shall be recorded as of 0800 local time every Friday and monthly inventory shall be recorded as of 0800 local time on the first calendar day of each month. However, systemically, the end of month (EOM) physical inventory shall be reported against the last calendar day of the preceding month. The Contractor shall have the account reconciled by the third working day of the month.
- (3) The Contractor shall prepare inventory adjustment documents (DD Form 1348-8) when inventory variances (discrepancies) exceed tolerance factors*; and when determinable losses occur, such as contaminated fuels, spills, pipeline ruptures, explosions or loss of product samples (five gallons or more) shipped to laboratories. A statement shall be provided by the Contractor on each inventory adjustment document explaining each gain and/or loss in excess of DESC provided tolerances. Each document shall be signed and dated by the Contractor's representative and the authorized Government representative and copies provided to DESC-FIE and DESC-FIW. The authorized Government representative shall indicate whether he/she concurs or nonconcurs with the statement and shall provide an explanation for any nonconcurrence. The term **authorized Government representative**, as used in this clause, refers to the quality representative assigned to the DFSP.

*Tolerance factors are 0.50 percent (0.005) for aviation and motor gasoline (avgas 130, MUR, MUP, etc.); 0.30 percent (0.003) for JP4; and 0.25 percent (0.025) for other jet fuels, distillates, residuals (JP5/JP8, diesel grades, F76, JPTS, etc.) and FSII.

(4) **END OF MONTH RECONCILIATION.** The Contractor shall have the account reconciled by the third working day of the month. The Contractor shall also provide DESC-FIE and DESC-FIW, within five working days after the end of the month, a written explanation of any discrepancy providing a detailed explanation of any gain or loss transaction in excess of tolerance. The Contractor shall retain all supporting documents on file for future audits.

(5) The following are documentation requirements for transactions:

TRANSACTION_		DOCUMENT
	<u>SHIPMENTS</u>	
250/250-1	Shipments from a DFSP to authorized customers	DD Form
1348-7		DD Form
250/250-1	Shipments between DFSPs	DD Form
1348-7		DD Form
	<u>RECEIPTS</u>	
250/250-1	Receipts from a DESC Procurement Contract	DD Form
250/250-1	Service/Agency Receipts from a DFSP	DD Form
1348-7		DD Form
1	Receipts from a DFSP	DD Form 250-
1348-7	(receipts associated with shipments between DFSPs)	DD Form
250/250-1	Receipts from an end-user (with or without credit)	DD Form
1348-7		DD Form
	INVENTORY	
1348-8	Physical Inventory	DD Form
1348-8	Inventory Adjustments	DD Form

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Normal handling of variances (excessive)

DESC Form 24

(for

FCC 1027

users)

Determinable losses such as spills, line breaks, nonrecoverable tank bottoms, major disasters, combat losses, etc.

Condition/Identity Change

DD Form

1348-8

Downgrade, regrade, or additive

# (c) OTHER REQUIREMENTS.

- (1) **STORAGE TANK OUT OF SERVICE.** Prior to removing a storage tank from service, the Contractor shall immediately notify the authorized Government representative by telephone, with follow-up confirmation in writing, providing the date and time the tank is scheduled to be removed from service. In addition, the Contractor shall provide the authorized Government representative a written estimate of unrecoverable tank bottoms. The estimate will be reviewed and approved by the authorized Government representative prior to submission to DESC.
- (2) UNRECOVERABLE TANK BOTTOMS. Prior to the end of the contract period, the Contractor shall provide the authorized Government representative a written estimate of unrecoverable tank bottoms. The estimate will be reviewed and approved by the authorized Government representative prior to submission to DESC.
- (3) **REPORTING FUEL ADDITIVES AND SLOP FUEL.** Government-owned fuel additives, slop fuel, and transmix stock at the DFSP will be treated as separate and distinct items, and all transactions shall be documented as outlined herein. These products will be recorded in gallons and reported under the approved National Stock Number (NSN).
- (i) An auditable identity change document (DD Form 1348-8) shall be used to account for bulk FSII blended with bulk fuel and fuel downgraded to slop. Fractions of a gallon cannot be used (e.g., if 1.5 gallons of FSII were injected, report 1 gallon and record the .5 once a whole gallon is used).
- (ii) Packaged additives such as COR, ASA, AS1, AD1, and CO1 shall be accounted for locally using a general log or ledger. As the additive is injected, record the amount in the log to track usage and inventory. No other documentation is required.
- (4) **CREATION OF SHIPMENT TRANSACTIONS.** As required and directed by the Government, storage Contractors shall create electronic shipment transactions using the USBank POWERTRACK online freight payment system. The Government shall advise Contractors of any changes in processing and reporting procedures. Contractors shall contact the Government when additional guidance is required. CONUS storage Contractors shall maintain a daily written log of motor carrier performance to include: carrier, destination, number of trucks ordered, number of trucks furnished, and deficiencies. On the last business day of each calendar month, the Contractor shall forward a copy of the daily written logs to the DESC Americas office having oversight of the motor carrier contract.
- (5) **STATEMENT OF AUTHORIZED SIGNATURES.** The Contractor shall furnish the authorized Government representative a statement containing the names and handwritten signatures of persons authorized by the Contractor to receive and accept Government-owned product or property.
- (6) **CHANGE IN DFSP OPERATOR.** Transfer of residual inventory from expired contracts will be made regardless of whether there is a change in contractors. The transfer of DFSP product will be accomplished as follows:
- (i) The outgoing Contractor, the new Contractor, and the authorized Government representative will jointly gauge all tanks and calculate the physical inventory.
- (ii) Upon completion of the inventory, a DD Form 1348-8 will be completed for each grade of fuel.
- (iii) The following certification will be typed on each DD Form 1348-8 and signed by the appropriate individuals:

	(old number) to	o contract(	new number)	on	(date)	
5	Signature	(Outgoing Co	ntractor)	_/	(New Contractor)	-"

(iv) The Contractor shall provide this information to the Government by telephone and by mailing one copy of each DD Form 1348-8.

- (v) The Government will mail three copies of the Inventory Reconciliation Document Register* covering the transfer month to the outgoing Contractor. The outgoing Contractor shall apply appropriate certification to the Inventory Reconciliation Document Register* and retain one copy, provide one copy to the new Contractor, and return the third copy to the Government.
- (7) RETENTION OF ACCOUNTABLE RECORDS AND DOCUMENTS. All records and documents identified above are DESC-accountable records and must be retained for two years after expiration of the contract.
- *Not separately required if DESC provided automated inventory/accounting systems or applications are being used to electronically process transactional data (i.e., applications under the DESC FAS program).

(DESC 52.245-9F30)

#### ORDER OF PRECEDENCE - UNIFORM CONTRACT FORMAT (OCT 1997) I132.02

Any inconsistency in this solicitation or contract shall be resolved by giving precedence in the following order:

- (a) The Schedule (excluding the specifications):
- (b) Representations and other instructions;
- (c) Contract clauses;
- (d) Other documents, exhibits, and attachments; and
- (e) The specifications.

(FAR 52.215-8)

#### I147 **DEMURRAGE (DESC NOV 1989)**

Subject to paragraph (c) of the DEFAULT clause, the Contractor shall pay to the vessel operator or carrier, or reimburse the Government for, any demurrage incurred by reason of the Contractor's failure to comply with the provisions of this contract. (DESC 52.247-9FP5)

#### I180.02 **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (STORAGE) (DESC MAY 1987)**

The Contractor agrees to conform to all laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment in effect on the date the contract is awarded, which are applicable to its operation in the performance of this contract. The Contractor further agrees to conform to any laws or regulations enacted after contract award that are applicable to its operation in the performance of this contract. In the event that conformance with any such new laws or regulations causes an increase or decrease in the operating cost, the Contractor and the Government will negotiate an equitable adjustment in the contract price. Failure to agree on an equitable adjustment in the contract price shall be a dispute concerning a question of fact within the meaning of the DISPUTES clause of this contract; however, nothing in this clause shall excuse the Contractor from implementing any such laws or regulations. The Contractor shall proceed with performance of this contract, unless so advised in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(DESC 52.223-9F25)

#### **I198** PRICING OF CONTRACT MODIFICATIONS (DEC 1991)

When costs are a factor in any price adjustment under this contract, the contract cost principles and procedures in FAR Part 31 and DFARS Part 231, in effect on the date of this contract, apply.

(DFARS 252.243-7001)

#### **I203 SUPPLEMENTAL COST PRINCIPLES (DEC 1991)**

When the allowability of costs under this contract is determined in accordance with Part 31 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), allowability shall also be determined in accordance with Part 231 of the Defense FAR Supplement, in effect on the date of this contract. (DFARS 252.231-7000)

#### 1209.03 EXTENSION PROVISION (STORAGE) (DESC SEP 1991)

The Government shall have the right to extend this contract upon the same terms and conditions on a month-by-month basis for a total of no more than six months. Notice of extensions may be furnished any time prior to the expiration of this contract or any extensions thereof. The foregoing extensions may be exercised by the Government only if (a) a decision is made by the Government that the additional time is required to deplete the Government-owned stocks stored in the facility, (b) a contract for follow-on services is terminated for default by the Government prior to commencement of services, or (c) where the extension is required to sustain performance because of difficulties encountered in award of the follow-on contract. (DESC 52.217-9F40)

### **I211 ORDERING (OCT 1995)**

- (a) Any supplies and services to be furnished under this contract shall be ordered by issuance of delivery orders or task orders by the individuals or activities designated in the Schedule. Such orders may be issued from 1 January 2004 through 31 December 2009.
- (b) All delivery orders or task orders are subject to the terms and conditions of this contract. In the event of conflict between a delivery order or task order and this contract, the contract shall control.
- (c) If mailed, a delivery order or task order is considered "issued" when the Government deposits the order in the mail. Orders may be issued orally, by facsimile, or by electronic commerce methods only if authorized in the Schedule.

  (FAR 52.216-18)

#### **I225 PAYMENTS (APR 1984)**

The Government shall pay the Contractor, upon the submission of proper invoices or vouchers, the prices stipulated in this contract for supplies delivered and accepted or services rendered and accepted, less any deductions provided in this contract. Unless otherwise specified in this contract, payment shall be made on partial deliveries accepted by the Government if--

- (a) The amount due on the deliveries warrants it; or
- (b) The Contractor requests it and the amount due on the deliveries is at least \$1,000 or 50 percent of the total contract price. (FAR 52.232-1)

### 1227 AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR THE NEXT FISCAL YEAR (APR 1984)

Funds are not presently available for performance under this contract beyond **contract start date**. The Government's obligation for performance of this contract beyond that date is contingent upon the availability of appropriated funds from which payment for contract purposes can be made. No legal liability on the part of the Government for any payment may arise for performance under this contract beyond **contract start date**, until funds are made available to the Contracting Officer for performance and until the Contractor receives notice of availability, to be confirmed in writing by the Contracting Officer. (FAR 52.232-19)

### 1229 RESTRICTIONS ON SUBCONTRACTOR SALES TO THE GOVERNMENT (JUL 1995)

- (a) Except as provided in (b) below, the Contractor shall not enter into any agreement with an actual or prospective subcontractor, nor otherwise act in any manner, which has or may have the effect of restricting sales by such subcontractors directly to the Government of any item or process (including computer software) made or furnished by the subcontractor under this contract or under any follow-on production contract.
- (b) The prohibition in (a) above does not preclude the Contractor from asserting rights that are otherwise authorized by law or regulation.
- (c) The Contractor agrees to incorporate the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts under this contract that exceed \$100,000. (FAR 52.203-6)

### NOTE:

# ALTERNATE I (OCT 1995), substitute this paragraph (b) for commercial acquisitions:

(b) The prohibition in paragraph (a) of this clause does not preclude the Contractor from asserting rights that are otherwise authorized by law or regulation. For acquisitions of commercial items, the prohibition in paragraph (a) applies only to the extent that any agreement restricting sales by subcontractors results in the Federal Government being treated differently from any other prospective purchaser for the sale of the commercial item(s).

#### **I242** INTEGRITY OF UNIT PRICES (OCT 1997)

- (a) Any proposal submitted for the negotiation of prices for items of supplies shall distribute costs within contracts on a basis that ensures that unit prices are in proportion to the items' base cost (e.g., manufacturing or acquisition costs). Any method of distributing costs to line items that distorts unit prices shall not be used. For example, distributing costs equally among line items is not acceptable except when there is little or no variation in base cost. Nothing in this paragraph requires submission of cost or pricing data not otherwise required by law or regulation.
- (b) When requested by the Contracting Officer, the Offeror/Contractor shall also identify those supplies that it will not manufacture or to which it will not contribute significant value.
- (c) The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, less paragraph (b), in all subcontracts for other than: acquisitions at or below the simplified acquisition threshold in FAR Part 2; construction or architectengineer services under FAR Part 36; utility services under FAR Part 41; services where supplies are not required; commercial items; and petroleum products. (FAR 52.215-14)

#### 1251 ANTI-KICKBACK PROCEDURES (JUL 1995)

#### (a) **DEFINITIONS.**

- (1) **Kickback**, as used in this clause, means any money, fee, commission, credit, gift, gratuity, thing of value, or compensation of any kind which is provided, directly or indirectly, to any prime Contractor, prime Contractor employee, subcontractor, or subcontractor employee for the purpose of improperly obtaining or rewarding favorable treatment in connection with a prime contract or in connection with a subcontract relating to a prime contract.
- (2) **Person**, as used in this clause, means a corporation, partnership, business association of any kind, trust, joint-stock company, or individual.
- (3) **Prime Contract**, as used in this clause, means a contract or contractual action entered into by the United States for the purpose of obtaining supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind.
- (4) **Prime Contractor**, as used in this clause, means a person who has entered into a prime contract with the United States.
- (5) **Prime Contractor Employee**, as used in this clause, means any officer, partner, employee, or agent of a prime Contractor.
- (6) Subcontract, as used in this clause, means a contract or contractual action entered into by a prime Contractor or subcontractor for the purpose of obtaining supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind under a prime contract.
- (7) **Subcontractor**, as used in this clause, (1) means any person, other than the prime Contractor, who offers to furnish or furnishes any supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind under a prime contract or a subcontract entered into in connection with such prime contract; and (2) includes any person who offers to furnish or furnishes general supplies to the prime Contractor or a higher tier subcontractor.
- (8) **Subcontractor Employee**, as used in this clause, means any officer, partner, employee, or agent of a subcontractor.
  - (b) The Anti-Kickback Act of 1986 (41 U.S.C. 51-58) (the Act) prohibits any person from--
    - (1) Providing or attempting to provide or offering to provide any kickback;
    - (2) Soliciting, accepting, or attempting to accept any kickback; or
- (3) Including, directly or indirectly, the amount of any kickback in the contract price charged by a prime Contractor to the United States or in the contract price charged by a subcontractor to a prime Contractor or higher tier subcontractor.
- (c) (1) The Contractor shall have in place and follow reasonable procedures designed to prevent and detect possible violations described in paragraph (b) of this clause in its own operations and direct business relationships.
- (2) When the Contractor has reasonable grounds to believe that a violation described in paragraph (b) above may have occurred, the Contractor shall promptly report in writing the possible violation. Such reports shall be made to the inspector general of the contracting agency, the head of the contracting agency if the agency does not have an inspector general, or the Department of Justice.
- (3) The Contractor shall cooperate fully with any Federal agency investigating a possible violation described in paragraph (b) of this clause.

- (4) The Contracting Officer may (i) offset the amount of the kickback against any monies owed by the United States under the prime contract and/or (ii) direct that the prime Contractor withhold from sums owed a subcontractor under the prime contract, monies withheld, the amount of the kickback. The Contracting Officer may order that monies withheld under subdivision (c)(4)(ii) of this clause be paid over to the Government unless the Government has already offset those monies under subdivision (c)(4)(i) of this clause. In either case, the prime Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer when the monies are withheld.
- (5) The Contractor agrees to incorporate the substance of this clause, including this subparagraph (c)(5) but excepting subparagraph (c)(1), in all subcontracts under this contract that exceed \$100,000. (FAR 52.203-7)

# I255 ACQUISITION FROM SUBCONTRACTORS SUBJECT TO ON-SITE INSPECTION UNDER THE INTERMEDIATE-RANGE NUCLEAR FORCES (INF) TREATY (NOV 1995)

- (a) The Contractor shall not deny consideration for a subcontract award under this contract to a potential subcontractor subject to on-site inspection under the INF Treaty, or a similar treaty, solely or in part because of the actual or potential presence of Soviet inspectors at the subcontractor's facility, unless the decision is approved by the Contracting Officer.
- (b) The Contractor shall incorporate this clause, including this paragraph (b), in all solicitations and contracts exceeding the simplified acquisition threshold in Part 13 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, except those for commercial items.

  (DFARS 252.209-7000)

# 1257 INCONSISTENCY BETWEEN ENGLISH VERSION AND TRANSLATION OF CONTRACT (FEB 2000)

In the event of inconsistency between any terms of this contract and any translation into another language, the English language meaning shall control. (FAR 52.225-14)

# 1285 SUBCONTRACTING WITH FIRMS THAT ARE OWNED OR CONTROLLED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF A TERRORIST COUNTRY (MAR 1998)

- (a) Unless the Government determines that there is a compelling reason to do so, the Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract in excess of \$25,000 with a firm, or a subsidiary of a firm, that is identified on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs as being ineligible for the award of Defenses contracts or subcontracts because it is owned or controlled by the government of a terrorist country.
- (b) A corporate officer or a designee of the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, before entering into a subcontract with a party that is identified on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs as being ineligible for the award of Defense contracts or subcontracts because it is owned or controlled by the government of a terrorist country. The notice must include the name of the proposed subcontractor and the compelling reason(s) for doing business with the subcontractor notwithstanding its inclusion on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs.

(DFARS 252.209-7004)

# **I400.09 SUBCONTRACTS (ALT I) (AUG 1998/AUG 1998)**

(a) **DEFINITIONS.** As used in this clause--

**Approved purchasing system** means a Contractor's purchasing system that has been reviewed and approved in accordance with Part 44 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).

**Consent to subcontract** means the Contracting Officer's written consent for the Contractor to enter into a particular subcontract.

**Subcontract** means any contract, as defined FAR Subpart 2.1, entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of the prime contract or a subcontract. It includes, but is not limited to, purchase orders, and changes and modifications to purchase orders.

- (b) This clause does not apply to subcontracts for special test equipment when the contract contains the clause at FAR 52.245-18, Special Test Equipment.
- (c) When this clause is included in a fixed-price type contract, consent to subcontract is required only on unpriced contract actions (including unpriced modifications or unpriced delivery orders), and only if required in accordance with paragraph (d) or (e) of this clause.
- (d) If the Contractor does not have an approved purchasing system, consent to subcontract is required for any subcontract that--

- (1) Is of the cost-reimbursement, time-and-materials, or labor-hour type; or
- (2) Is fixed-price and exceeds--
- (i) For a contract awarded by the Department of Defense, the Coast Guard, or the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the greater of the simplified acquisition threshold or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of this contract; or
- (ii) For a contract awarded by a civilian agency other than the Coast Guard and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, either the simplified acquisition threshold or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of the contract.

Contracting Officer's written consent before placing the following subcontracts:	ootani tiic
	_

- (f) (1) The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer reasonably in advance of placing any subcontract or modification thereof for which consent is required under paragraph (c), (d), or (e) of this clause, including the following information:
  - (i) A description of the supplies or services to be subcontracted.
  - (ii) Identification of the type of subcontract to be used.
  - (iii) Identification of the proposed subcontractor.
  - (iv) The proposed subcontract price.
- (v) The subcontractor's current, complete, and accurate cost or pricing data and Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, if required by other contract provisions.
- (vi) The subcontractor's Disclosure Statement or Certificate relating to Cost Accounting Standards when such data are required by other provisions of this contract.
  - (vii) A negotiation memorandum reflecting--
    - (A) The principal elements of the subcontract price negotiations;
    - (B) The most significant considerations controlling establishment of initial or revised prices;
    - (C) The reason why cost or pricing data were or were not required;
- (D) The extent, if any, to which the Contractor did not rely on the subcontractor's cost or pricing data in determining the price objective and in negotiating the final price;
- (E) The extent to which it was recognized in the negotiation that the subcontractor's cost or pricing data were not accurate, complete, or current; the action taken by the Contractor and the subcontractor; and the effect of any such defective data on the total price negotiated;
- (F) The reasons for any significant difference between the Contractor's price objective and the price negotiated; and
- (G) A complete explanation of the incentive fee or profit plan when incentives are used. The explanation shall identify each critical performance element, management decisions used to quantify each incentive element, reasons for the incentives, and a summary of all trade-off possibilities considered.
- (2) If the Contractor has an approved purchasing system and consent is not required under paragraph (c), (d), or (e) of this clause, the Contractor nevertheless shall notify the Contracting Officer reasonably in advance of entering into any (i) cost-plus-fixed-fee subcontract, or (ii) fixed-price subcontract that exceeds the greater of the simplified acquisition threshold or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of this contract. The notification shall include the information required by paragraphs (f)(1)(i) through (f)(1)(iv) of this clause.
- (g) Unless the consent or approval specifically provides otherwise, neither consent by the Contracting Officer to any subcontract nor approval of the Contractor's purchasing system shall constitute a determination--
  - (1) Of the acceptability of any subcontract terms or conditions;
  - (2) Of the allowability of any cost under this contract; or
  - (3) To relieve the Contractor of any responsibility for performing this contract.

- (h) No subcontract or modification thereof placed under this contract shall provide for payment on a cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost basis, and any fee payable under cost-reimbursement type subcontracts shall not exceed the fee limitations in FAR 15.404-4(c)(4)(i).
- (i) The Contractor shall give the Contracting Officer immediate written notice of any action or suit filed and prompt notice of any claim made against the Contractor by any subcontractor or vendor that, in the opinion of the Contractor, may result in litigation related in any way to this contract, with respect to which the Contractor may be entitled to reimbursement from the Government.
- (j) The Government reserves the right to review the Contractor's purchasing system as set forth in FAR Subpart 44.3.

(k) Paragraphs (d) and (f) of this clause do not apply to the following subcontracts, which were evaluated during negotiations:
evaluated during negotiations.

(FAR 52.244-2/Alt 1)

#### **SECTION J – LIST OF ATTACHMENTS**

FORM	TITLE	LOCATION
DD1707	INFORMATION TO OFFERORS OR QUOTERS	COVER SHEET
SF33	SOLICITATION, OFFER AND AWARD (REV. 9-97)	PAGE 1
	PERFORMANCE WORK STATEMENT	ATTACHMENT 1
	OFFEROR SUBMISSION PACKAGE	ATTACHMENT 2

# SECTION K – REPRESENTATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS, AND OTHER STATEMENTS OF OFFERORS OR **QUOTERS**

K1.01-5	PREVIOUS CONTRACTS AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS (FEB 1999) (The full text of this clause is included in the Offeror Submission Package at Attachment 2)
K1.01-6	AFFIRMATIVE ACTION COMPLIANCE (APR 1984) (The full text of this clause is included in the Offeror Submission Package at Attachment 2)
K1.01-11	SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM REPRESENTATIONS (ALTS I/II) (OCT 2000/OCT 2000/OCT
2000)	(The full text of this clause is included in the Offeror Submission Package at Attachment 2)
K1.06	DATA UNIVERSAL NUMBERING SYSTEM (DUNS) NUMBER (JUN 1999) (The full text of this clause is included in the Offeror Submission Package at Attachment 2)
K5	USE OF ELECTRONIC DATA INTERCHANGE (DESC MAY 1994)

### **USE OF ELECTRONIC DATA INTERCHANGE (DESC MAY 1994)**

- (a) **DEFINITIONS**.
- (1) Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) means the computer-to-computer exchange of business documents between trading partners using a public standard format.
- (2) American National Standards Institute (ANSI) means the agency that formulates the guidelines for the standards used in EDI transactions. X12 is the ANSI subcommittee responsible for the development and maintenance of guidelines for use in exchanging standard business transactions electronically.

- (3) Trading partner means any business customer engaging in an EDI program.
- (4) **Trading Partner Agreement** (TPA) means the legal document wherein the trading partners agree to the electronic exchange of documents.
- (5) Value Added Network (VAN) means the electronic mailbox through which EDI partners exchange business transactions.
- (b) The Defense Energy Support Center (DESC) may utilize EDI for certain documents in contracts awarded under this solicitation. DESC has implemented a system using the (ANSI) X12 standards, as applicable, for EDI. When EDI procedures are to be used, DESC and the Contractor will enter into a TPA.
  - (c) [ ] A check in this block indicates that the Contractor has already entered into a TPA with DESC.
  - (d) Upon submission of the following data, DESC will forward a TPA to the Contractor for execution:

(1)	1) Company Name:				
(2)	2) Point of Contact for EDI:				
(3)	3) POC's Telephone Number:				
(4)	4) POC's Address:				
			_		
			_		
(5)	VAN Service	Provider(s):	_		
(6)	6) Provide information for the following fields:				
	ISA07	Company Qualifier			
	ISA08	Company Value			
	GS03	Company Value			
(7)	(7) Please identify:				
	Element Separator:				
	Subelement Separator:				
	Segment Term	inator:			

- (e) By execution of the TPA, the Contractor agrees to be bound by the terms and conditions of the agreement governing any transactions with the Government through EDI, in addition to the terms and conditions of the contract. TPAs will be contract independent. Only one will be signed between the Contractor and DESC. As contracts are awarded, the TPA will be incorporated into the specific contracts upon the mutual agreement of the Contractor and DESC.
  - (f) When a TPA is executed--
- (1) The TPA shall identify, among other things, the VAN(s) through which electronic transmissions are made, the Transaction Sets available, security procedures, and guidelines for implementation.
- (2) The Contractor shall be responsible for providing its own computer hardware, computer software, and VAN connections necessary to transmit and receive data electronically under the framework of the TPA.
- (3) Transaction Sets will be unique to each contract and will be incorporated into contracts as agreed to by the parties.

- (4) Nothing in the TPA will invalidate any part of the contract between the Contractor and DESC.
- (5) All terms and conditions that would otherwise be applicable to a paper document shall apply to the electronic document. (DESC 52.232-9F30)

#### K15 RELEASE OF UNIT PRICES (DESC OCT 2002)

The Defense Energy Support Center (DESC) will continue to release unit prices of successful offerors after the contract award pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2305(g)(2), FAR 15.606(d)(2) and 32 CFR 286h-3. Unit prices are the bottom-line price per unit of product and may include the total contract price. They do not include any breakout of costs, such as transportation or overhead, and do not disclose the offeror's anticipated profit or any pricing factors.

(DESC 52.224-9F25)

### K15.03 CERTIFICATE OF INDEPENDENT PRICE DETERMINATION (APR 1985)

(The full text of this clause is included in the Offeror Submission Package at Attachment 2)

#### K33.01 AUTHORIZED NEGOTIATORS (DESC JAN 1998)

(The full text of this clause is included in the Offeror Submission Package at Attachment 2)

#### K45 FACSIMILE INVOICING (COCO/GOCO) (DESC SEP 1988)

(The full text of this clause is included in the Offeror Submission Package at Attachment 2)

# K85 DISCLOSURE OF OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL BY THE GOVERNMENT OF A TERRORIST COUNTRY (MAR 1998)

- (a) **DEFINITIONS.** As used in this provision--
- (1) **Government of a terrorist country** includes the state and the government of a terrorist country, as well as any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality thereof.
- (2) **Terrorist country** means a country determined by the Secretary of State, under Section 6(j)(1)(A) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2405(j)(i)(A)), to be a country the government of which has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism. As of the date of this provision, terrorist countries include Cuba, Iran, Iraq, Libya, North Korea, Sudan, and Syria.
  - (3) Significant interest, as used in this provision means--
- (i) Ownership of or beneficial interest in 5 percent or more of the firm's or subsidiary's securities. Beneficial interest includes holding 5 percent or more of any class of the firm's securities in "nominee shares," "street names," or some other method of holding securities that does not disclose the beneficial owner;
  - (ii) Holding a management position in the firm, such as director or officer;
  - (iii) Ability to control or influence the election, appointment, or tenure of directors or officers in
- (iv) Ownership of 10 percent or more of the assets of a firm such as equipment, buildings, real estate, or other tangible assets of the firm; or
  - (v) Holding 50 percent or more of the indebtedness of a firm.
- (b) **PROHIBITION ON AWARD.** In accordance with 10 U.S.C. 2327, no contract may be awarded to a firm or subsidiary of a firm if the government of a terrorist country has a significant interest in the firm or subsidiary or, in the case of a subsidiary, the firm that owns the subsidiary, unless a waiver is granted by the Secretary of Defense.

#### (c) DISCLOSURE.

the firm;

If the government of a terrorist country has a significant interest in the offeror or a subsidiary of the offeror, the offeror shall disclose such interest in an attachment to its offer. If the offeror is a subsidiary, it shall also disclose any significant interest each government has in any firm that owns or controls the subsidiary. The disclosure shall include--

- (1) Identification of each government holding a significant interest; and
- (2) A description of the significant interest held by each Government.

(DFARS 252.209-7001)

#### K86 FOREIGN TAXES (DESC JUN 1987)

(The full text of this clause is included in the Offeror Submission Package at Attachment 2)

#### K88 TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION (OCT 1998)

(The full text of this clause is included in the Offeror Submission Package at Attachment 2)

# K93 REPRESENTATION OF EXTENT OF TRANSPORTATION BY SEA (AUG 1992)

(The full text of this clause is included in the Offeror Submission Package at Attachment 2)

# K94 CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, PROPOSED DEBARMENT, AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS (APR 2001)

(The full text of this clause is included in the Offeror Submission Package at Attachment 2)

# K96 CERTIFICATION AND DISCLOSURE REGARDING PAYMENTS TO INFLUENCE CERTAIN FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS (APR 1991)

- (a) The definitions and prohibitions contained in the clause, at FAR 52.203-12, LIMITATION ON PAYMENTS TO INFLUENCE CERTAIN FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS, included in this solicitation, are hereby incorporated by reference in paragraph (b) of this certification.
- (b) The offeror, by signing its offer, hereby certifies to the best of his or her knowledge and belief that on or after December 23, 1989 --
- (1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement;
- (2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds (including profit or fee received under a covered Federal transaction) have been paid, or will be paid, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with this solicitation, the offeror shall complete and submit, with its offer, OMB standard form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, to the Contracting Officer; and
- (3) He or she will include the language of this certification in all subcontract awards at any tier and require that all recipients of subcontract awards in excess of \$100,000 shall certify and disclose accordingly.
- (c) Submission of this certification and disclosure is a prerequisite for making or entering into this contract imposed by section 1352, title 31, United States Code. Any person who makes an expenditure prohibited under this provision or who fails to file or amend the disclosure form to be filed or amended by this provision, shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000, and not more than \$100,000, for each such failure.

(FAR 52.203-11)

# SECTION L - INSTRUCTION, CONDITIONS, AND NOTICES TO OFFERORS

# L1.02 PROPOSAL ACCEPTANCE PERIOD (DESC NOV 1991)

- (a) **Acceptance period**, as used in this provision, means the number of calendar days available to the Government for awarding a contract from the date specified in this solicitation for receipt of proposals.
- (b) This provision supersedes any language pertaining to the acceptance period that may appear elsewhere in this solicitation.
  - (c) The Government requires a minimum acceptance period of 180 calendar days.
- (d) If the offeror specifies an acceptance period which is less than that required by the Government, such offer may be rejected.
- (e) The offeror agrees to execute all that it has undertaken to do, in compliance with its offer, if such offer is acceptable to the Government and is accepted within the acceptance period stated in (c) above or within any extension thereof that has been agreed to by the offeror.

  (DESC 52.215-9FB1)

# L2.01 INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS (RFP) (DESC OCT 1981)

Offerors are expected to examine all sections of the solicitation and the Information to Offerors form. Failure to do so will be at offeror's risk. Each offeror shall furnish the information required by the solicitation. Offers

and modifications thereto shall be signed and dated. The name and title of the person authorized to sign the offer is to be printed or typed on the offer. The offer shall be enclosed in sealed envelopes and addressed to the office specified in the solicitation. Erasures or other changes must be initialed by the person signing the offer. The offeror shall show the hour and date specified in the solicitation for receipt, the solicitation number, and the name and address of the offeror on the face of the envelope.

(DESC 52.215-9F45)

# L2.05-8 INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS - COMPETITIVE ACQUISITION (ALT I) (FEB 2000/OCT 1997)

#### (a) **DEFINITIONS.** As used in this provision--

- (1) **Discussions** are negotiations that occur after establishment of the competitive range that may, at the Contracting Officer's discretion, result in the offeror being allowed to revise its proposal.
- (2) **In writing** or **written** means any worded or numbered expression that can be read, reproduced, and later communicated, and includes electronically transmitted and stored information.
- (3) **Proposal modification** is a change made to a proposal before the solicitation's closing date and time, or made in response to an amendment, or made to correct a mistake at any time before award. Proposal revision is a change to a proposal made after the solicitation closing date, at the request of or as allowed by a Contracting Officer as the result of negotiations.
- (4) **Time**, if stated as a number of days, is calculated using calendar days, unless otherwise specified, and will include Saturday, Sundays, and legal holidays. However, if the last day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, then the period shall include the next working day.
- (b) **AMENDMENTS TO SOLICITATIONS.** If this solicitation is amended, all terms and conditions that are not amended remain unchanged. Offerors shall acknowledge receipt of any amendment to this solicitation by the date and time specified in the amendment(s).

#### (c) SUBMISSION, MODIFICATION, REVISION, AND WITHDRAWAL OF PROPOSALS.

- (1) Unless other methods (e.g., electronic commerce or facsimile) are permitted in the solicitation, proposals, and modifications to proposals shall be submitted in paper media in sealed envelopes or packages—
  - (i) Addressed to the office specified in the solicitation; and
- (ii) Showing the time and date specified for receipt, the solicitation number, and the name and address of the offeror. Offerors using commercial carriers should ensure that the proposal is marked on the outermost wrapper with the information in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) and (c)(1)(i) of this provision.
  - (2) The proposal must show--
    - (i) The solicitation number;
- (ii) The name, address, and telephone and facsimile numbers of the offeror (and electronic address if available);
- (iii) A statement specifying the extent of agreement with all terms, conditions, and provisions included in the solicitation and agreement to furnish any or all items upon which prices are offered at the prices set opposite each item;
- (iv) Names, titles, and telephone and facsimile numbers (and electronic address if available) of persons authorized to negotiate on the offeror's behalf with the Government in connection with this solicitation; and
- (v) Name, title, and signature of person authorized to sign the proposal. Proposals signed by an agent shall be accompanied by evidence of that agent's authority, unless that evidence has been previously furnished to the issuing office.

#### (3) Submission, modification, revision, and withdrawal of proposals.

- (i) Offerors are responsible for submitting proposals, and any modifications or revisions, so as to reach the Government office designated in the solicitation by the time specified in the solicitation. If no time is specified in the solicitation, the time for receipt is 4:30 p.m., local time, for the designated Government office on the date that proposal or revision is due.
- (ii) (A) Any proposal, modification, or revision received at the Government office designated in the solicitation after the exact time specified for receipt of offers is "late" and will not be considered unless it is received before award is made, the Contracting Officer determines that accepting the late offer would not unduly delay the acquisition; and--
- (a) If it was transmitted through an electronic commerce method authorized by the solicitation, it was received at the initial point of entry to the Government infrastructure not later than 5:00 p.m. one working day prior to the date specified for receipt of proposals; or

(b) There is acceptable evidence to establish that it was received at the Government installation designated for receipt of offers and was under the Government's control prior to the time set for receipt of offers or

It was sent by registered or certified mail not later than the fifth calendar day before the date specified for receipt of offers (e.g., an offer submitted in response to a solicitation requiring receipt of offers by the 20th of the month must have been mailed by the 15th);

(c) It is the only proposal received.

It was sent by mail (or telegram or facsimile, if authorized) or hand-carried (including delivery by a commercial carrier) if it is determined by the Government that the late receipt was due primarily to Government mishandling after receipt at the Government installation;

- (B) However, a late modification of an otherwise successful proposal that makes its terms more favorable to
- (iii) Acceptable evidence to establish the time of receipt at the Government installation includes the time/date stamp of that installation on the proposal wrapper, other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the installation, or oral testimony or statements of Government personnel.
- (iv) If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal Government processes so that proposals cannot be received at the office designated for receipt of proposals by the exact time specified in the solicitation, and urgent Government requirements preclude amendment of the solicitation, the time specified for receipt of proposals will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the solicitation on the first work day on which normal Government processes resume.
- (v) Proposals may be withdrawn by written notice received at any time before award. Oral proposal in response to oral solicitations may be withdrawn orally. If the solicitation authorizes facsimile proposals, proposals may be withdrawn via facsimile received at any time before award, subject to the conditions specified in the FACSIMILE PROPOSALS provision. Proposals may be withdrawn in person by an offeror or an authorized representative, if the identity of the person requesting withdrawal is established and the person signs a receipt for the proposal before award.
- (4) Unless otherwise specified in the solicitation, the offeror may propose to provide any item or combination of items.
- (5) Offerors shall submit proposals in response to this solicitation in English, unless otherwise permitted by the solicitation, and in U.S. dollars, unless the provision at FAR 52.225-17, EVALUATION OF FOREIGN CURRENCY OFFERS, is included in the solicitation.
- (6) Offerors may submit modifications to their proposals at any time before the solicitation closing date and time, and may submit modifications in response to an amendment, or to correct a mistake at any time before award.
  - (7) Offerors may submit revised proposals only if requested or allowed by the Contracting Officer.
- (8) Proposals may be withdrawn at any time before award. Withdrawals are effective upon receipt of notice by the Contracting Officer.
- (d) **OFFER EXPIRATION DATE.** Proposals in response to this solicitation will be valid for the number of days specified on the solicitation cover sheet.
- (e) **RESTRICTION ON DISCLOSURE AND USE OF DATA.** Offerors that include in their proposals data that they do not want disclosed to the public for any purpose, or used by the Government except for evaluation purposes, shall--
- (1) Mark the title page with the following legend: THIS PROPOSAL INCLUDES DATA THAT SHALL NOT BE DISCLOSED OUTSIDE THE GOVERNMENT AND SHALL NOT BE DUPLICATED, USED, OR DISCLOSED -- IN WHOLE OR IN PART FOR ANY PURPOSE OTHER THAN TO EVALUATE THIS PROPOSAL. IF, HOWEVER, A CONTRACT IS AWARDED TO THIS OFFEROR AS A RESULT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SUBMISSION OF THIS DATA, THE GOVERNMENT SHALL HAVE THE RIGHT TO DUPLICATE, USE, OR DISCLOSE THE DATA TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED IN THE RESULTING CONTRACT. THIS RESTRICTION DOES NOT LIMIT THE GOVERNMENT'S RIGHT TO USE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DATA IF IT IS OBTAINED FROM ANOTHER SOURCE WITHOUT RESTRICTION. THE DATA SUBJECT TO THIS RESTRICTION AR CONTAINED IN SHEETS (INSERT NUMBERS OR OTHER IDENTIFICATION OF SHEETS); and

(2) Mark each sheet of data it wishes to restrict with the following legend: USE OR DISCLOSURE OF DATA CONTAINED ON THIS SHEET IS SUBJECT TO THE RESTRICTION ON THE TITLE PAGE OF THIS PROPOSAL.

#### (f) CONTRACT AWARD.

- (1) The Government intends to award a contract or contracts resulting from this solicitation to the responsible offeror(s) whose proposal(s) represents the best value after evaluation in accordance with the factors and subfactors in the solicitation.
  - (2) The Government may reject any or all proposals if such action is in the Government's interest.
  - (3) The Government may waive informalities and minor irregularities in proposals received.
- (4) The Government intends to evaluate proposals and award a contract after conducting discussions with offerors whose proposals have been determined to be within the competitive range. If the Contracting Officer determines that the number of proposals that would otherwise be in the competitive range exceeds the number at which an efficient competition can be conducted, the Contracting Officer may limit the number of proposals in the competitive range to the greatest number that will permit an efficient competition among the most highly rated proposals. Therefore, the offeror's initial proposal should contain the offeror's best terms from a price and technical standpoint.
- (5) The Government reserves the right to make an award on any item for a quantity less than the quantity offered, at the unit cost or prices offered, unless the offeror specifies otherwise in the proposal.
- (6) The Government reserves the right to make multiple awards if, after considering the additional administrative costs, it is in the Government's best interest to do so.
- (7) Exchanges with offerors after receipt of a proposal do not constitute a rejection or counteroffer by the Government.
- (8) The Government may determine that a proposal is unacceptable if the prices proposed are materially unbalanced between line items or subline items. Unbalanced pricing exists when, despite an acceptable total evaluated price, the price of one or more contract line items is significantly overstated or understated as indicated by the application of cost or price analysis techniques. A proposal may be rejected if the Contracting Officer determines that the lack of balance poses an unacceptable risk to the Government.
- (9) If a cost realism analysis is performed, cost realism may be considered by the source selection authority in evaluating performance or schedule risk.
- (10) A written award or acceptance of proposal mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror within the time specified in the proposal shall result in a binding contract without further action by either party.
- (11) The Government may disclose the following information in postaward debriefings to other offerors:
  - (i) The overall evaluated cost or price and technical rating of the successful offeror;
- (ii) The overall ranking of all offerors, when any ranking was developed by the agency during source selection:
  - (iii) A summary of the rationale for award; and
- (iv) For acquisitions of commercial items, the make and model of the item to be delivered by the successful offeror. (FAR 52.215-1/Alt I)

#### L2.10 SUBMISSION OF OFFERS IN THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE (APR 1991)

Offers submitted in response to this solicitation shall be in the English language. Offers received in other than English shall be rejected. (FAR 52.214-34)

#### L2.10-1 SUBMISSION OF OFFERS IN U.S. CURRENCY (APR 1991)

Offers submitted in response to this solicitation shall be in terms of U.S. dollars. Offers received in other than U.S. dollars shall be rejected. (FAR 52.214-35)

#### L2.11-1 FACSIMILE BIDS (DESC AUG 1999)

- (a) **DEFINITION. Facsimile bids**, as used in this solicitation, means a bid, modification of a bid, or withdrawal of a bid that is transmitted to and received by the Government via electronic equipment that communicates and reproduces both printed and handwritten material.
- (b) Bidders may submit facsimile bids as responses to this solicitation. These responses must arrive at the place, and by the time, specified in the solicitation.

- (c) Facsimile bids that fail to furnish required representations or information, or that reject any of the terms, conditions, and provisions of the solicitation, may be excluded from consideration.
  - (d) Facsimile bids must contain the required signatures.
- (e) The Government reserves the right to make award solely on the facsimile bid. However, **if requested to do so by the Contracting Officer**, the apparently successful bidder agrees to promptly submit the complete, original, signed bid, or a hard copy thereof, to be received within 10 days of the opening date.
  - (f) Facsimile receiving data and compatibility characteristics are as follows:
    - (1) Telephone number of receiving facsimile equipment: (703) 767-8506.
- (2) The Defense Energy Support Center's receiving equipment is a Panafax UF-880 facsimile machine. The receiving speed coincides with the applicable sending machine. Each FAX is required to include the following information on a cover sheet or at the top of the first page:

TO: (Name and office code, i.e., Mary Smith, DESC-PH)

FROM: (Originator's name, complete company name and address)

Verification number: (Originator phone number and FAX number)

Description: (Solicitation number)

Number of pages:

- (g) If the bidder chooses to transmit a facsimile bid, the Government will not be responsible for any failure attributable to the transmission or receipt of the facsimile bid including, but not limited to, the following:
  - (1) Receipt of garbled or incomplete bid.
  - (2) Availability or condition of the receiving facsimile equipment.
  - (3) Incompatibility between the sending and receiving equipment.
  - (4) Delay in transmission or receipt of bid.
  - (5) Failure of the bidder to properly identify the bid.
  - (6) Illegibility of bid.
  - (7) Security of bid data.

(DESC 52.215-9FA5)

#### L2.11-2 FACSIMILE PROPOSALS (OCT 1997)

- (a) **DEFINITION. Facsimile proposal**, as used in this provision, means a proposal, revision, or modification of a proposal, or withdrawal of a proposal that is transmitted to and received by the Government via facsimile machine.
- (b) Offerors may submit facsimile proposals as responses to this solicitation. Facsimile proposals are subject to the same rules as paper proposals.
  - (c) The telephone number of receiving facsimile equipment is 703-767-9338.
- (d) If any portion of a facsimile proposal received by the Contracting Officer is unreadable to the degree that conformance to the essential requirements of the solicitation cannot be ascertained from the document—
- (1) The Contracting Officer immediately shall notify the offeror and permit the offeror to resubmit the proposal;
- (2) The method and time for resubmission shall be prescribed by the Contracting Officer after consultation with the offeror; and
- (3) The resubmission shall be considered as if it were received at the date and time of the original unreadable submission for the purpose of determining timeliness, provided the offeror complies with the time and format requirements for resubmission prescribed by the Contracting Officer.
- (e) The Government reserves the right to make award solely on the facsimile proposal. However, if requested to do so by the Contracting Officer, the apparently successful offeror promptly shall submit the complete original signed proposal. (FAR 52.215-5)

#### L2.21 AUTHORIZED DEVIATIONS IN PROVISIONS (APR 1984)

(a) The use in this solicitation of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 1) provision with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the date of the provision.

(b) The use in this solicitation of any DOD FAR Supplement Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 2) provision with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the name of the regulation. (FAR 52.252-5)

#### L2.28 SOLICITATION PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)

(a) This solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. The offeror is cautioned that the listed provisions may include blocks that must be completed by the offeror and submitted with its quotations or offer. In lieu of submitting the full text of those provisions, the offeror may identify the provisions by paragraph identifier and provide the appropriate information with its quotation or offer. Also, the full text of a solicitation provision may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

FAR/DFARS: <a href="http://farsite.hill.af.mil/http://www-far.npr.gov/">http://farsite.hill.af.mil/http://www-far.npr.gov/</a>

DLAD: http://www.procregs.hq.dla.mil/

(FAR 52.252-1)

#### L3.03 LATE SUBMISSIONS, MODIFICATIONS, AND WITHDRAWALS OF BIDS (NOV 1999)

- (a) Bidders are responsible for submitting bids, and any modifications or withdrawals, so as to reach the Government office designated in the invitation for bid (IFB) by the time specified in the IFB. If no time is specified in the IFB, the time for receipt is 4:30 p.m., local time, for the designated Government office on the date bids are due.
- (b) (1) Any bid, modification, or withdrawal received at the Government office designated in the IFB after the exact time specified for receipt of bids is "late" and will not be considered unless it is received before award is made; the Contracting Officer determines that accepting the late bid would not unduly delay the acquisition; and --
- (i) If it was transmitted through an electronic commerce method authorized by the IFB, it was received at the initial point of entry to the Government infrastructure not later than 5:00 p.m. one working day prior to the date specified for receipt of bids; or.
- (ii) There is acceptable evidence to establish that it was received at the Government installation designated for receipt of bids and was under the Government's control prior to the time set for receipt of bids.
- (2) However, a late modification of an otherwise successful bid that makes its terms more favorable to the Government will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted.
- (c) Acceptable evidence to establish the time of receipt at the Government installation includes the time/date stamp of that installation on the bid wrapper; other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the installation, or oral testimony or statements of Government personnel.
- (d) If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal Government processes so that bids cannot be received at the Government office designated for receipt of bids by the exact time specified in the IFB and urgent Government requirements preclude amendment of the IFB, the time specified for receipt of bids will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the solicitation on the first workday on which normal Government processes resume.
- (e) Bids may be withdrawn by written notice received at any time before the exact time set for receipt of bids. If the IFB authorizes facsimile bids, bids may be withdrawn via facsimile received at any time before the exact time set for receipt of bids, subject to the conditions specified in the FACSIMILE BIDS provision. A bid may be withdrawn in person by a bidder or its authorized representative if, before the exact time set for receipt of bids, the identity of the person requesting withdrawal is established and the person signs a receipt for the bid. (FAR 52.214-7)

#### L5 SERVICE OF PROTEST (AUG 1996)

(a) **Protests**, as defined in section 33.101 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, that are filed directly with an agency, and copies of any protests that are filed with the General Accounting Office (GAO), shall be served on the Contracting Officer (addressed as follows) by obtaining written and dated acknowledgment of receipt from-

ATTN: **DFSC-CPA** 

DEFENSE ENERGY SUPPORT CENTER

#### 8725 JOHN J KINGMAN ROAD SUITE 4950 FORT BELVOIR VA 22060-6222

(b) The copy of any protest shall be received in the office designated above within one day of filing a protest with GAO. (FAR 52.233-2)

#### L5.01-1 AGENCY PROTESTS (SEP 1999) - DLAD

Companies protesting this procurement may file a protest (1) with the Contracting Officer, (2) with the General Accounting Office, or (3) pursuant to Executive Order No. 12979, with the Agency for a decision by the Activity's Chief of the Contracting Office. Protests filed with the Agency should clearly state that they are an "Agency Level Protest under Executive Order No. 12979." (NOTE: DLA procedures for Agency Level Protests filed under Executive Order No. 12979 allow for a higher level decision on the initial protest than would occur with a protest to the Contracting Officer; this process is not an appellate review of a Contracting Officer's decision on a protest previously filed with the Contracting Officer.) Absent a clear indication of the intent to file an agency level protest, protests will be presumed to be protests to the Contracting Officer. (DLAD 52.233-9000)

## L17 AVAILABILITY OF SPECIFICATIONS LISTED IN THE DOD INDEX OF SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS (DODISS) AND DESCRIPTIONS LISTED IN THE ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS AND DATA REQUIREMENTS CONTROL LIST, DOD 5010.12-L (DEC 1999)

Copies of specifications, standards, and data item descriptions cited in this solicitation may be obtained -

(a) From the ASSIST database via the Internet at http://assist.daps.mil; or

(b) By submitting a request to the --

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SINGLE STOCK POINT (DODSSP) BUILDING 4 SECTION D 700 ROBBINS AVENUE PHILADELPHIA PA 19111-5094

TELEPHONE: (215) 697-2667/2179 FACSIMILE: (215) 697-1462.

(FAR 52.211-2)

#### L54 SITE VISIT (DESC OCT 1992)

- (a) It is the responsibility of the offerors/bidders to inspect the site where supplies are to be delivered and to obtain all available information about the site necessary to satisfy themselves about general and local conditions that may affect delivery and the cost of contract performance, to the extent that the information is reasonably obtainable. Offerors/bidders are responsible for any costs incurred for any site inspection and for obtaining information.
  - (b) In no event shall failure to inspect the site constitute grounds for a claim after contract award. (DESC 52.237-9F05)

#### L74 TYPE OF CONTRACT (APR 1984)

The Government contemplates award of a <u>Firm-Fixed Price</u> contract resulting from this solicitation. (FAR 52.216-1)

#### L116.01 DATA REQUIRED (STORAGE) (DESC SEP 1994)

- (a) Each proposal shall be accompanied by a map (a city street map is satisfactory) showing the exact location of the facility, a schematic drawing showing the facility layout and its relation to other facilities in the area, a description of equipment to be provided, line systems, pump capacities, and other data.
- (b) Offeror must verify that certified strapping charts are available for each tank offered and that such charts will be provided upon request.
- (c) Offerors are requested to provide, in barrels, the tank bottom for each tank, the pipeline and manifold fill for the facilities offered, and the capacity of the facilities available for receiving ballast water. Offerors

are required to provide the maximum safe fill capacity for each tank offered, including a summary of how the maximum safe fill capacity computation was calculated.

(d) If the proposal is based on providing a common system isolated in accordance with the SERVICES TO BE FURNISHED clause, including a single-product system that is not for exclusive use of DESC-owned product, in lieu of the preferred dedicated system, offerors must submit a general description of such system including detailed handling procedures that shall be followed to ensure the quality of U.S. Government-owned product. The detailed procedures must include as a minimum (1) the types and grades of all other products moved through any part of the offered isolated system, including a list of the products' specifications, and (2) detailed procedures on how non-Government line fills are to be handled prior to receipt/shipment of Government product, i.e., flush and drain line, etc. (DESC 52.215-9F90)

#### L201.02 INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS (COCO) (DESC MAY 1997)

Offeror shall submit an original and one copy of their proposals, divided into the following sections labeled **Offeror Submission Package** and **Past Performance**:

#### (a) Offeror Submission Package.

- (1) Complete all required representations and certifications, and provide proposed prices in the SERVICES TO BE FURNISHED AND PRICES clause.
- (2) If any exceptions are to be taken to the terms and conditions of the solicitation, indicate (on a separate sheet) the specific paragraph and submit as part of this Offeror Submission Package. Only exceptions detailed here will be considered exceptions to the requirements of the solicitation.

#### (b) Past Performance.

- (1) The offeror shall list all contracts and subcontracts completed in the last three years and those in progress that are related to the proposed contract. These contracts may include efforts undertaken on behalf of private industry, quasi-government organizations, or Federal agencies, including those performed for non-DoD activities. The offeror should include the following information:
  - (i) Name and address of contracting activity;
  - (ii) Contract number;
  - (iii) Contract type and dollar value;
- (iv) Brief description of the work (if the offeror is a large business, include a description of any subcontracting);
- (v) Contracting Officer, Contracting Officer's Representative; Administrative Contracting Officer, and Program Manager (all that are applicable) with telephone numbers; and
  - (vi) Significant problem(s) encountered and the corrective action(s) taken. (DESC 52.215-9F35)

#### L203 HANDCARRIED OFFERS AND EXPRESS DELIVERY SERVICE (DESC JAN 1998)

- (a) Any handcarried offer must be received at the depository indicated on the Standard Form (SF) 33 or SF 1449 of this solicitation by the date and time specified for receipt of offers. Evidence to establish the time of receipt at the Government installation is the time/date stamp of that installation on the solicitation wrapper or other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the installation.
- (b) Offers delivered by an express delivery service will be considered "handcarried." Therefore, bidders/offerors that respond to this solicitation using an express delivery service must ensure that the express delivery service "handcarries" the offer to the depository indicated on the SF 33 or SF 1449.
- (c) The term **express delivery service** does not include Express Mail delivered by the United States Postal Service. Express Mail will be considered "mail" under the LATE SUBMISSIONS, MODIFICATIONS, AND WITHDRAWALS OF BIDS provision or the Late Offers paragraph of the INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS COMMERCIAL ITEMS or INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS COMPETITIVE ACQUISITIONS provision.

  (DESC 52.252-9F05)

#### L205 COMMERCIAL AND GOVERNMENT ENTITY (CAGE) CODE REPORTING (AUG 1999)

- (a) The offeror is requested to enter its CAGE code on its offer in the block with its <u>name and address</u>. The CAGE code must be for that name and address. Enter **CAGE** before the number.
- (b) If the offeror does not have a CAGE code, it may ask the Contracting Officer to request one from the Defense Logistics Information Service (DLIS). The Contracting Officer will--

- (1) Ask the Contractor to complete Section B of a DD Form 2051, Request for Assignment of a Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Code;
  - (2) Complete section A and forward the form to DLIS; and
  - (3) Notify the Contractor of its assigned CAGE code.
  - (c) Do not delay submission of the offer pending receipt of a CAGE code.

(DFARS 252.204-7001)

#### SECTION M - EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD

#### M2.13 EVALUATION OF OFFERS (MULTIYEAR COCO STORAGE) (DESC DEC 1996)

- (a) All offers will be evaluated on price and past performance. These two factors are equal in importance. Award will be made to the offeror who represents the best value combination of price and past performance.
- (b) **PRICE.** The low multiyear offer will be determined by computing the total cost to the Government for five years of service. This will be accomplished by adding—
  - (1) The monthly service charge offered in Line Item 1001 of the Schedule multiplied by 60;
- (2) The estimated excess throughput charge for five years (Line Item 1002 excess throughput rate multiplied by 500,000 barrels*); and
  - (3) The estimated five year cost of any additional charges listed under Line Item 1001C.
  - (c) PAST PERFORMANCE.
- (1) The Government will evaluate the offeror's past performance. In doing this, the Government may consider information in the offeror's proposal and information obtained from other sources, including past and present customers and their employees, subcontractors, and any others who may have useful information. Offerors lacking relevant past performance history shall receive a neutral evaluation for past performance.
- (2) A record of acceptable past performance will not result in a favorable assessment of an otherwise unacceptable proposal.
- (3) Proposals may be rated differently within each category, i.e., two proposals may receive an exceptional rating, but one may be more exceptional than the other.
- *This five year estimated excess throughput quantity will be used for evaluation purposes only.

(DESC 52.216-9F50)

#### M72 EVALUATION OF OFFERS (EXCEPTIONS/DEVIATIONS) (DESC APR 1997)

- (a) Offerors are expected to submit offers in full compliance with all terms and conditions of this solicitation.
- (b) Any exceptions/deviations to the terms and conditions of this solicitation will result in the Government's determination that either--
  - (1) The exception/deviation is material enough to warrant rejection of the offer in part or in full; or
  - (2) The exception/deviation is acceptable.
- (c) If the exception/deviation is in reference to a specification contained in this solicitation and the offeror cannot supply product fully meeting the required specification(s), the product can be offered for consideration provided the offeror clearly indicates, by attachment to the offer, the extent to which any product offered differs from the required specification(s).
- (d) If the exception/deviation is in reference to a particular test, inspection, or testing method contained in this solicitation, the offer can be considered provided the offeror clearly indicates, by attachment to the offer, the extent to which its offer differs from those requirements.
- (e) If the exception/deviation is determined acceptable, offered prices may be adjusted, for evaluation purposes only, by the Government's best estimate of the quantitative impact of the advantage or disadvantage to the Government that might result from making an award under those circumstances.

(DESC 52.209-9F45)

#### PERFORMANCE WORK STATEMENT FOR DEFENSE FUEL SUPPORT POINT SERVICES THE MEDITERRANEAN SEA AREA

#### **C-1** <u>Description of Required Services</u>:

- C-1.1 Area of consideration
- C-1.2 Storage Tank Requirements
- C-1.3 Grade of Product
- C-1.4 Physical System Requirements
- C-1.5 Estimated Throughput Requirements
- C-1.6 Property Control, Records and System Records

#### **C-2 General Information**:

- C-2.1 Product Receiving Requirements
- C-2.2 Product Shipping Requirements
- C-2.3 Product Quality Surveillance
- C-2.4 Ancillary Facilities

#### **Appendixes**:

- A. Acronyms/Definitions
- **B.** Sample and Testing Requirements

#### **C-1 Description of Required Services**:

- **C-1.1** <u>Area of consideration</u>: The purpose of this requirement is to obtain the necessary facilities and services to receive, store, and ship U. S. Government-owned petroleum product in the Mediterranean Sea area. The Mediterranean Sea area (excluding the Adriatic Sea) is defined as an area expanding from the West Coast of Italy, South to North Africa, East to Cairo, Egypt and North to (including Athens, Greece) Istanbul, Turkey.
- C-1.2 <u>Storage Tank Requirements</u>: Approximately 166,852 cubic meters (m3)(1,050,000 barrels) shell capacity of storage is required. <u>Dedicated facilities are required</u>.
- C-1.3 <u>Grade of Product:</u> Turbine Fuel Aviation Grade JP8. (Note: The JP8 is stored neat (without fuel additives). The required fuel additives are added when the product is shipped.
- C-1.4 Physical System Requirements: Storage and handling facilities capable of receiving, storing, protecting, and shipping one grade of U.S. Government-owned petroleum product. A dedicated system is preferred however, a common system will be considered, providing the offeror(s) submit the data required by Clause L116.01, Data required to be submitted. In addition to the data required by Clause L116.01, the potential Contractors will be required to provide the tank cleaning and inspection data required by Clause E18 as part of their proposal. The tank cleaning and inspection data will be evaluated and utilized as an evaluation factor in determining the Government's risk associated with the utilization of the their facility.
- **C-1.5** Estimated Throughput: Storage is intended to be primarily static; however, the throughput shall be unlimited and at no cost to the U. S. Government (throughput is computed as follows: Receipts plus shipments divided by two).
- C-1.6 <u>Property Control, Records and System Records</u>: The Contractor shall provide Property Control and System Records in compliance with paragraph (a) (1) of Clause I119.06. The Contractor furnished computer system shall meet the current commercial standards for a computer system capable of accomplishing the data reporting and records keeping required by the Fuels Automated System (FAS): maintaining the data collection and records keeping associated with product quality surveillance (i. e., product analysis and testing reports).
  - C-1.6.1 The Contractor shall input inventory and sales data of government-owned product directly into the Government's FAS utilizing the Contractor-furnished computer system via the Contractor-furnished Internet access (with static IP address capability) or creation of a dial-in account to the DESC FAS web server. Additional data and requirements can be found in Clause I119.04.

#### **C-2 General Information**:

- C-2.1 <u>Product Receiving Requirement</u>: Pipeline receipt capability is preferred however, receipt capability via ocean-going tanker and barge is required on a 24-hour per day, 7-days per week schedule at rates compatible with the mode of transportation tendered, normally 1,272 m3 (8,000 barrels) per hour for tankers and 318 m3 (2,000 barrels) per hour for barges. Lesser pumping rates will be considered but will be factored in cost assessments when evaluating offers. Consideration will be given to pipeline receipt capability.
- C-2.2 <u>Product Shipping Requirement</u>: Via ocean going tankers and barges on a 24-hour per day, 7-days per week schedule. The Contractor's pumps used for delivering fuel to tankers and barges shall have a performance capability to deliver product at pressures that are compatible with tanker and barge receiving rates normally 1,272 m3 (8,000 barrels per hour for tankers and 318 m3 (2,000 barrels) per hour for barges. Lesser pumping rates will be considered, but will be factored in cost assessments when evaluating offers. Consideration will be given to unrestricted access to product.
- **C-2.3** <u>Product Quality Surveillance</u>: The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining the quality of the Government-owned product stored at the Contractor's facility in accordance with MIL-STD-3004.
  - **C-2.3.1** The Contractor shall reimburse the U. S. Government the cost of the product and the cost of disposal or remediation of all product that becomes contaminated while at the Contractor's facility due to Contractor negligence.
  - C-2.3.2 The Contractor shall report immediately to DESC Livorno or the QSR all receipts or on hand stocks that fail to meet product quality for receipt, storage or shipment in accordance with MIL-STD-3004. Suspected off-specification product will be isolated and shall not be released for shipment until authorized by DESC Livorno or the OSR.

#### **C-2.4** Ancillary Facilities:

- C-2.4.1 Storage Tanks: All storage tanks must meet the minimum requirements of the current American Petroleum Institute (API) standards and all local laws, regulations, etc. applicable to the tanks and facilities to be provided. Cone roof tanks with internal floating pans are preferred however, floating roof tanks will be considered if they are equipped with roof drains which prevent water from coming into contact with the product to be stored. The tanks shall be interconnected to provide the capability of recirculation and filtration of product between tanks. The facility must be equipped with illumination to allow receipt/issue operations during hours of darkness.
- C-2.4.2 Contractor-furnished filtration system that meets the specifications outlined in the current API Publication 1581, Specifications and Qualification Procedures Aviation

Jet Fuel Filter Separator. The capability must exist to filter product during tank-to-tank transfers as a minimum.

- **C-2.4.3** Contractor-furnished injection system(s) to inject additives as follows: Fuel System Icing Inhibitor (FSII), Corrosion Inhibitor (CI) and Conductivity additive will be injected by the Contractor based on product specification requirements. Injection requirements apply to JP8 stocks. (See Clause F45.01, F45.03, F45.04)
- C-2.4.4 The Contractor shall provide laboratory services to test U.S. Government-owned petroleum products. If the Contractor cannot provide full testing capabilities identified in Appendix B acceptable to the Government, the Contractor shall be responsible for shipping the required samples to a laboratory specified by the Government representative within the Mediterranean Sea area. As a minimum, the Type C testing capability identified in Appendix B shall be available within the Contractor's facility. The calibration of testing equipment shall be in accordance Clause E1.11.

In the absence of any contract provision or referenced method, specification, or other instruction, the Contractor shall perform all services in accordance with the best commercial practices.

#### APPENDIX A

#### **Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations**

Words, the use of words, phrases, abbreviations, and acronyms as may be used within this Performance Work Statement are defined and clarified as follows:

ANG: Air National Guard

API: American Petroleum Institute

AST: Aboveground Storage Tank

ATG: Automatic Tank Gauge

**ASTM: American Society for Testing Materials** 

BAAQMD: Bay Area Air Quality Management District

Barrel: A barrel is equal to 42 U.S. gallons.

CARB: California Air Resources Board

CFE: Contractor Furnished Equipment

**CFR**: Code of Federal Regulations

**COR:** DESC Contracting Officer Representative

CLIN: Contract Line Item Number

**DESC**: Defense Energy Support Center

DESC-AW: Defense Energy Support Center-Americas West Region

**DFAMS**: Defense Fuel Automated Management System

DFSP: Defense Fuel Support Point

DLA: Defense Logistics Agency

DOD: Department of Defense

**DODAAC**: Department of Defense Activity Address Code or UIC

DOS: Days Of Supply

DSN: Defense Switching Network (telephone communications system once referred to as AUTOVON)

DTSC: Department of Toxic Substances Control

GFE: Government Furnished Equipment

EDP: Emergency Distribution Plan

FAS: Fuels Automated System

RWQCB: Regional Water Quality Control Board

EPA: Environmental Protection Agency

**ERQ**: Economic Resupply Quantity

GPM: Gallon Per Minute

FAR: Federal Acquisition Regulations

FAS: Fuels Automated System

FSII: Fuel System Icing Inhibitor

ISSA: Inter-Service Support Agreement

MILCON: Military Construction

MOA: Memorandum Of Agreement

MPMS: Manual of Petroleum Measurements Standards

MSDS: Material Safety Data Sheet

MRE: Maintenance, Repair, and Environmental

NASA ARC: National Aeronautics and Space Administration Ames Research Center

NFPA: National fire Protection Agency

**NOV:** Notice of Violation

NPDES: National Pollution Discharge Elimination System

NSN: National Stock Number

**OPA**: Oil Pollution Act

**OSHA**: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PM: Preventive Maintenance (see Maintenance above)

POS: Peacetime Operating Stock

PWS: Performance Work Statement

**QASP**: Quality Assurance Surveillance Plan

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

**SOFIA:** Stratospheric Observatory for Infrared Astronomy (a modified Boeing 747 aircraft)

SOP: Standard Operating Procedure

**SPCC**: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan

UDAPS: Uniform Data Automated Processing System

**Common Hand Tools**: As it applies to this document, common hand tools are defined as screwdrivers, pliers, hand cutters, hand, Allen, and pipe wrenches, socket and nut driver sets, hammers, bars, clamps and securing devises, and miscellaneous other non-powered tools of all size and type as may be carried by (personal tools) or available to (shop tools) a system operator or maintenance person.

Contract Date/Periods:

**Contract Award Date**: The date entered in block 20C, Date Signed, of the Standard Form 26, Award/Contract. This date may differ from the start/performance date. Note that elements of the solicitation/contract are linked to this date.

Contract Start Date: The contract start date, performance date, or first day of the performance period is the first day of the period cited in block 15 (A through F) of the Standard Form 26, Award/Contract. The start date and performance period may be adjusted by amendment to provide the Contractor sufficient lead-time to ready equipment for the contract.

**Contractor (The)**: The individual, group of persons, company, group of companies, or corporation specifically named and contracted by/with the Government to fulfill the terms of the specified contract document. The term "Contractor" as used herein refers to the company or corporation as a whole or any individual, manager or assistant, attendant, technician, operator, driver, dispatcher, or laborer who may be acting on behalf of the Contractor.

**Contracting Officer**: Includes the Procurement Contracting Officer (PCO) and the Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO).

Contracting Officers Representative: The local or on site Navy technical specialist, military or civilian, designated by the Contracting Officer to inspect and accept or reject the supplies and services furnished under a specified contract.

**Maintenance**: Unless specifically defined otherwise, the word or term "maintain or maintenance" shall mean preventive or operator maintenance as defined below.

**Other Maintenance and Repair**: Maintenance and repair beyond that defined as preventive is other maintenance and repair. This includes unplanned repair or replacement of material or components that show abnormal wear or fail.

**Operator Maintenance**: Operator maintenance is that work accomplished during routine inspections and during system use/operation. Operator maintenance may be, but is not necessarily limited to, work such as the replacement of ground wires, plugs, and clips, the replacement of O-rings and gaskets, the tightening of nuts, bolts, and screws to prevent leakage, or corrosion control and spot painting. Operator maintenance is normally be limited to those actions taken by qualified system operators using common hand tools.

**Preventive Maintenance (PM)**: Preventive maintenance is a program of recurrent periodic or cyclic scheduled work designed to preserve and maintain equipment, apparatus, or facilities in such condition that they may be effectively used for their intended purpose.

**Response Time**: The total elapse time as measured from the time a call for services is received by the Contractor to the time the fuel servicing equipment or operator arrives at the aircraft, vehicle, facility, or equipment to be serviced.

**Time**: All reference to time or time periods, i.e., 0600-2000, 0600 to 2000, or 0600 to 2000 hours, is an expression of time as measure by a 24-hour clock (military time) and an expression of local time for the contracted location.

Wording: Word usage and the intended meaning with regard to this solicitation/contract are as follows:

"Shall" is used to indicate that a provision of the contract or a requirement/action specified of the Contractor is mandatory. "The Contractor shall," identifies a mandatory action on the part of the Contractor.

**"Should"** is used to indicate an action on the part of the Contractor is recommended. "Emergency dry breakaway couplers should be installed," implies a recommended action or option on the part of the Contractor.

**"Will"** is used to indicate futurity on the part of the Government. "The Government will provide," implies the Government to take some future action to make something available to the Contractor.

"Furnish" and "provide" are use interchangeable.

"Herein" use within this document refers to the Performance Work Statement document in total.

"Notes" Notes are used to emphasize specific requirements, practices, and procedures required of the Contractor.

The use of "and/or" and the forward slash "/" between words, i.e., collection/delivery, means or implies a capability to carry out either described action.

#### APPENDIX B

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR STORAGE SAMPLING AND TESTING. SUBJECT TO THE QUALITY REPRESENTATIVE (QR) APPROVAL, ADDITIONAL SAMPLING AND TESTING SHALL BE INCORPORATED INTO THE CONTRACTOR'S QUALITY CONTROL PLAN BASED ON THE LOCAL RECEIVING, STORING, AND ISSUING PROCESS AT THE FACILITY. THE GOVERNMENT'S QR MAY REQUEST ADDITIONAL TESTING BASED ON CIRCUMSTANCES AFFECTING A PARTICULAR SAMPLE.

#### TESTING REQUIREMENTS:

#### MIL-DTL-83133 (Latest Version), GRADE JP-8

	LOCATION OF STOCK	TESTS	
1.	Vessel: Prior to Discharge - or - After Loading All level sample from each cargo tank on vessel prior to discharge or after loading. (See Notes 1, 2, & 3, below)	<ul><li>a) Workmanship</li><li>b) Color, Visual</li><li>c) API Gravity or D</li></ul>	ensity
2.	Vessel: Prior to Discharge - or - After Loading Composite Samples (See Notes 1, 2, & 3, below)	a) Workmanship b) Color, Visual c) API Gravity or D d) Flash Point e) Particulate Matte f) Distillation g) Copper Strip Cor h) Freezing Point i) Existent Gum j) Water Reaction k) Fuel Systems Ici l) Filtration Time m) Water Separation Modified (if fuel contain conductiv n) Conductivity	r rosion  ng Inhibitor  Index does not

NOTE 1: Vessel (Tanker / Barge) Composite Samples prior to Discharge:

- (1) **For Multi-Product Cargoes**: Discharge of product may commence after conformance with tests a) through d), above. The balance of tests will be completed in a timely manner prior to or during the discharge.
- (2) <u>For Single-Product Cargoes</u>: Discharge of product may commence after conformance with tests a) through d), above. The remaining sample volume shall be retained(*), and the balance of tests will be performed on the retained sample if receiving storage tanks are found to be off-specification.

NOTE 2: Tanker/Barge Composite Samples after loading:

The vessel may sail after completion of tests a) through d), above. The balance of tests will be completed *prior to* vessel arrival at destination.

#### NOTE 3:

A composite line sample (10 liters) will be taken - proportionately - over the entire loading. The composite sample shall be retained (*).

(*) Retain samples shall be held in accordance with Clause E28, Contractor Inspection Responsibilities.

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#### 3. Line: Shipments and Receipts:

- Immediately after the start of a shipment or receipt:
- b. A one-half quart or liter will be taken during shipment or receipt, beginning one half-hour after the start, and then hourly thereafter. Samples to be composited after completion of the discharge.
- A one-gallon line sample will be taken one hour after start, midpoint, and one hour prior to completion of the discharge.
- 4. For split cargo discharges where the other other product is JP-4, AVGAS, or MOGAS: a dock header sample will be taken during the JP-8 discharge one half-hour after the start of discharge and hourly thereafter.
- Storage Tanks, after receipt: An upper/middle/ lower shore tank or an All-level sample shall be taken from each storage tank.
- 6. **Tank Trucks/Tank Cars**: Composite sample of loaded tank trucks/tank cars.
- 7. **Interface Mixtures** from pipeline for Injection for blending purposes.

- a) Workmanship
- b) Color, Visual
- c) API Gravity or Density
- d) Flash Point
- a) Workmanship
- b) Color, Visual then

Retained as a Composite.

- g) Particulate Contamination on each sample.
- d) Flash Point on each sample

Same as Paragraph 2 above, plus:

 Thermal Stability taken after tanker receipts or after receipts from multiproduct pipeline shipments carrying fertilizer as one of the products.

Same as Paragraph 3.a. above.

Same as Paragraph 2 above.

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9. **Dormant Stocks** (Tanks that do not receive fuel from an outside source in the previous six months). Composite Upper/Middle/Lower or an All-Level Sample from each storage tank.

10. **Individual Tests** as directed by the cognizant Quality Office.

- a) Workmanship
- b) Color, Visual
- c) API Gravity or Density
- d) Flash Point
- e) Particulate Matter
- f) Distillation
- g) Copper Strip Corrosion
- h) Freezing Point
- i) Existent Gum
- j) Water Reaction
- k) Fuel Systems Icing Inhibitor
- 1) Thermal Stability
- m) Color, Saybolt
- n) Acid Number

Any Test identified in Paragraph 9, plus:

- o) Aromatics
- p) Sulfur, Total
- q) Mercaptan Sulfur / Doctor Test
- r) Hydrogen Content
- s) Smoke Point
- t) Heating Value: Net Heat of Combustion
- u) Viscosity at -20°C
- v) Filtration Time
- w) Calculated Cetane Index
- x) Microseparometer Rating
- y) Sulfides in Water (Clause E34)

ALL TEST METHODS TO BE AS SPECIFIED IN SPECIFICATION MIL-DTL-83133 (LATEST REVISION), GRADE JP-8, EXCEPT FOR SULFIDES IN WATER WHICH SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CLAUSE E34 (*TESTS FOR SULFIDES IN WATER*).

# OFFEROR SUBMISSION PACKAGE

SOLICITATION: SP0600-02-R-0049

PROGRAM NUMBER: 6.2

PERFORMANCE PERIOD: JANUARY 1, 2004 – DECEMBER 31, 2009

TO BE TIMELY, OFFERS MUST BE RECEIVED AT THE DEFENSE ENERGY SUPPORT CENTER BY

MARCH 28, 2003 @ 1500 HOURS LOCAL TIME

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**:

- 1. One copy of this Offeror Submission Package must be returned to the Defense Energy Support Center as your offer. See Clauses E1.11 and L201.02 for additional information to be submitted and submission requirements.
- 2. Be sure to check your offer prices in Section B for accuracy and legibility prior to submission. Initial all changes. **Sign and date the Standard Form 33 (SF33) in ink.**
- 3. If you are submitting your offer by facsimile, please limit your facsimile transmission to the contents of this Offer Submission Package and send a complete copy of the proposal by regular mail within ten (10) days after the solicitation's closing date. See Clause L2.11-1.
- 4. By submission of this package, you are stating that ALL terms and conditions of the entire solicitation are accepted and apply to your offer unless clearly stated on a separate sheet of paper.

SOLICITATION, OFFER AND AWAR	D 1. THIS CONTRA			D ORDER	<b></b>	RATING		PAGE 1	OF	PAGES 71
2. CONTRACT NUMBER 3. SOLICITATION N	NUMBER 4.	4. TYPE OF SOLICITATION			5. DATE ISSUED 6. REQUIS		6. REQUISI	SITION/PURCHASE NUMBER		
SP0600-03-R-0	L	SEALED BID (IFB)  NEGOTIATED (RFP)			26 Feb	2003	SP0600-0	3-0493		
7. ISSUED BY Defense Energy Support Center 8725 John J. Kingman Road, Suite 2945 Ft. Belvoir, VA 22060-6222	ODE SP0600	AT De:	TN: fense	BID CUS Energy S	TODIA upport (	Center, 872	-CPC, RM 25 John J. I 0-6222 (Fax	Kingmai	n Roa 767-8	ad, 8506)
NOTE: In sealed bid solicitations "offer" and	offeror" mean "b	id" and	"bidd	er".						
		LICITAT								
<ol> <li>Sealed offers in original and 1 copies for handcarried, in the depository located in DESC-CP</li> <li>CAUTION - LATE Submissions, Modifications, and Withd</li> </ol>					unti	1500 (Hour)	local time	March	28, 2	2003 itions
contained in this solicitation.		T								
10. FOR INFORMATION CALL:  A. NAME Beverly J. Williams		B. TELEPHONE (NO CO AREA CODE NUMBER (703) 767-			E	XT.	c. E-MAIL ADDRESS beverly.j.williams@dla.mil			
<u> </u>	11. TAE	BLE OF CO	NTENT	s						
(X) SEC. DESCRIPTION	PAGE	E(S) (X)	SEC.			DESCRIP	TION			PAGE(S)
PART I - THE SCHEDULE  X A SOLICITATION/CONTRACT FORM  X D SUPPLIES ON SERVICES AND REPORTS ON SERVICES AND REPORTS OF SERVICE	1 STS 2		I	CONTRAC	CT CLAUS			TUED 4.T	TA 01	23
X B SUPPLIES OR SERVICES AND PRICES/COS X C DESCRIPTION/SPECS./WORK STATEMENT	2			ST OF ATT			HIBITS AND C	THER AT	TACE	58
D PACKAGING AND MARKING							S AND INSTRU	JCTIONS		
X E INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE X F DELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE	3 9		К			ONS, CERTIFI OF OFFERORS	CATIONS AN	D OTHER		60
X G CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DATA	17		L	INSTR., C	ONDS., A	ND NOTICES	TO OFFEROR	RS		63
X H SPECIAL CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS	23	/ \	М			ACTORS FOR	AWARD			71
NOTE In 10 I am a selected at 12 in	OFFER (Must be f					1				
NOTE: Item 12 does not apply if the solicitation includes  12. In compliance with the above, the undersigned agree	<u> </u>			180			s (60 calendar	davs unle	255 2 (	different
period is inserted by the offeror) from the date for re each item, delivered at the designated point(s), within	eceipt of offers specified	d above, to	furnisl			,		,		
13. DISCOUNT FOR PROMPT PAYMENT (See Section I, Clause No. 52.232-8)	O CALENDAR DAYS %	20 CAL	ENDAI	R DAYS %	30 CAI	ENDAR DAY	'S %	CALI	ENDAF	R DAYS %
14. ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF AMEND-	AMENDMENT N	0.		DATE		AMENDME	NT NO.		DA	TE
MENTS (The offeror acknowledges receipt of amendments to the SOLICITATION for offerors and related documents numbered and dated):										
15A. NAME AND ADDRESS OF OFFER-OR	FACILIT [			(Туре	or Print)	TLE OF PERSO	ON AUTHORIZ			
AREA CODE NUMBER EXT. DIFFE	CHECK IF REMITTANCE RENT FROM ABOVE - EI RESS IN SCHEDULE.			17. SIGN	ATURE			18. 0	OFFER	DATE
	AWARD (To be co									
19. ACCEPTED AS TO ITEMS NUMBERED	20. AMOUNT	21. A	CCOU	NTING AND	APPROPI	RIATION				
22. AUTHORITY FOR USING OTHER THAN FULL AND C			T INVOICE N IN (4 cop		DRESS otherwise sp	pecified)	ITEM			
24. ADMINISTERED BY (If other than Item 7) COI		05.5		NT WILL BE	MADE BY	,	COD	)F		
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#### SECTION B - SUPPLIES/SERVICES AND PRICES/COST

#### B34.01 SERVICES TO BE FURNISHED AND PRICES (DESC FEB 1991)

The services to be furnished during the period specified herein and the unit prices are as follows:

The following terms and conditions cited in the Performance Work Statement (PWS) (*Attachment 1*) are applicable to obtain the necessary petroleum services to support Defense Energy Support Centers (DESC) storage and distribution requirement for government-owned petroleum product (Turbine Fuel Aviation Grade JP8) in the Mediterranean Sea area. The Mediterranean Sea area (excluding the Adriatic Sea) is defined as an area expanding from the West Coast of Italy, South to North Africa, East to Cairo, Egypt and North to (including Athens, Greece) Istanbul, Turkey.

<u>LINE ITEM 1001 (MUCC)</u>: The prices for the services and facilities to be provided during the performance of the five-year multiyear period (1 JAN 2004 through 31 DEC 2009) includes the following:

> USE CHARGE PER TANK PER MONTH (PRORATED FOR PART MONTHS)(INCLUDES FILL & FINAL

SHIPMENT

TANK NUMBER
TANK TYPE/PRODUCT SHELL CAPACITY
TO BE STORED (BARRELS)

FILL CAPACITY INITIAL (BARRELS)

#### **SUBLINE ITEM 1002: Purchase of Conductivity Additive**

The Government will normally purchase and provide the Conductivity Additive. In those cases where the Contractor is required to purchase the additive, the Government will reimburse the contractor for direct costs incurred in acquiring such additive (See Clause F45.01).

#### SUBLINE ITEM 1003: Purchase of Anti-Icing Additive

The Government will normally purchase and provide the Anti-Icing Additive. In those cases where the Contractor is required to purchase the additive, the Government will reimburse the contractor for direct costs incurred in acquiring such additive (See Clause F45.03).

#### **SUBLINE ITEM 1003: Purchase of Corrosion Inhibitor Additive**

The Government will normally purchase and provide the Corrosion Inhibitor Additive. In those cases where the Contractor is required to purchase the additive, the Government will reimburse the contractor for direct costs incurred in acquiring such additive (See Clause F45.04).

#### SECTION C - DESCRIPTION/SPEC/WORK STATEMENT

#### C19.07 SAMPLING AND TESTING OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS (STORAGE) (DESC OCT 2001)

(a) **SAMPLING.** The samples identified in the solicitation attachment entitled MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR STORAGE SAMPLING AND TESTING are a required part of the services to be provided. The Contractor must provide these samples using qualified personnel, facilities, and equipment on-site and shall include all associated costs in the monthly service charge. These on-site resources may be provided by Contractor personnel or by a commercial source acting on behalf of the Contractor. The Quality Representative will not be responsible for taking any samples for the Contractor. All samples must be taken in accordance with ASTM D 4057, Standard Practice for Manual Sampling of Petroleum and Petroleum Products (API Manual of Petroleum Measurement Standards (MPMS), Chapter 8.1).

(b) <b>TESTING.</b> The tests identified in the solicitation attachment entitled MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR STORAGE SAMPLING AND TESTING are a required part of the services to be provided. Those tests identified in the attachment which are part of a higher order analysis (defined as follows: Composite Samples, Storage Tanks After Receipt, Interface Mixture, Dormant Stocks, and Individual Tests, including particulate contamination) shall be provided by the Contractor using one of the following options (the Contractor shall check the appropriate box below):
[ ] The Contractor will perform the tests using its own qualified personnel, facilities, and equipment. (All costs for this service are to be included in the monthly service charge.)
[ ] The Contractor will not perform the tests using its own personnel, but will provide on a seven days per week, 24 hours per day basis, it's own facilities and equipment for testing of product by Government personnel. (All costs for this service are to be included in the monthly service charge.)
[ ] The Contractor will not provide its own personnel, facilities, or equipment. Instead, the Contractor will, within 24 hours after sampling, transport any sample(s) to a commercial laboratory approved by the Government and arrange for that commercial laboratory to perform all the required tests. The Government, at its option, may direct that samples be tested at a Government laboratory under contract to the Government. In this case, transport of such samples is still the responsibility of the Contractor. (The Government will reimburse the Contractor for the actual costs of the tests performed by their commercial laboratory. All other associated costs must be included in the monthly service charge.)
All other tests found in the above referenced attachment, which are not part of a higher order analysis, shall be provided in accordance with the CONTRACTOR INSPECTION RESPONSIBILITIES (STORAGE) clause.
(c) All facilities and equipment to be provided, whether that of a Contractor or a commercial laboratory, must conform to the standards for such facilities and equipment established by the Occupational Safety and Health Act and the National Fire Protection Association or local regulations, whichever is more stringent. (DESC 52.211-9FL5)
SECTION F - DELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE
During the contract period, <u>1 JANUARY 2004</u> through <u>31 DECEMBER 2009</u> , the Contractor shall provide petroleum storage facilities and services at the following location:  (Street address)
(Street address)
(City/State/Zip) (DESC 52.242-9FA1)
SECTION G - CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION
G9.06 ADDRESS TO WHICH REMITTANCE SHOULD BE MAILED (DESC DEC 1999)  Remittances shall be mailed only at the Government's option or where an exception to payment by Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) applies. (See the PAYMENT BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER - CENTRAL CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION or the PAYMENT BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER - OTHER THAN CENTRAL CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION clause.)  Offeror shall indicate below the complete mailing address (including the nine-digit zip code) to which remittances should be mailed if such address is other than that shown in Block 15a (Standard Form (SF) 33) for noncommercial items or Block 17a (SF 1449) for commercial items. In addition, if offeror did not incorporate its nine-digit zip code in the address shown in Block 15a of the SF 33 or in Block 17a of the SF 1449, the offeror shall enter it below:
(a) Payee Name (Contractor): (DO NOT EXCEED 25 CHARACTERS)
(b) Check Remittance Address:

(DO NOT EXCEED 30 CHARACTERS PER LINE)			
(c) Narrative Information (special instructions).			
(DO NOT EXCEED 153 CHARACTERS)			
(DESC 52.232-9F55)			
THIS CLAUSE APPLIES ONLY TO DESC-FUNDED ITEMS.			
G9.07 ELECTRONIC TRANSFER OF FUNDS PAYMENTS - CORPORATE TRADE EXCHANGE (DESC FEB 2003)  (a) The Contractor shall supply the following information to the Contracting Officer no later than 5 days after contract award and before submission of the first request for payment. The bank designated as the receiving bank must be located in the United States and must be capable of receiving Automated Clearing House (ACH) transactions.			
NAME OF RECEIVING BANK:			
CITY AND STATE OF RECEIVING BANK:			
AMERICAN BANKERS ASSOCIATION NINE DIGIT IDENTIFIER OF RECEIVING BANK:			
ACCOUNT TYPE CODE: (Contractor to designate one)			
[ ] CHECKING TYPE 22			
[ ] SAVINGS TYPE 32			
RECIPIENT'S ACCOUNT NUMBER ENCLOSED IN PARENTHESES:			
RECIPIENT'S NAME: (DO NOT EXCEED 25 CHARACTERS)			
STREET ADDRESS: (DO NOT EXCEED 25 CHARACTERS)			
CITY AND STATE: (DO NOT EXCEED 25 CHARACTERS)			

<u>NOTE</u>: Additional information may be entered in <u>EITHER</u> paragraph (b) <u>OR</u> paragraph (c) below. Total space available for information entered in (b) OR (c) is 153 characters.

(b) SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS/OTHER IDENTIFYING DATA:
(DO NOT EXCEED 153 CHARACTERS)
OR
(c) <b>THIRD PARTY INFORMATION:</b> Where payment is to be forwarded from the receiving bank to another institution for deposit into Contractor's account, the following information <u>must</u> be supplied by the Contractor: Second Bank No. City/State and/or Country, Account Number, and Account Name.
(DO NOT EXCEED 153 CHARACTERS)
(d) CONTRACTOR'S DESIGNATED OFFICIAL SUBMITTING ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER INFORMATION.  NAME:
(DO NOT EXCEED 25 CHARACTERS)
(DO NOT EXCEED 25 CHARACTERS)
TELEPHONE NUMBER:
SIGNATURE:
(e) Any change by the Contractor in designation of the bank account to receive electronic transfer of funds in ac

- (e) Any change by the Contractor in designation of the bank account to receive electronic transfer of funds in accordance with this clause must be received by the Contracting Officer no later than 30 days prior to the date the change is to become effective.
  - (f) The electronic transfer of funds does not constitute an assignment of such funds in any form or fashion.
- (g) In the event corporate trade exchange (CTX) payments cannot be processed, the Government retains the option to make payments under this contract by check.

#### (h) NOTICE TO FOREIGN SUPPLIERS.

- (1) Payment may be made through the Federal Reserve Wire Transfer system. The bank designated as the receiving bank must be located in the United States and must be capable of receiving ACH transactions. The appropriate American Bankers Association nine-digit identifier must be supplied in order for payments to be processed through CTX.
- (2) If your account is with a foreign bank that has an account with a bank located within the United States, the U.S. bank may be designated as the receiving bank. The recipient's name and account number shall identify the foreign bank, and transfer instructions to supplier's account must be specified in (b) **OR** (c) above.
- (3) The Third Party information supplied in (c) above will be located in the first RMT segment of the CTX payment information sent to the receiving bank.
  - (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, the requirements of this clause shall control.

(DESC 52.232-9FJ1)

#### SECTION K - REPRESENTATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS, AND OTHER STATEMENTS OF OFFERROS

K1.01-5	PREVIOUS CONTRACTS AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS (FEB 1999) The offeror represents that (a) It
	[ ] has [ ] has not
	participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the EQUAL OPPORTUNITY clause of this solicitation;
	(b) It
	[ ] has [ ] has not
	filed all required compliance reports; and
obtained bef	(c) Representations indicating submission of required compliance reports, signed by proposed subcontractors, will be fore subcontract awards. (FAR 52.222-22)
K1.01-6	AFFIRMATIVE ACTION COMPLIANCE (APR 1984)
	EPRESENTATION IN THE FOLLOWING PARAGRAPH SHALL BE COMPLETED BY EACH OFFEROR WHOSE 50,000 OR MORE AND WHO HAS 50 OR MORE EMPLOYEES.
	This representation
	[ ] DOES APPLY. [ ] DOES NOT APPLY.
	The offeror represents that (a) It
	<ul><li>[ ] has developed and has on file</li><li>[ ] has not developed and does not have on file</li></ul>
at each estab and 60-2); o	olishment, affirmative action programs required by the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR 60-1 r
	(b) It
regulations of	[ ] has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and of the Secretary of Labor. (FAR 52.222-25)
K1.01-11	<ul> <li>SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM REPRESENTATIONS (ALTS I/II) (OCT 2000/OCT 2000/OCT 2000)</li> <li>(a) (1) The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for this acquisition is 493190.</li> <li>(2) The small business size standard is \$18.5 MILLION.</li> <li>(3) The small business size standard for a concern that submits an offer in its own name, other than on a construction or</li> </ul>
service cont	ract, but that proposes to furnish a product that it did not itself manufacture, is 500 employees.  (b) <b>REPRESENTATIONS.</b>
	(1) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it
	[ ] is,

[ ] is not
a small business concern.
(2) (Complete only if offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.) The offeror represents, for general statistical purposes, that it
[ ] is, [ ] is not
a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002.
(3) (Complete only if offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it
[ ] is, [ ] is not
a women-owned small business concern.
(4) (Complete only if offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.) The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that it—
[ ] is [ ] is not
a veteran-owned small business concern.
(5) (Complete only if offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (b)(4) of this provision.) The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that it—
[ ] is [ ] is not
a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.
(6) (Complete only if offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.) The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that
(i) It
[ ] is [ ] is not
a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration, and no material change in ownership and control, principal office, or HUBZone employee percentage has occurred since it was certified by the Small Business Administration in accordance with 13 CFR Part 126; and
(ii) It
[ ] is [ ] is not
a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR Part 126, and the representation in subdivision (b)(4)(i) of this provision is accurate for the HUBZone small business concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture. The offeror shall enter the name or names of the HUBZone small business concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture:

### Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the **HUBZone** representation. (7) (Complete if the offeror represented itself as disadvantaged in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision.) The offeror shall check the category in which its ownership falls: Black American. Hispanic American. Native American (American Indians, Eskimos, Aleuts, or Native Hawaiians). Asian-Pacific American (persons with origins from Burma, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, Singapore, Brunei, Japan, China, Taiwan, Laos, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Vietnam, Korea, The Philippines, U.S. Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (Republic of Palau), Republic of the Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Samoa, Macao, Hong Kong, Fiji, Tonga, Kiribati, Tuvalu, or Nauru). ſ Subcontinent Asian (Asian-Indian) American (persons with origins from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, the Maldives Islands, or Nepal). Individual/concern, other than one of the preceding. (c) **DEFINITIONS.** As used in this provision--(1) Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern means a small business concern-(i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and (ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran. (2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16). (3) Small business concern means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR Part 121 and the size standard in paragraph (a) of this provision. (4) Veteran-owned small business concern means a small business concern— (i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and (ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans. (5) Women-owned small business concern means a small business concern— (i) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and (ii) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women. (d) NOTICE. (1) If this solicitation is for supplies and has been set aside, in whole or in part, for small business concerns, then the clause in this solicitation providing notice of the set-aside contains restrictions on the source of the end items to be furnished. (2) Under 15 U.S.C. 645(d), any person who misrepresents a firm's status as a small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, or women-owned small business concern in order to obtain a contract to be awarded under the preference programs

CERTIFICATION PACKAGE FOR SOLICITATION SP0600-03-R-0049

(FAR 52.219-1/Alts I/II)

established pursuant to sections 8(a), 8(d), 9, or 15 of the Small Business Act or any other provision of Federal law that specifically

(ii) Be subject to administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment; and (iii) Be ineligible for participation in programs conducted under the authority of the Act.

(i) Be punished by imposition of a fine, imprisonment, or both;

references section 8(d) for a definition of program eligibility, shall-

#### K1.06 DATA UNIVERSAL NUMBERING SYSTEM (DUNS) NUMBER (JUN 1999)

- (a) <u>The offeror shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its offer</u>, the annotation "DUNS" followed by the DUNS number that identifies the offeror's name and address exactly as stated in the offer. The DUNS number is a nine-digit number assigned by Dun and Bradstreet Information Services.
- (b) If the offeror does not have a DUNS number, it should contact Dun and Bradstreet directly to obtain one. A DUNS number will be provided immediately by telephone at no charge to the offeror. For information on obtaining a DUNS number, the offeror, if located within the United States, should call Dun and Bradstreet at **1-800-333-0505**. The offeror should be prepared to provide the following information:
  - (1) Company name;
  - (2) Company address;
  - (3) Company telephone number;
  - (4) Line of business;
  - (5) Chief executive officer/key manager;
  - (6) Date the company was started;
  - (7) Number of people employed by the company; and
  - (8) Company affiliation.
- (c) Offerors located outside the United States may obtain the location and phone number of the local Dun and Bradstreet Information Services office from the Internet Home Page at <a href="http://www.customerservice@dnb.com">http://www.customerservice@dnb.com</a>. If an offeror is unable to locate a local service center, it may send an email to Dun and Bradstreet at <a href="mailto:globalinfo@mail.dnb.com">globalinfo@mail.dnb.com</a>. (FAR 52.204-6)

#### K15.03 CERTIFICATE OF INDEPENDENT PRICE DETERMINATION (APR 1985)

- (a) The offeror certifies that--
- (1) The prices in this offer have been arrived at independently, without, for the purpose of restricting competition, any consultation, communication, or agreement with any other offeror or competitor relating to (i) those prices, (ii) the intention to submit an offer, or (iii) the methods or factors used to calculate the prices offered;
- (2) The prices in this offer have not been and will not be knowingly disclosed by the offeror, directly or indirectly, to any other offeror or competitor before bid opening (in the case of a sealed bid solicitation) or contract award (in the case of a negotiated solicitation) unless otherwise required by law; and
- (3) No attempt has been made or will be made by the offeror to induce any other concern to submit or not to submit an offer for the purpose of restricting competition.
  - (b) Each signature on the offer is considered to be a certification by the signatory that the signatory-
- (1) Is the person in the offeror's organization responsible for determining the prices being offered in this bid or proposal, and that the signatory has not participated and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) above; or
- (2) (i) Has been authorized, in writing, to act as agent for the following principals in certifying that those principals have not participated, and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) above

  [insert full name of person(s) in the offeror's organization responsible for determining the prices offered in this bid or proposal, and the title of his or her position in the offeror's

organization responsible for determining the prices offered in this old of proposal, and the fitte of his of her position in the offeror sorganization];

- (ii) As an authorized agent, does certify that the principals named in subdivision (b)(2)(i) above have not participated, and will not participate, in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) above; and
- (iii) As an agent, has not personally participated, and will not participate, in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) above.
- (c) If the offeror deletes or modifies subparagraph (a)(2) above, the offeror must furnish with its offer a signed statement setting forth in detail the circumstances of the disclosure.  $(FAR\ 52.203-2)$

#### K33.01 AUTHORIZED NEGOTIATORS (DESC JAN 1998)

The first page of the offer must show names, titles, and telephone and facsimile numbers (and electronic addresses if	
available) of persons authorized to negotiate with the Government on the offeror's behalf in connection with this solicitation. The offer	ror or
quoter represents that the following persons are authorized to negotiate on its behalf with the Government in connection with this requ	est for
proposals or quotations.	

(DESC 52.215-9F28)

times.	(a) Submission of invoices by fa	esimile (FAX) is authorized when the offeror	will utilize this method of invoicing at all			
times.	(b) Offeror shall indicate whether	er or not s/he intends to submit invoices via F	AX:			
	[ ] YES	[ ] NO				
	(c) See the SUBMISSION OF IN	NVOICES BY FACSIMILE clause for FAX	invoicing procedures. (DESC 52.232-9F05)			
clause, the off permitted by t	must include all applicable taxes a eror shall list below, in paragraph	IGN FIXED-PRICE CONTRACTS clause, us and duties. In accordance with the TAXES - (a), the specific name and amount of the fore included in the offered price but are expected	FOREIGN FIXED-PRICE CONTRACTS			
	(a) Foreign taxes included in the contract price are as follows:					
	NAME OF TAX		<u>AMOUNT</u>			
	(b) Foreign taxes invoiced separations (b) Foreign taxes invoiced separations (b) Foreign taxes invoiced separations (c) Foreign taxes (c) Foreign	ately are as follows:	<u>AMOUNT</u>			

(DESC 52.229-9F10)

#### K88 TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION (OCT 1998)

(a) **DEFINITIONS.** 

**Common parent**, as used in this provision, means that corporate entity that owns or controls an affiliated group of corporations that files its Federal income tax returns on a consolidated basis, and of which the offeror is a member.

**Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)**, as used in this provision, means the number required by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to be used by the offeror in reporting income tax and other returns. The TIN may be either a Social Security Number or an Employer Identification Number.

(b) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (d) through (f) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M, and implementing regulations issued by the IRS. If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR 4.904, the failure or refusal by the offeror to furnish the information may result in a 31 percent reduction of payments otherwise due under the contract.

(c) The TIN may be used by the Government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government (31 U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described
in FAR 4.904, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.
(d) TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (TIN).
[ ] TIN:
TIN has been applied for.
TIN is not required because-
[ ] Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively
connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying ager
in the United States;
[ ] Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;
Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.
(e) TYPE OF ORGANIZATION.
[ ] Sole proprietorship;
[ ] Partnership;
[ ] Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);
[ ] Corporate entity (tax-exempt);
Government entity (Federal, State, or local);
[ ] International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4;
[ ] Other
(f) COMMON PARENT.
Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent as defined in paragraph (a) of this provision.
Name and TIN of common parent:
[ ] Ivaine and Thy of common parent.
Name:
rame,
TIN:
(FAR 52.204-3)
(17HC 32.20 <del>T-3)</del>
VOS DEDDESENTATION OF EXTENT OF TRANSPORTATION BY SEA (AUC 1002)
K93 REPRESENTATION OF EXTENT OF TRANSPORTATION BY SEA (AUG 1992)  (a) The offerer shall indicate by checking the appropriate blank in paragraph (b) of this previous whether transportation of
(a) The offeror shall indicate by checking the appropriate blank in paragraph (b) of this provision whether transportation of
(a) The offeror shall indicate by checking the appropriate blank in paragraph (b) of this provision whether transportation of supplies by sea is anticipated under the resultant contract. The term "supplies" is defined in the TRANSPORTATION OF SUPPLIES BY
(a) The offeror shall indicate by checking the appropriate blank in paragraph (b) of this provision whether transportation of supplies by sea is anticipated under the resultant contract. The term "supplies" is defined in the TRANSPORTATION OF SUPPLIES BY SEA clause of this solicitation.
<ul><li>(a) The offeror shall indicate by checking the appropriate blank in paragraph (b) of this provision whether transportation of supplies by sea is anticipated under the resultant contract. The term "supplies" is defined in the TRANSPORTATION OF SUPPLIES BY SEA clause of this solicitation.</li><li>(b) REPRESENTATIONS.</li></ul>
<ul> <li>(a) The offeror shall indicate by checking the appropriate blank in paragraph (b) of this provision whether transportation of supplies by sea is anticipated under the resultant contract. The term "supplies" is defined in the TRANSPORTATION OF SUPPLIES BY SEA clause of this solicitation.</li> <li>(b) REPRESENTATIONS.         The offeror represents that it</li> </ul>
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within <u>the</u> three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public

(Federal, State, or local) contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, or receiving stolen property;

[1 nis paragi	raph (C) language is stayed indefinitely. Please use paragraph (E) below.
(0	C) [ ] are,
	[ ] are not
commission of any of the or	presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity with, ffenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(1)(i)(B) of this provision; and
I)	D) [ ] have,
	[ ] have not
State, or local) contract or	within <u>a</u> three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against aud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, subcontract; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission gery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, or receiving stolen
(I	E) [ ] are, [ ] are not
	[ ] are not
	resently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity with, commission of any in subdivision $(a)(1)(i)(D)$ of this provision.
	ragraph (a)(1)(ii) is stayed indefinitely.]  A) The offeror, aside from the offenses enumerated in subdivisions (a)(1)(i)(A), (B), and (C) of this provision—  [ ] has,  [ ] has not
	within the past three-years, relative to tax, labor and employment, environmental, antitrust, or consumer
protection laws—	(a) Decrease in the LoCa Feedership Charles (as here as Feedership Charles Charles in Federship Charles in Federsh
nanding against tham); ar	(a) Been convicted of a Federal or State felony (or has any Federal or State felony indictments currently
pending against them); or	<ul><li>(b) Had a Federal court judgment in a civil case brought by the United States rendered against them; or</li><li>(c) Had an adverse decision by a Federal administrative law judge, board, or commission indicating a willful</li></ul>
violation of law.	
Contracting Officer; and	B) If the offeror has responded affirmatively, the offeror shall provide additional information if requested by the
	he offeror—
]	] has, ] has not
w	rithin a three-year period preceding this offer, had one or more contracts terminated for default by any Federal
agency.	
	cipals, for the purposes of this certification, means officers, directors, owners, partners, and persons having
	pervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a subsidiary,
division, or business segmen	•
	ONCERNS A MATTER WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF AN AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES, AND SE, FICTITIOUS, OR FRAUDULENT CERTIFICATION MAY RENDER THE MAKER SUBJECT TO

offeror learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

(c) A certification that any of the items in paragraph (a) of this provision exists will not necessarily result in withholding of an

PROSECUTION UNDER SECTION 1001, TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE.

(c) A certification that any of the items in paragraph (a) of this provision exists will not necessarily result in withholding of an award under this solicitation. However, the certification will be considered in connection with a determination of the offeror's responsibility.

(b) The offeror shall provide immediate written notice to the Contracting Officer if, at any time prior to contract award, the

Failure of the offeror to furnish a certification or provide such additional information as requested by the Contracting Officer may render the offeror nonresponsible.

- (d) Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, the certification required by paragraph (a) of this provision. The knowledge and information of an offeror is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- (e) The certification in paragraph (a) of this provision is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making award. If it is later determined that the offeror knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contracting Officer may terminate the contract resulting from this solicitation for default.

(FAR 52.209-5)